COMMON SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT

OFFER OF UNITS OF RS.10/- PER UNIT AT NAV BASED PRICES* FOR TAURUS STARSHARE (MULTI CAP) FUND, TAURUS DISCOVERY (MIDCAP) FUND, TAURUS LARGECAP EQUITY FUND, TAURUS INFRASTRUCTURE FUND, TAURUS ETHICAL FUND, TAURUS NIFTY INDEX FUND, TAURUS BANKING & FINANCIAL SERVICES FUND AND TAURUS TAX SHIELD

(*OFFER OF UNITS OF RS. 1000/- PER UNIT AT NAV BASED PRICE FOR TAURUS LIQUID FUND)

Name of Mutual Fund	:	**Taurus Mutual Fund**
Name of Asset Management Company	:	**Taurus Asset Management Company Limited (CIN: U67190MH1993PLC073154)**
Name of Trustee Company	:	**Taurus Investment Trust Company Limited (CIN: U65990MH1993PLC072984)**
Addresses, Website of the entities	:	Ground Floor, AML Centre-1, 8, Mahal Industrial Estate, Mahakali Caves Road, Andheri (East), Mumbai - 400093. **Website:** www.taurusmutualfund.com Toll Free No. **1800 108 1111**

The particulars of the Schemes have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 (herein after referred to as SEBI (MF) Regulations) as amended till date, and filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the AMC. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document.

The Scheme Information Document sets forth concisely the information about the scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this Scheme Information Document after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / Investor Service Centers / Website / Distributors or Brokers.

The investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of Taurus Mutual Fund, Tax and Legal issues and general information on www.taurusmutualfund.com

SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Investor Service Centre or log on to our website.

The Scheme Information Document should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

This Scheme Information Document is dated 29/06/2019

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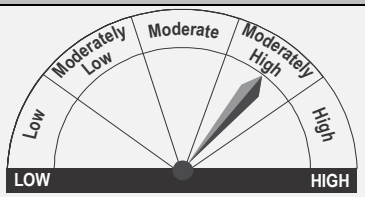
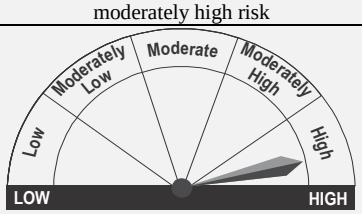
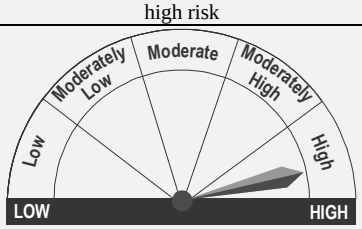
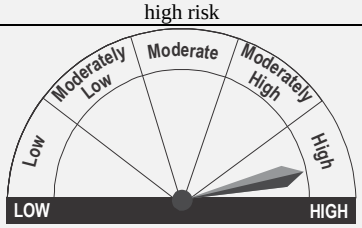
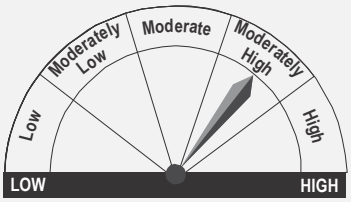
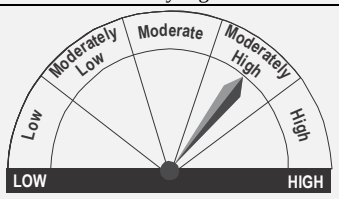
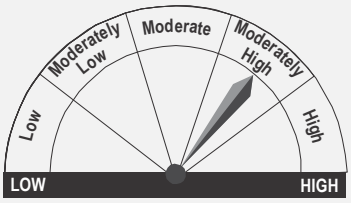
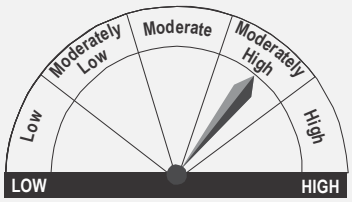
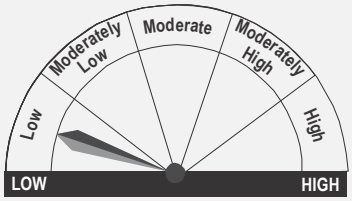
SCHEMES - PRODUCT LABELING		
Name of the Scheme	**This product is suitable for Investors who are seeking***	**Riskometer**
Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap) Multi Cap Fund – An open ended equity scheme investing across large cap, mid cap, small cap stocks.	• Long term capital appreciation • Investment in equity & equity related instruments - multi-cap in nature	 Investors understand that their principal will be at moderately high risk
Taurus Ethical Fund An open ended equity scheme with investment in stocks from S&P BSE 500 Shariah Index Universe	• Long term capital appreciation • Investment in equity & equity related instruments based on the principles of Shariah	 Investors understand that their principal will be at high risk
Taurus Infrastructure Fund An open ended equity scheme investing in Infrastructure sector.	• Long term capital appreciation • Investment in equity & equity related instruments of companies from Infrastructure Sector	 Investors understand that their principal will be at high risk
Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund An open ended equity scheme investing in stocks belonging to Banking & Financial Services (BFSI) sector.	• Long term capital appreciation • Investment in equity & equity related instruments of companies from Banking & Financial sector	 Investors understand that their principal will be at high risk
Taurus Largecap Equity Fund Large Cap Fund - An open ended equity scheme predominately investing in large cap stocks.	• Long term capital appreciation • Investment in equity & equity related instruments - focus on large cap stocks	 Investors understand that their principal will be at moderately high risk
Taurus Discovery (Midcap) Fund Midcap Fund - An open ended equity scheme predominantly investing in mid cap stocks.	• Long term capital appreciation • Investment in equity & equity related instruments predominantly in mid-cap stocks.	 Investors understand that their principal will be at moderately high risk
Taurus Nifty Index Fund An open ended scheme replicating / tracking Nifty 50 index.	• Long term capital appreciation • Investment in equity securities by replicating Nifty 50	 Investors understand that their principal will be at moderately high risk

Taurus Tax Shield An open ended equity linked saving scheme with a statutory lock in of 3 years and tax benefit.	• Long term capital appreciation • Investment in equity & equity related instruments	 Investors understand that their principal will be at moderately high risk
Taurus Liquid Fund An open-ended liquid scheme	• Short term capital appreciation & current income with low risk & high liquidity • Investment in Money Market Instruments /Short Term Debt Instruments upto a maturity of 91 days.	 Investors understand that their principal will be at low risk
*Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.		

HIGHLIGHTS/ SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

1. Names of Schemes & Investment Objective

Equity Schemes:

I)	Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap Fund)	:	The basic objective of the scheme is to provide long term capital appreciation. Emphasis will be on sharing growth through appreciation as well as on distribution of income by way of dividend.
II)	Taurus Discovery (Midcap) Fund	:	The prime objective of the scheme is to achieve long term capital appreciation by investing in a portfolio consisting of equity and equity related securities predominantly of mid cap companies.
III)	Taurus Largecap Equity Fund	:	The investment objective of the Scheme is to provide investors long-term capital appreciation. Investments shall be primarily in Equity and Equity related instruments of Large cap companies.
IV)	Taurus Infrastructure Fund	:	To provide capital appreciation and income distribution to unitholders by investing pre-dominantly in equity and equity related securities of the Companies belonging to infrastructure sector and it's related industries
V)	Taurus Ethical Fund	:	To provide capital appreciation and income distribution to unitholders through investment in a diversified portfolio of equities, which are based on the principles of Shariah.
VI)	Taurus Nifty Index Fund	:	To replicate the Nifty 50 Index by investing in securities of Nifty 50 Index in the same proportion/weightage.
VII)	Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund	:	The primary objective of the Scheme is to generate capital appreciation through a portfolio that invests predominantly in equity and equity related instruments of Banking, Financial and Non Banking Financial Companies that form part of the BFSI Sector.
VIII)	Taurus Tax Shield	:	To provide long term capital appreciation over the life of the scheme through investment pre-dominantly in equity shares, besides tax benefits.

Income/Debt Schemes:

I)	Taurus Liquid Fund	:	To generate steady and reasonable income, with low risk and high level of liquidity from a portfolio of money market securities and high quality debt.

2. Liquidity : All Schemes are open-ended and offer units for sale and redemption at NAV based prices on all business days.
(In case of Taurus Tax Shield redemption is allowed after a lock-in period of 3 years)
As per SEBI Regulations, the Fund shall despatch redemption proceeds within 10 working days of receiving a valid redemption request. However, the Fund will endeavour to issue redemption cheques at the earliest.

3. Benchmark

Equity Schemes:

I)	Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap) Fund	:	S&P BSE 500 TRI
II)	Taurus Discovery (Midcap) Fund	:	Nifty Midcap 100 TRI

III) Taurus Largecap Equity Fund : S&P BSE 100 TRI

IV) Taurus Infrastructure Fund : Nifty Infrastructure Index TRI

V) Taurus Ethical Fund : S&P BSE 500 Shariah TRI

VI) Taurus Nifty Index Fund : Nifty 50 TRI

VII) Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund : S&P BSE Bankex TRI

VIII) Taurus Tax Shield : S&P BSE 200 TRI

Income/ Debt Schemes:

I) Taurus Liquid Fund : Crisil Liquid Fund Index

4. Plans / Options : Each Scheme will offer two plans : Regular Plan* and Direct Plan
Regular Plan: This Plan is for investors who wish to route their investment through any distributor.

Direct Plan shall be available for such investment applications which are not routed through a distributor. All the features of the Direct Plan under Scheme like the investment objective, asset allocation pattern, investment strategy, risk factors, facilities offered load structure etc. will be the same except for a lower expense ratio. Brokerage/Commission paid to distributors will not be paid / charged under the Direct Plan.

*The nomenclature of Existing Plan changed to Regular Plan with effect from 12/06/2015.

Default Plan
Investors subscribing for units under Direct Plan of a Scheme should indicate 'Direct Plan' against the scheme name in the application form. Investors should also mention 'Direct' in the ARN column of the application form. The table showing various scenarios for treatment of application under 'Direct Plan' or 'Regular (Existing) Plan' is as follows:

Scenario	Broker Code mentioned by the investor	Plan mentioned by the investor	Default Plan to be captured
1	Not mentioned	Not mentioned	Direct Plan
2	Not mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan
3	Not mentioned	Regular	Direct Plan
4	Mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan
5	Direct	Not Mentioned	Direct Plan
6	Direct	Regular	Direct Plan
7	Mentioned	Regular	Regular Plan
8	Mentioned	Not Mentioned	Regular Plan

In cases of wrong/ invalid/ incomplete ARN codes mentioned on the application form, the application 'shall be processed under Regular Plan. Taurus Asset Management Company Limited (TAMCO) shall contact and obtain the correct ARN code within 30 calendar days of the receipt of the application form from the investor/ distributor. In case, the correct code is not received within 30 calendar days, TAMCO shall reprocess the transaction under Direct Plan from the date of application without any exit

load, if applicable.

For details on Direct Plan refer page no. 71

For Options please refer page no. 71

5. Transparency/NAV Disclosure : The NAV will be calculated and disclosed at the close of each business day. The NAV will be updated on the website of the fund: www.taurusmutualfund.com. Further it shall endeavour to update the NAV of the Scheme on the website www.amfiindia.com of Association of Mutual Funds in India by 9 p.m. on the same day.

Delay beyond 9 p.m. shall be explained in writing to AMFI and SEBI and shall also be reported in the CTR in terms of number of days of non adherence of time limit for uploading NAV on AMFI's website and the reasons for the same. Corrective steps taken by AMC to reduce the number of occurrences shall also be disclosed.

In case the NAVs are not available before the commencement of business hours on the following day due to any reason, AMC shall issue a press release giving reasons for the delay and explain when they would be able to publish the NAVs.

For Taurus Liquid Fund, and Taurus Nifty Index Fund, NAV will be computed upto four decimal basis.
For all Equity Schemes (except Taurus Nifty Index Fund), NAV will be computed upto two decimal basis.

6. Transaction Charge (Applicable for RegularPlan) : TAMCO shall deduct a "Transaction charge" (TC) on all Purchases/ SIP amount, received from first time mutual fund investors (New*) and existing mutual fund investors through our empanelled distributor/agent (who has chosen for "Opt-in"), and units will be allotted for the balance amount. The TC will be as follows:

Description	New investor	Existing Investor
Lumpsum investment of Rs 10000 and above	TC = Rs 150	TC = Rs 100
SIP/Micro SIP/Opti SIP Purchase where total commitment (installment amount x No of installment) is Rs 10000 and above	TC = Rs 150	TC = Rs 100

There shall be no transaction charge on subscription below Rs 10,000/-.
In case of SIPs, the Transaction charge shall be applicable only if the total commitment through SIPs amount to Rs 10,000/- and above. In such cases the Transaction charge shall be recovered in 3 -4 installments.
Distributors shall have the option to either opt in or opt out of levying transaction charge based on type of the product. Accordingly, the transaction charges would be deducted from the subscription amounts, as applicable.

7. Consolidated Account Statement : Common Account Statement for each calendar month would be sent to the investor/s those who have transacted during the month.

The investor whose transaction** has been accepted by the AMC/ Mutual Fund shall receive the following:

(i) On acceptance of the application for subscription, an allotment confirmation specifying the number of units allotted by way of email and/or SMS within 5 Business Days from the date of receipt of transaction request will be sent to the Unit holders registered e-mail address and/or mobile number.

(ii) Thereafter, a consolidated account statement (CAS)^ for each calendar month to the Unit holder(s) in whose folio(s) transaction**(s) has/have taken place during the month on or before 10th of the succeeding month shall be sent by mail/e-mail.

^Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) shall contain details relating to all the transactions** carried out by the investor across all schemes of all mutual funds during the month and holding at the end of the month including transaction charges paid to the distributor.

**The word 'transaction' shall include purchase, redemption, switch, dividend payout, dividend reinvestment, systematic investment plan, systematic withdrawal plan, and systematic transfer plan and bonus transactions.

(iii) For the purpose of sending CAS, common investors across mutual funds shall be identified by their Permanent Account Number (PAN).

(iv) In case of a specific request received from the Unit holders, the AMC/Fund will provide the account statement to the investors within 5 Business Days from the receipt of such request.

(v) In the event the account has more than one registered holder, the first named Unit holder shall receive the CAS/account statement.

(vi) The CAS shall not be received by the Unit holders for the folio(s) not updated with PAN details. The Unit holders are therefore requested to ensure that the folio(s) are updated with their PAN.

Further, the CAS detailing holding across all schemes of all mutual funds at the end of every six months (i.e. September/ March), shall be sent by mail/e-mail on or before 10th day of succeeding month, to all such Unit holders in whose folios no transaction has taken place during that period. The half yearly consolidated account statement will be sent by e-mail to the Unit holders whose e-mail address is available, unless a specific request is made to receive in physical.

The statement of holding of the beneficiary account holder for units held in demat will be sent by the respective DPs periodically.

Investors are requested to note the following (effective from July 02, 2012):

(a) The Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) for each calendar month will be issued on or before 10th day of succeeding month to the investors who have provided valid PAN. Physical account statements will not be sent to the investors after every financial transaction including systematic transaction. Further CAS will be sent via e-mail where any of the folios consolidated has an e-mail id or to the e-mail id of

the first unit holder as per KYC records.

(b) For folios not included in CAS, the AMC shall henceforth issue Account Statement to the investors on a monthly basis, pursuant to any financial transaction in such folios on or before 10th day of succeeding month. In case of a New Fund Offer (NFO), the AMC shall send confirmation specifying the number of units allotted to the applicant by way of a physical statement (SOA) or an e-mail/and/or SMS's to the investor's registered address and/or mobile number not later than 5 business days from the date of closure of the NFO.

(c) In case of a specific request received from the unit holder, the AMC shall provide the account statement to the investor within 5 business days from the receipt of such request.

Applicable for unit holders having a Demat Account

With a view to create one record for all financial assets of every individual, SEBI vide its Circular no. CIR/MRD/DP/31/2014 dated November 12, 2014 enabled a single consolidated view of the investments of an investor in Mutual Funds (MF) and securities held in demat form with the Depositories.

In accordance with the above, the following shall be applicable for unit holders having a Demat Account:

- Investors having Mutual Fund investments and holding securities in demat account shall receive a single Consolidated Account Statement from the Depository.

- Consolidation of account statement shall be done on the basis of PAN. In case of multiple holding, it shall be the PAN of the first holder and pattern of holding. The CAS shall be generated on a monthly basis.

- If there is any transaction in any of the demat accounts of the investor or in any of his mutual fund folios, depositories shall send the CAS within ten days from the month end. In case there is no transactions in any of demat accounts or mutual fund folios then CAS with holding details shall be sent to the investor on half-yearly basis.

The unit holders who do not have Demat Account shall continue to receive the Consolidated Account Statements (CAS) as per the existing practice.

With a view to create transparency of information to investors, SEBI vide its Circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2016/89 dated September 20, 2016 (modified via Circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2018/137 dated Oct 22, 2018) issued guidelines for Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) eeffective from October 01, 2016. In accordance with this, each CAS issued for the half year (ended September/ March) to the investors shall inter-alia contain:

1. Total purchase value / cost of investment in each scheme.
2. The amount of actual commission paid by AMCs/ Fund to distributors during the half-year period
3. The scheme's average Total Expense Ratio (in

percentage terms, along with the break-up between Investment & Advisory Fees) & Other expensesfor the half-year period for each scheme's applicable plan (regular or direct or both) where the concerned investor has actually invested in.

4. Half-yearly CAS shall be issued to all Fund investors, excluding those investors who do not have any holdings in Fund schemes and where no commission against their investment has been paid to distributors, during the concerned half-year period.

8. **Minimum Application Amount & Load Structure**

Equity Schemes

Scheme Name	Minimum Application Amount	Entry Load	Exit Load	Exit Loads Applicable to Switches
a) Taurus Discovery (Midcap) Fund b) Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap) Fund c) Taurus Ethical Fund d) Taurus Largecap Equity Fund, e) Taurus Infrastructure Fund f) Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund/ g) Taurus Nifty Index Fund	Rs. 5000 and in multiples of Re 1 thereafter	Nil	1%, if exited on or before 365 days; Nil, if exited after 365 days	Switch to any other scheme (Debt/Equity) - As applicable in Switch Out (From) Scheme
Taurus Tax Shield	Rs. 500 and in multiples of Rs. 500 thereafter	Nil	Not Applicable (3 years Lock-in Period)	Switch to any other schemes (Debt/Equity) after 3 years - As Applicable in the Switch Out (From) Scheme

Scheme Name	Minimum Application Amount	Entry Load	Exit Load	Exit Loads Applicable to Switches
Taurus Liquid Fund	Growth and Weekly Dividend Reinvestment option: Rs 5000 and in multiples of Re 1 thereafter. Daily Dividend Reinvestment option and Dividend Sweep : Rs 1,00,000 and in multiple of Re 1 thereafter	Nil	Nil	Switch to any other scheme (Debt/Equity) - As applicable in Switch Out (From) Scheme

Exit Load, if any charged to the investor will be credited to the Scheme, net of GST.

Minimum Application amount for Additional purchase can be referred on Page No. 77

9. **Date of Allotment, AUM, Number of Folios and Expense Ratio**

Name of the Scheme	Date of Allotment	AUM as on 31 March 2019 (Rs. in Crs)	No. of Folios as on 31 March 2019	Expense Ratio* for F.Y. 2018-19 (Audited)	
				Regular Plan	Direct Plan
Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap) Fund	29th Jan '94	215.58	70072	2.82	2.75
Taurus Discovery (Midcap) Fund	5th Sept '94	51.98	28104	2.92	2.52
Taurus Largecap Equity Fund	28th Feb '95	29.05	4646	2.82	2.57
Taurus Infrastructure Fund	5th Mar '07	4.29	1145	2.78	2.32
Taurus Ethical Fund	6th Apr '09	38.35	3756	2.80	1.84
Taurus Nifty Index Fund	19th Jun '10	1.33	252	1.77	1.44
Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund	22nd May '12	6.56	904	2.79	2.00
Taurus Tax Shield	31st Mar '96	66.59	10031	2.75	2.11
Taurus Liquid Fund**	31st Aug '06	26.82	893	0.29	0.23

*Included GST on Investment Management and Advisory Fees.
** For Taurus Liquid Fund the expense ratio is for Super Institutional Plan.

Changes made in the Nomenclature of Schemes –

Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap) Fund: Name of the Scheme was changed from Taurus the Starshare to Taurus Starshare with effect from 15th September, 2008. Further, name of the Scheme was changed from Taurus Starshare to Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap) Fund with effect from 23rd March, 2018.

Taurus Discovery (Mid Cap) Fund: Name of the Scheme was changed from Discovery Stock Fund to Taurus Discovery Fund with effect from 15th September, 2008. Further, name of the Scheme was changed from Taurus Discovery Fund to Taurus Discovery (Midcap) Fund with effect from 23rd March, 2018.

Taurus Largecap Equity Fund: Name of the Scheme was changed from Bonanza Exclusive Growth Scheme-Open to Taurus Bonanza Fund with effect from 15th September, 2008. Further, name of the Scheme was changed from Taurus Bonanza Fund to Taurus Large Equity Fund with effect from 23rd March, 2018.
Taurus Infrastructure Fund: Name of the Scheme was changed from Taurus Infra Tips to Taurus Infrastructure Fund with effect from 15th September, 2008.

Taurus Tax Shield: Name of the Scheme was changed from Libra Tax Shield to Taurus Tax Shield with effect from 15th September, 2008.

Scheme Merger:

Taurus Gilt Fund was merged with **Taurus Dynamic Income Fund** effective from 18th September, 2014.
Nomenclature of **Existing Plan** changed to **Regular Plan** from 12/06/2015

Taurus Short Term Income Fund, **Taurus Ultra Short Term Bond Fund** and **Taurus Dynamic Income Fund** were merged with **Taurus Liquid Fund** w.e.f. May 2, 2018

I. INTRODUCTION

A. RISK FACTORS

Standard Risk Factors

- Investment in Mutual Fund Units involves investment risks such as trading volumes, settlement risk, liquidity risk, default risk including the possible loss of principal.
- As the price / value / interest rates of the securities in which the Schemes invest fluctuate, the value of your investment in the Schemes may go up or down
- Past performance of the Sponsor/AMC/Mutual Fund does not guarantee future performance of the Schemes.
- The names of the Schemes do not in any manner indicate either the quality of the Schemes or their future prospects and returns.
- The Sponsor is not responsible or liable for any loss resulting from the operations of the Scheme beyond the initial contribution of Rs. 2,00,000/- (Rupees Two Lacs Only) made by it towards the setting up of the Mutual Fund.
- The present schemes are not guaranteed or assured return schemes.

Schemes Specific Risk Factors

1. **Risks associated with equity and equity related instruments ():**
Equity and equity related instruments by nature are volatile and prone to price fluctuations on a daily basis due to macro and micro economic factors. The value of Equity and Equity Related Instruments may fluctuate due to factors affecting the securities markets such as volume and volatility in the capital markets, interest rates, currency exchange rates, changes in law/policies of the Government, taxation laws, political, economic or other developments, which may have an adverse impact on individual securities, a specific sector or all sectors. Consequently, the NAV of the Units issued under the Schemes may be adversely affected.

Further, the Equity and Equity Related Securities are risk capital and are subordinate in the right of payment to other securities, including debt securities.

Equity and Equity Related Instruments listed on the stock exchange carry lower liquidity risk; however the Schemes' ability to sell these investments is limited by the overall trading volume on the stock exchanges. In certain cases, settlement periods may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. The inability of a Scheme to make intended securities purchases due to settlement problems could cause the Scheme to miss certain investment opportunities. Similarly, the inability to sell securities held in the Scheme's portfolio may result, at times, in potential losses to the Scheme, should there be a subsequent decline in the value of securities held in the Scheme's portfolio.

The Schemes may invest in securities which are not listed on the stock exchanges. These securities may be illiquid in nature and carry a higher amount of liquidity risk, in comparison to securities that are listed on the stock exchanges or offer other exit options to the investor. The liquidity and valuation of the Scheme's investments due to its holdings of unlisted securities may be affected if they have to be sold prior to the target date of disinvestment.

2. Risks associated with Fixed Income and Money Market Instruments (Not Applicable to Taurus Ethical Fund):

Price Risk/Interest Risk
Fixed Income and Money Market Instruments carry price risk (also known as interest rate risk). Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of existing fixed income securities fall and when interest rate falls, the prices increase. In case of floating rate instruments, the general level of price risk is low (as compared to fixed rate instruments), however, these instruments are also subject to some amount of interest rate risk as the spread over the benchmark rate may change. Prices of long-term securities generally fluctuate more in response to interest rate changes than do short-term securities. Prices of bonds/money market instruments traded change frequently (up or down) which in turn leads to changes in the NAV of the scheme which holds such securities.

Credit Risk
Credit risk or default risk refers to the risk that the issuer of a fixed income security may default on interest payment or paying back the principal amount on maturity. In case of Government Securities, there is minimal credit risk. Lower rated or unrated securities carry a higher credit risk as compared to higher rated securities.

Liquidity or Marketability Risk
The ability of a fund to execute sale/purchase orders is dependent on the liquidity of the underlying securities. The primary measure of liquidity risk is the spread between the bid price and the offer price quoted by a dealer. The securities that are listed on the stock exchange carry lower liquidity risk, but the ability to sell these securities is limited by the overall trading volumes. Further, different segments of Indian financial markets have different settlement cycles and may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances.

Re-investment Risk
This refers to the risk that intermediate cash flows received from a security is re invested at a different rate than assumed at the time of purchase.

Prepayment Risk
Certain fixed income securities give an issuer a right to call back its securities before their maturity date. This right is generally exercised when interest rate has declined. The proceeds received when such right is exercised may get invested at lower yield as the interest rate have declined. This risk of deploying proceeds at lower rate is known as prepayment risk.

3. Risks associated with investments in Government Securities (Not Applicable to Taurus Ethical Fund):
The Government Securities Market is the largest and most liquid market in India, with the large participants being banks, non-banking finance companies, insurance companies and provident funds which are required by statutes to invest in Government securities. The government securities are being issued in a tenure starting from 3m upto 40 years at present. It is more liquid in nature because of large investor base as compared to corporate bonds. Since, it is being issued over long tenure compared to corporate bonds, it carries higher interest rate risk on long tenure securities. Since the security is sovereign in nature, the credit risk is minimal.

4. Risks associated with Investing in ADR/ GDR and Foreign Securities:
Subject to necessary approvals, a Scheme may also invest in overseas financial assets as permitted under the applicable regulations. The value of an investment in a foreign issuer may depend on general global economic factors or specific economic and political factors relating to the country or countries in which the foreign issuer operates. To the extent the assets of the Scheme are invested in overseas financial assets, there may be risks associated with fluctuations in foreign exchange rates, restriction on repatriation of capital and earnings under the exchange control regulations and transaction procedure in overseas market. The repatriation of capital to India may also be hampered by changes in regulations concerning exchange controls, political circumstances, bi-lateral conflicts or prevalent tax laws.

Investment in foreign securities carries currency risk. Currency risk is a form of risk that arises from the change in price of one currency against other. The exchange risk associated with a foreign denominated instrument is a key element in foreign investment. This risk flows from differential monetary policy and growth in real productivity, which results in differential inflation rates. The risk arises because currencies may move in relation to each other.

5. Risks associated with Investing in Derivatives:
Derivative products are leveraged instruments and can provide disproportionate gains as well as disproportionate losses to the investor. Execution of such strategies depends upon the ability of the Fund Manager to identify such opportunities. Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by a Fund Manager involve uncertainty and decision of a Fund Manager may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that a Fund Manager will be able to identify or execute such strategies.

Derivative products are specialized instruments that require investment techniques and risk analysis different from those associated with stocks and bonds. The risks associated with the use of derivatives are different from or possibly greater than the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments. Other risks include risk of mis-pricing or improper valuation and the inability of the derivative to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices, illiquidity risk whereby a Scheme may not be able to sell or purchase derivative quickly enough at a fair price.

6. Risks associated with Investing in Securitised Debt (Not applicable to Taurus Ethical Fund and Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund):

The Scheme may invest in domestic securitized debt such as asset backed securities (ABS) or mortgage backed securities (MBS). Asset Backed Securities (ABS) are securitized debts where the underlying assets are receivables arising from various loans including automobile loans, personal loans, loans against consumer durables, etc. Mortgage backed securities (MBS) are securitized debts where the underlying assets are receivables arising from loans backed by mortgage of residential / commercial properties. ABS/MBS instruments reflect the undivided interest in the underlying pool of assets and do not represent the obligation of the issuer of ABS/MBS or the originator of the underlying receivables. The ABS/MBS holders have a limited recourse to the extent of credit enhancement provided. If the delinquencies and credit losses in the underlying pool exceed the credit enhancement provided, ABS/MBS holders will suffer credit losses. ABS/MBS are also normally exposed to a higher level of reinvestment risk as compared to the normal corporate or sovereign debt.

At present in Indian market, following types of loans are securitized:
Auto Loans (cars / commercial vehicles /two wheelers)
Residential Mortgages or Housing Loans
Consumer Durable Loans
Personal Loans
Corporate Loans

The main risks pertaining to each of the asset classes above are described below:

Auto Loans (cars/ commercial vehicles/ two wheelers)
The underlying assets (cars etc) are susceptible to depreciation in value whereas the loans are given at high loan to value ratios. Thus, after a few months, the value of asset becomes lower than the loan outstanding. The borrowers, therefore, may sometimes tend to default on loans and allow the vehicle to be repossessed. These loans are also subject to model risk. i.e if a particular automobile model does not become popular, loans given for financing that model have a much higher likelihood of turning bad. In such cases, loss on sale of repossessed vehicles could be higher than usual.
Commercial vehicle loans are susceptible to the cyclicality in the economy. In a downturn in economy, freight rates drop leading to higher defaults in commercial vehicle loans. Further, the second hand prices of these vehicles also decline in such an economic environment.

Housing Loans
Housing loans in India have shown very low default rates historically. However, in recent years, loans have been given at high loan to value ratios and to a much younger borrower class. The loans have not yet gone through the full economic cycle and have not yet seen a period of declining property prices. Thus the performance of these housing loans is yet to be tested and it need not conform to the historical experience of low default rates.

Consumer Durable Loans
The underlying security for such loans is easily transferable without the bank's knowledge and hence repossession is difficult. The underlying security for such loans is also susceptible to quick depreciation in value. This gives the borrowers a high incentive to default.

Personal Loans
These are unsecured loans. In case of a default, the bank has no security to fall back on. The lender has no control over how the borrower has used the borrowed money. Further, all the above categories of loans have the following common risks:

All the above loans are retail, relatively small value loans. There is a possibility that the borrower takes different loans using the same income proof and thus the income is not sufficient to meet the debt service obligations of all these loans.

In India, there is insufficiency of ready comprehensive and complete database regarding past credit record of borrowers. Thus, loans may be given to borrowers with poor credit record. In retail loans, the risks due to frauds are high.

Corporate Loans
These are loans given to single or multiple corporates. The receivables from a pool of loans to corporates are assigned to a trust that issues pass through certificates in turn. The credit risk in such PTCs is on the underlying pool of loans to corporates. The credit risk of the underlying loans to the corporates would in turn depend of economic cycles.

7. Risks associated with Securities Lending:
The risks in lending portfolio securities, as with other extensions of credit, consist of the failure of another party, in this case the approved intermediary, to comply with the terms of agreement entered into between the lender of securities i.e. the Scheme and the approved intermediary. Such failure to comply with can result in the possible loss of rights in the collateral put up by the borrower of the securities, the inability of the approved intermediary to return the securities deposited by the lender and the possible loss of any corporate benefits accruing to the lender from the securities deposited with the approved intermediary. The Mutual Fund may not be able to sell such lent securities and this can lead to temporary illiquidity.

8. Risks associated with Short Selling:
The Scheme may enter into short selling transactions, subject to SEBI and RBI Regulations. Short positions carry the risk of losing money and these losses may grow unlimited theoretically if the price of the stock increases without any limit which may result in major losses to the Scheme. At times, the participants may not be able to cover their short positions, if the price increases substantially. If numbers of short sellers try to cover their position simultaneously, it may lead to disorderly trading in the stock and thereby can briskly escalate the price even further making it difficult or impossible to liquidate short position quickly at reasonable prices. In addition, short selling also carries the risk of inability to borrow the security by the participants thereby requiring the participants to purchase the securities sold short to cover the position even at unreasonable prices.

9. Risks associated with transactions in units through Stock Exchange Mechanism (Not Applicable to Taurus Liquid Fund):
In respect of transactions in Units of the Scheme through NSE and/ or BSE or any other recognized stock exchange, allotment and redemption of Units on any Business Day will depend upon the order processing/ settlement by NSE, BSE or such other exchange and their respective clearing corporations on which the Fund has no control. Further, transactions conducted through the stock exchange mechanism shall be governed by the operating guidelines and directives issued by NSE, BSE or such other recognized exchange in this regard.

10. Settlement Risk:
Different segments of the Indian financial markets have different settlement periods and such periods may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. The inability of the Portfolio to make purchases in intended securities due to settlement problems could cause the Portfolio to miss certain investment opportunities.

11. Regulatory Risk:
The value of the securities may be affected by uncertainties such as changes in government policies, changes in taxation, and other developments in the laws and regulations.

12. Risk Associated with Unlisted Securities:
Securities which are not quoted on the stock exchanges are inherently illiquid in nature and carry a larger liquidity risk in comparison with securities that are listed on the exchanges or offer other exit options to the investors, including put options. The AMC may choose to invest in unlisted domestic securities that offer attractive yields within the regulatory limit. This may however increase the risk of the portfolio. Additionally, the liquidity and valuation of the Scheme's investments due to its holdings of unlisted securities may be affected if they have to be sold prior to the target date of disinvestment.

13. Risks associated with investing in Foreign Securities/ Overseas investment:
The risk of investing in foreign securities carries exchange rate risks related to depreciation of foreign currency and the country risks, in addition to the risks of securities in domestic securities. The country risks would include events such as change in regulations or political circumstances like introduction of extraordinary exchange rate controls, restrictions on repatriation of capital due to exchange rate controls, bi-lateral political tensions leading to immobilization of overseas financial assets and the prevalent tax laws of the respective jurisdiction for the execution of trades or otherwise.

The foreign securities are issued and traded in foreign currencies. As a result, their values may be affected by changes in exchange rates between foreign currencies and the Indian Rupee as well as between currencies of countries other than India. Restrictions on currency trading that may be imposed by developing market countries will have an adverse effect on the value of the securities of companies that trade or operate in such countries.

14. Risks associated with investing in Tri Party Repo through CCIL (TREPS):
The mutual fund is a member of securities segment and Tri-party Repo trade settlement of the Clearing Corporation of India (CCIL). All transactions of the mutual fund in government securities and in Tri-party Repo trades are settled centrally through the infrastructure and settlement systems provided by CCIL; thus reducing the settlement and counterparty risks considerably for transactions in the said segments. CCIL maintains prefunded resources in all the clearing segments to cover potential losses arising from the default member. In the event of a clearing member failing to honour his settlement obligations, the default Fund is utilized to complete the settlement. The sequence in which the above resources are used is known as the "Default Waterfall". As per the waterfall mechanism, after the defaulter‟s margins and the defaulter‟s contribution to the default fund have been appropriated, CCIL‟s contribution is used to meet the losses. Post utilization of CCIL‟s contribution if there is a residual loss, it is appropriated from the default fund contributions of the non-defaulting members. Thus the scheme is subject to risk of the initial margin and default fund contribution being invoked in the event of failure of any settlement obligations. In addition, the fund contribution is allowed to be used to meet the residual loss in case of default by the other clearing member (the defaulting member).

15. Risk Associated with Shariah Compliance
Taurus Ethical Fund will invest only in securities which are part of S&P BSE 500 Shariah Complaint Universe. Securities may from time to time be classified as non S&P BSE 500 Shariah compliant.In case of change of S&P BSE 500 Shariah status of any company post investment by the scheme, the fund manager will exit from the security within the time limit permitted. . This may restrict the ability of the scheme to sell such securities at a desired price.

Additional Risk (Applicable to Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund):

Risk Associated with Investment in a Sector
The fund will invest in equity and equity related securities of companies engaged in banking and financial services and hence concentration risk is expected to be high. The scheme is also vulnerable to movements in the prices of securities invested by the scheme, which again could have a material bearing on the overall returns from the scheme. These stocks, at times, may be relatively less liquid as compared to growth stocks. Investing in a sectoral fund is based on the premise that the Fund will seek to invest in companies belonging to a specific sector. This will limit the capability of the Fund to invest in other sectors. Also, as with all equity investing, there is the risk that companies in that specific sector will not achieve its expected earnings results, or that an unexpected change in the market or within the company will occur, both of which may adversely affect investment results. Thus investing in a sector specific fund could involve potentially greater volatility and risk.

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B. REQUIREMENT OF MINIMUM INVESTORS IN THE SCHEME

The Scheme(s) shall have a minimum of 20 investors and no single investor shall account for more than 25% of the corpus of the Scheme(s). However, if such limit is breached during the NFO of the Scheme, the Fund will endeavor to ensure that within a period of three months or the end of the succeeding calendar quarter from the close of the NFO of the Scheme, whichever is earlier, the Scheme complies with these two conditions. In case the Scheme(s) does not have a minimum of 20 investors in the stipulated period, the provisions of Regulation 39(2) (c) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations would become applicable automatically without any reference from SEBI and accordingly the Scheme(s) shall be wound up and the units would be redeemed at applicable NAV. The two conditions mentioned above shall also be complied within each subsequent calendar quarter thereafter, on an average basis, as specified by SEBI. If there is a breach of the 25% limit by any investor over the quarter, a rebalancing period of one month would be allowed and thereafter the investor who is in breach of the rule shall be given 15 days notice to redeem his exposure over the 25 % limit. Failure on the part of the said investor to redeem his exposure over the 25 % limit within the aforesaid 15 days would lead to automatic redemption by the Mutual Fund on the applicable Net Asset Value on the 15th day of the notice period. The Fund shall adhere to the requirements prescribed by SEBI from time to time in this regard.

C. SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Prospective investors should study this Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information carefully in its entirety and should not construe the contents hereof as advise relating to legal, taxation, financial, investment or any other matters and are advised to consult their legal, tax, financial and other professional advisors to determine possible legal, tax, financial or other considerations of subscribing to or redeeming units, before making a decision to invest / redeem / hold Units.

- Neither this Scheme Information Document, nor Statement of Additional Information or the Units have been registered in any jurisdiction. The distribution of this Scheme Information Document or Statement of Additional Information in certain jurisdictions may be restricted or totally prohibited to registration requirements and accordingly, persons who come into possession of this Scheme Information Document or Statement of Additional Information are required to inform themselves about and to observe any such restrictions and/ or legal compliance requirements.

- The AMC, Trustee or the Mutual Fund have not authorized any person to issue any advertisement or to give any information or to make any representations, either oral or written, other than that contained in this Scheme Information Document or the Statement of Additional Information in connection with offer of units under all the schemes. Prospective investors are advised not to rely upon any information or representation not incorporated in the Scheme Information Document or Statement of Additional Information as having been authorized by the Mutual Fund, the AMC or the Trustee.

- Redemption due to change in the fundamental attributes of a Scheme or due to any other reasons may entail tax consequences. The Trustee, AMC, Mutual Fund, their directors or their employees shall not be liable for any such tax consequences that may arise due to such redemptions.

- The Trustee, AMC, Mutual Fund, their directors or their employees shall not be liable for any of the tax consequences that may arise, in the event that a Scheme is wound up for the reasons and in the manner provided in 'Statement of Additional Information ('SAI')'.

- The tax benefits described in this Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are as available under the present taxation laws and are available subject to relevant conditions. The information given is included only for general purpose and is based on advice received by the AMC regarding the law and practice currently in force in India as on the date of this Scheme Information Document and the Unit holders should be aware that the relevant fiscal rules or their interpretation may change. As is the case with any investment, there can be no guarantee that the tax position or the proposed tax position prevailing at the time of an investment in a Scheme will endure indefinitely. In view of the individual nature of tax consequences, each Unit holder is advised to consult his / her own professional tax advisor.

- The Mutual Fund may disclose details of the investor's account and transactions there under to those intermediaries whose stamp appears on the application form. In addition, the Mutual Fund may disclose such details to the bankers, as may be necessary for the purpose of effecting payments to a investor. The Fund may also disclose such details to regulatory and statutory authorities/bodies as may be required or necessary.

- In case the AMC or its Sponsor or their affiliates/associates or group companies make substantial investments, either directly or indirectly in a Scheme, present or future, redemption of units by these entities may have an adverse impact on the performance of a Scheme. This may also affect the ability of the other Unit holders to redeem their units.

- As the liquidity of a Scheme's investments may sometimes be restricted by trading volumes and settlement periods, the time taken by the Fund for Redemption of Units may be significant in the event of an inordinately large number of Redemption requests or of a restructuring of a Scheme's portfolio. In view of this, the Trustee has the right, in its sole discretion, to limit redemptions under certain circumstances - please refer to the section "Right to Limit Redemptions" in this document.

This Scheme Information Document sets forth concisely the information about the Schemes that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. This Scheme Information Document will remain effective till a material change (other than a change in Fundamental Attributes and within the purview of this Scheme Information Document) occurs and thereafter the changes shall be filed with SEBI and circulated to the unitholders. This Scheme Information Document should be retained for future reference.

The particulars of the Schemes in this Scheme Information Document have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, as amended till date and filed with SEBI and the units offered for public subscription have not been approved or disapproved by the Securities and Exchange Board of India nor has Securities and Exchange Board of India certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document.

D. DEFINITIONS

AMFI	Association of Mutual Funds in India
Applicable NAV	The Net Asset Value applicable for purchases/ redemption/ switches based on the business day and relevant cut-off times on which the application is accepted at an Investor Service Centre
Application Supported by Blocked Amount (ASBA)	ASBA is an application containing an authorization to a self Certified Syndicate Bank (SCSB) to block the application money in the bank account maintained with the SCSB, for subscribing to the NFO
Asset Management Co./AMC/ Investment Manager/ TAMCO	Taurus Asset Management Company Ltd. (Earlier known as Creditcapital Asset Management Company Ltd.), Investment Manager to Taurus Mutual Fund is a company incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 and authorized by SEBI to act as the Asset Management Company.
Business Day	A day other than (i) Saturday and Sunday (ii) day(s) on which the money markets are

	closed/not accessible (iii) a day on which banks in Mumbai and/or RBI are closed for business/clearing (iv) a day on which Stock Exchange, Mumbai and / or National Stock Exchange are closed (v) A day which is a public and/or bank holiday at the Investor Service Centre where the application is received (vi) A book closure period announced by the AMC/Trustee (vii) A day on which sale and redemption of units is suspended by the AMC/Trustee (viii) A day on which normal business cannot be transacted due to bandhs, floods, storms, strikes or such other events as the AMC/Trustee may specify from time to time. The Trustees/AMC reserves the right to change the definition of Business Day. The Trustee/AMC reserve the right to declare any day as a Business Day or otherwise at any or all Investor Service Centers
CBDT	Central Board of Direct Taxes.
Contingent Deferred Sales Charge/ CDSC	Exit charge permitted under SEBI Regulations for a no load scheme.
Custodian	SBI SG Global Securities Services Pvt. Ltd. or any other custodian appointed by the Trustees
DTAA	Double Taxation Avoidance Agreement
Depository	Depository as defined in the Depository Act, 1996.
Entry Load	The charge that is paid by an Investor when he invests an amount in the Scheme
Exit Load	The charge that is paid by a Unitholder when he redeems Units from the Scheme.
FIIs	Foreign Institutional Investors, registered with SEBI under Securities and Exchange Board of India (Foreign Institutional Investors) Regulations 1995, as amended from time to time
Gilts / Government Securities	As defined under Section 2(b) of the Securities Contract(s) (Regulation) Act, 1956, "Government security" means a security created and issued, whether before or after the commencement of this Act, by the Central Government or a State Government for the purpose of raising a public loan and having one of the forms specified in Clause (2) of Section 2 of Public Debt Act, 1944 (13 of 1944).
HB Portfolio Ltd.(HBPL)	HB Portfolio Ltd.(the Sponsor) is a company incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956
Investor Service Centres orISCs	Designated branches of the AMC / other offices as may be designated by the AMC from time to time.
IMA	Investment Management Agreement dated August 20, 1993 executed between TITCO and TAMCO and all amendments thereto from time to time.
IT Act	Income Tax Act 1961.
MIBOR	The Mumbai Interbank Offered Rate published once every day by the National Stock Exchange and published twice every day by Reuters, as specifically applied to each contract.
Money Market Instruments	Include Treasury Bills, Commercial Papers, Mibor linked instruments Commercial Bills, Government Securities having un-expired maturity up to one year, Call or Notice Money, Certificate of Deposit, Usance Bills, Corporate Debentures, Collateralized Borrowing and Lending Obligation (CBLO), Tri-party Repo(TREP) and any other like instruments as specified by RBI/SEBI from time to time.
NAV	Net Asset Value of the units of the Scheme as calculated in the manner provided in this Scheme Information Document or as may be prescribed by SEBI Regulations from time to time. In respect of equity schemes, Net Asset Value will be rounded off upto two decimal points (upto four decimal points in respect of Taurus Nifty Index Fund) and in respect of Liquid scheme , Net Asset Value will be rounded off upto four decimal points.
NRI/PIO	Non-Resident Indians and Persons of Indian Origin
NSE	National Stock Exchange
RBI	Reserve Bank of India established under the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
Repo/Reverse Repo	Sale / Purchase of Securities as may be allowed by RBI from time to time with simultaneous agreement to repurchase / resell them at a later date.
Registrar & Transfer Agent	Karvy Fintech Pvt. Ltd. or any other R&T agent appointed by the Trustees
Scheme	Collectively referred to all the Scheme included in this document
TBF	Taurus Largecap Equity Fund, Large Cap Fund – An open ended equity scheme predominantly investing in large cap stocks
TBFSF	Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund, An open ended equityscheme investing in stocks belonging to Banking & Financial Services (BFSI) sector.
TDF	Taurus Discovery (Midcap) Fund, Midcap Fund – An open ended equity scheme predominantly investing in mid cap stocks.
TEF	Taurus Ethical Fund, An open ended equity scheme with invetsments in stocks from S&P

	BSE 500 Shariah index universe.
TISF	Taurus Infrastructure Fund, An Open ended equity scheme investing in Infrastructure sector.
TLF	Taurus Liquid Fund, An Open-ended Liquid Scheme
TNI	Taurus Nifty Index Fund, An Open ended scheme replicating / tracking Nifty 50 Index.
TSS	Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap) Fund, Multi Cap Fund – An open ended equity scheme investing across large cap, mid cap, small cap stocks.
TTS	Taurus Tax Shield, An Open ended equity linked saving scheme with a statutory lock in of 3 years and tax benefit.
SEBI Regulations	The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 as amended from time to time by SEBI for the operation and management of Mutual Funds, including any re-enactment thereof.
SEBI or the Board	The Securities & Exchange Board of India, a Board established under The Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, as amended from time to time.
Sponsor	HB Portfolio Ltd.
Statement of Additional Information (SAI)	It contains details of Taurus Mutual Fund, its constitution, and certain tax, legal and general information. It is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document)
Stock Exchange Mechanism/ Trading Platforms	MFSS (platform offered by NSE), BSE StAR MF (platform offered by BSE) or any other recognized stock exchange trading plat form, with whom the AMC may register itself to facilitate transactions in mutual fund units.
Trust Deed	The Trust Deed dated August 20, 1993 as amended from time to time.
The Trustee / TITCO	Taurus Investment Trust Company Ltd. (Earlier known as Creditcapital Investment Trust Company Ltd.) is a company incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 and authorized by SEBI to act as the Trustee for Taurus Mutual Fund.
Tracking Error	The extent to which the NAV of the Taurus Nifty Index Fund moves in a manner inconsistent with the movements of the Nifty 50 Index on any given day or over given period of time arising from any cause or reason whatsoever including but not limited to differences in the weightage of the investments in the Securities and the weightage to such securities in the Nifty and the time lags in deployment or realization of funds under the Scheme as compared to the movement of or within the Nifty 50 Index. Tracking Error will also be influenced by the market liquidity, cost of trading, management and other expenses etc.
Units	The interest of the subscribers in the Scheme which consists of unit representing one undivided share in the assets of the Scheme.
Unitholder/Investor Retail Investors	A person who holds units under the Scheme In line with SEBI circular SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2018/137 dated October 22, 2018, retail investors would mean individual investors or any other category as may be defined from time to time in this regard.

ABBREVIATIONS & INTERPRETATIONS

In this SID, the following abbreviations have been used:

AMFI: Association of Mutual Funds in India
AML: Anti-Money Laundering
ASBA: Application Supported by Blocked Amount
BSE: Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd.
BSE StAR MF: BSE Stock Exchange Platform for Allotment and Repurchase of Mutual Funds
CBLO: Collateralised Borrowing and Lending Obligation
CAS: Consolidated Account Statement
DFI: Development Financial Institutions
ECS: Electronic Clearing System
EFT: Electronic Funds Transfer
FII: Foreign Institutional Investor
FOF: Fund of Funds
HUF: Hindu Undivided Family
GST: Goods and Service Tax
IMA: Investment Management Agreement
ISC: Investor Service Centre
IST: Indian Standard Time

KYC: Know Your Customer
MFSS: Mutual Fund Service System
NACH: National Automated Clearing House
NAV: Net Asset Value
NFO: New Fund Offer
NRI: Non-Resident Indian
NEFT: National Electronic Funds Transfer
NRE: Non Resident External
NSE: National Stock Exchange
PAN: Permanent Account Number
NRO: Non Resident Ordinary
PIO: Person of Indian Origin
PMLA: Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002
POS: Points of Service
PSU: Public Sector Undertaking
RBI: Reserve Bank of India
RTGS: Real Time Gross Settlement
SEBI: Securities and Exchange Board of India
SI: Standing Instructions
SIP: Systematic Investment Plan
SWP: Systematic Withdrawal Plan
STP: Systematic Transfer Plan
STT: Securities Transaction Tax
TREPS : Tri-Party Repos

INTERPRETATION
For all purposes of this SID, except as otherwise expressly provided or unless the context otherwiserequires:

- The terms defined in this SID include the plural as well as the singular.
- Pronouns having a masculine or feminine gender shall be deemed to include the other.
- All references to "US$" refer to United States Dollars and "Rs." refer to Indian Rupees. A "Crore" means "ten million" and a "Lakh" means a "hundred thousand".
- References to times of day (i.e. a.m. or p.m.) are to Indian Standard Time (IST) and references to a day are to a calendar day including non-Business Day.

E. DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

It is confirmed that:

(i) The Common Scheme Information Document forwarded to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.

(ii) All legal requirements connected with the launching of the schemes as also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with.

(iii) The disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the schemes.

(iv) The intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.

Sd/-

Date: June 29, 2019
Place: Mumbai **Chief Executive Officer**

II INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEMES

A. TYPE OF THE SCHEME

Name of the Scheme	Type of Scheme
Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap) Fund	Multi Cap Fund – An open ended equity scheme investing across large cap, mid cap, small cap stocks.
Taurus Ethical Fund	An open ended equity scheme with invetsments in stocks from S&P BSE 500 Shariah index universe.
Taurus Infrastructure Fund	An Open ended equity scheme investing in Infrastructure sector.
Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund	An open ended equityscheme investing in stocks belonging to Banking & Financial Services (BFSI) sector.
Taurus Largecap Equity Fund Fund	Large Cap Fund – An open ended equity scheme predominately investing in large cap stocks.
Taurus Discovery (Midcap) Fund	Midcap Fund – An open ended equity scheme predominantly investing in mid cap stocks.
Taurus Nifty Index Fund	An Open ended scheme replicating / tracking Nifty 50 Index.
Taurus Tax Shield	An Open ended equity linked saving scheme with a statutory lock in of 3 years and tax benefit.
Taurus Liquid Fund	An open-ended liquid scheme

B. WHAT IS THE INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE OF THE SCHEME?

Name of the Scheme : **Investment Objective**

Equity Schemes

I) Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap) Fund : The basic objective of the Scheme is to provide long-term capital appreciation. Emphasis will be on sharing growth through appreciation as well as on distribution of income by way of dividend.

II) Taurus Discovery (Midcap) Fund : The primary objective of the scheme is to achieve long term capital appreciation by investing in a portfolio consisting of equity and equity related securities predominantly of mid-cap companies.

III) Taurus Largecap Equity Fund : The investment objective is to provide investors long-term capital appreciation. Investments shall be primarily in Equity and Equity related instruments of large cap companies.

IV) Taurus Infrastructure Fund : To provide capital appreciation and income distribution to unitholders by investing pre-dominantly in equity and equity related securities of the Companies belonging to infrastructure sector, it's related industries inclusive of suppliers of capital goods, raw materials and other supportive services to infrastructure companies and balance in debt and money market instruments.

V) Taurus Ethical Fund : To provide capital appreciation and income distribution to unitholders through investment in a diversified portfolio of equities, which are based on the principles of Shariah.

VI) Taurus Nifty Index Fund : To replicate the Nifty 50 Index by investing in securities of the Nifty 50 Index in the same proportion/weightage.

VII) Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund : The primary objective of the Scheme is to generate capital appreciation through a portfolio that invests predominantly in equity and equity related instruments of Banking, Financial and Non Banking Financial Companies that form part of the BFSI Sector.

VIII) Taurus Tax Shield : To provide long term capital appreciation over the life of the scheme through investment pre-dominantly in equity shares, besides tax benefits.

Income/ Debt Schemes

I) Taurus Liquid Fund : To generate steady and reasonable income, with low risk and high level of liquidity from a portfolio of money market securities and high quality debt.

Comparison of all Existing Equity Schemes

Name of the Existing Scheme	Asset Allocation Pattern	Primary Investment Pattern	Differentiation
Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap) Fund	Equity & Equity related instruments: 85-100% Debt Securities: 0-15% Money Market & other assets : 0-10%	A major portion of the funds of the Scheme will be invested in equity shares. The fund will pursue the policy of diversification of its assets not only among instruments but also in terms of industry exposure. Efforts would equity, debt & money market be made to avoid concentration in a particular industry or group of industries	Multi-cap Fund
Taurus Discovery (Midcap) Fund	Equity & Equity related securities-Midcap companies: 65-100% Equity & Equity related securities-Other companies: 0-35% Debt &Money Market securities: 0-20%	Investment in equities will be made through secondary and primary markets predominantly in stocks of midcap companies (as defined by SEBI) In terms of SEBI circular, mid-cap companies are defined as 101-250 companies in terms of full market capitalization. Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) will provide this data every six months as on the end of June and December of each year. Subsequent to any updation in the list, The Fund Management team will rebalance its portfolio (if required) in line with the updated list, within a period of one month. Fund will predominantly follow bottom up strategy of stock selection. Other aspects like asset allocation, sector allocation, shall also be considered.	Mid-cap Fund
Taurus Largecap Equity Fund	Equity & Equity related instruments: 80-100%. Min.80% in Large-cap stocks as defined by SEBI. Debt, & Money Market instruments: 0-20%	Investments in equities will be made through the secondary and primary markets predominantly in stocks of large cap companies (as defined by SEBI). In terms of SEBI circular, 1st-100th company in terms of full market capitalization is defined as Large cap. Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) will provide this data every six months as on the end of June and December of each year. Subsequent to any updation in the list, The Fund Management team will rebalance its portfolio (if required) in line with the updated list, within a period of one month. Fund will predominantly follow bottom up strategy of stock selection. Other aspects like asset allocation, sector allocation, shall also be considered. The scheme may invest in securities sold directly by an issuer or acquired in a negotiated transaction. Investment in the debt market shall be in fixed income rated securities of investment grade issued by corporate.	Large Cap Fund

		In case of investment in debt which are not rated, prior approval of Board of Directors of the AMC shall be obtained. Further, investment may be made in asset backed securities (securitized debt) excluding mortgaged backed securities.	
Taurus Infrastructure Fund	Equity & Equity related instruments: 80-100% Debt & Money Market Instruments: 0-20%	Primary Investment in equity & equity related securities of companies in the Infrastructure sector	Sectoral Fund-Infrastructure
Taurus Ethical Fund	Equity & Equity related instruments: 80-100% (*) Surplus money / investible funds available in the scheme at any time will be kept in Current Accounts with banks and will not be invested in any interest bearing instruments.	Primary investment in listed securities on BSE/NSE which are based on the principles of Shariah after proper fundamental and technical analysis by the Research Team	Thematic Fund
Taurus Nifty Index Fund	Securities Covered by Nifty: 95-100% Debt & Money Market Instruments: 0-5%	The net assets of the Scheme will be invested predominantly in stocks constituting the Nifty 50 and / or in exchange traded derivatives on the Nifty 50. This would be done by investing in almost all the stocks comprising the Nifty 50 Index in approximately the same weightage that they represent in the Nifty 50 Index and / or investing in derivatives including futures contracts and options contracts on the Nifty 50 Index.	Index fund
Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund	Equity & Equity Related Instruments of companies belonging to Banking & Financial Services Sector : 80%-100% Debt& Money Market Instruments : 0-20%	Primary Investment in equity & equity related securities of companies in the Banking & Financial services sector	Sectoral Fund-Banking & Financial services
Taurus Tax Shield	Equity & Equity related instruments: 80-100% Debt Instruments: 0-20% Money Market & other assets: 0-20%	The Scheme will identify undervalued stocks for constructing a diversified portfolio across industries and companies by using combination of fundamental and technical analysis	ELSS

Comparison of Existing Debt/Income Schemes

Name of the Existing Scheme	Asset Allocation Pattern	Primary Investment Objective	Benchmark
Taurus Liquid Fund	Repo/Reverse Repo/ /TREPS : 0% -100% Money Market Instruments (Mibor Linked Instruments, T-Bills, CPs, CDs) and/or other short term debt instruments (Floating Rate Notes, Short Tenor NCDs, PTCs and G-Secs) upto a maturity of 91 days : 0% - 100%	To generate steady and reasonable income, with low risk and high level of liquidity from a portfolio of money market securities and high quality debt.	Crisil Liquid Fund Index

C. HOW WILL THE SCHEME ALLOCATE ITS ASSETS?

D. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME INVEST?

E. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT STRATEGIES?

EQUITY SCHEMES

I) TAURUS STARSHARE (MULTI CAP) FUND

A major portion of the funds of the Scheme will be invested in equity shares, besides convertible debentures, nonconvertible debentures, public sector bonds and other capital market instruments, debt/non-debt instruments and also in money market instruments. Investments may be acquired through primary or secondary market operations or by way of private placement.

For achieving its objectives, the scheme will pursue the policy of diversification of its assets not only among equity, debt and money market instruments but also in terms of industry exposure. The fund will monitor rigorously prudent allocation of assets across different industries.

Investment Pattern and Risk Profile
Under normal circumstances, the Scheme's investments will be as under:

Instruments	% of Portfolio		Risk Profile
	Minimum	Maximum	
Equity & Equity Related Instruments	85%	100%	High
Debt Instruments	0%	15%	Medium
Money Market & other Assets	0%	10%	Low

Investment by the scheme in securitised debt will not normally exceed 50% of the debt component of the scheme.

Investment in fixed income securities will be in securities rated as investment grade by a recognized authority like:
* The Credit Rating and Information Services of India Ltd. (CRISIL)
* Investment Information and Credit Rating Agency of India Ltd. (ICRA)
* Credit Analysis & Research Ltd. (CARE)

Further it must be clearly understood that the referred percentages are not absolute, and that they can vary substantially for defensive consolidation in the short run depending upon the Trustees perception as to whether the market is in an overheated state or has fallen well below a level they consider appropriate taking into account the factors prevailing at that time; the intent being to protect the NAV of the Scheme and the investors interests.

Investment Strategies:
A major portion of the funds of the Scheme will be invested in Equity shares. The Scheme will pursue the policy of diversification of its assets in term of the industry exposure. Efforts would be made to avoid concentration in a particular industry or group of industries.
The Scheme will be Multi-cap in nature.

The Fund is presently investing surplus funds in TREPS segment.

Trustees may also permit the use of any investment techniques (including derivatives, futures & options, warrants etc.) which may be permitted by SEBI/RBI from time to time.

The Trustees may from time to time at their absolute discretion review and modify the strategy provided such modification is in accordance with SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations.

Change in Asset Allocation Pattern/ Portfolio Rebalancing
The asset allocation pattern under normal circumstances is guided by the Scheme Information Document. . The asset allocation is reviewed on a continuous basis and dependent upon the given circumstances, it may differ at times from what is stated above Balancing / rebalancing exercise will however be carried out as and when needed. The

endeavour of such an exercise is based on the primary consideration of maximizing the return to the unitholders while taking the least risks. If the Fund Manager has a definite opinion on the economy for the near future, the portfolio allocations are moderated to take an appropriate decision for maximizing the return to the unitholders. Changes in the investment pattern will generally be for short term and only for defensive consideration. The fund manager will endeavour to restore asset allocation in line with the specified asset allocation pattern within 1 month. in most cases

II) TAURUS DISCOVERY (MIDCAP) FUND

Investment Pattern and Risk Profile
Under normal circumstances, following asset allocation has been stipulated:

Instruments	% of Portfolio		Risk Profile
	Minimum	Maximum	
Equity & Equity Related Securities-Midcap companies	65%	100%	High
Equity & Equity related securities-Other companies	0%	35%	Medium
Debt & Money Market securities/instruments	0%	20%	Low

Investment by the scheme in securitised debt will not normally exceed 50% of the debt component of the scheme.

Investments in debentures will be restricted to investment grade rated instruments. In case of unrated debt instruments, specific approval of the Board of TAMCO shall be obtained.

Change in Investment Pattern/ Portfolio Rebalancing
Notwithstanding what is stated in the above table of investment pattern, the Investment Manager shall have the right to alter the above asset allocation for a short period on defensive considerations keeping in view market conditions and opportunities, applicable regulations and political and economic factors. It must be clearly understood that the percentages shown above are only indicative and not absolute and they can vary depending upon the perception of the Investment Manager, the intention being at all times to protect the interests of the unitholders. The fund manager will restore asset allocation in line with the asset allocation pattern within 1 month.

Investment Strategies:

Investment in equities will be made through secondary and primary markets predominantly in stocks of midcap companies (as defined by SEBI)

In terms of SEBI circular, mid-cap companies is defined as 101-250 companies in terms of full market capitalization. Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) will provide this data every six months as on the end of June and December of each year. Subsequent to any updation in the list, The Fund Management team will rebalance its portfolio (if required) in line with the updated list, within a period of one month.

Fund will predominantly follow a bottom up strategy of stock selection,other aspects like asset allocation, sector allocation, and financial prospects of different companies within a sector shall also be considered.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Trustees of the Fund may from time to time in its absolute discretion review and modify the investment pattern and strategy provided such modification is in accordance with SEBI Regulations.

III) TAURUS LARGECAP EQUITY FUND

Investment Pattern and Risk Profile
The following table describes the risk and investment pattern:

Instruments	% of Portfolio		Risk Profile
	Minimum	Maximum	
Equity & Equity Related Instruments	80%*	100%	High
Debt & Money Market instruments	0%	20%	Medium

*Minimum 80% will be invested in Largecap stocks as defined by SEBI from time to time (Top 100 companies based on market capitalization)

Investment by the scheme in securitised debt will not normally exceed 50% of the debt component of the scheme.

Investment shall also be made in foreign equities, debt, money market instruments and the Fund may use any hedging techniques that are permissible or in future may become permissible under SEBI Regulations.

The Trustees may from time to time for a short-term period on defensive consideration modify / alter the investment pattern / asset allocation, the intent being to protect the NAV of the Scheme and protect interest of the unitholders of the Scheme so also to earn reasonable returns on liquid funds maintained for redemption of units without seeking consent of the unitholders.

Change in Investment Pattern/ Portfolio Rebalancing
The asset allocation stated above is indicative and not absolute, and it can vary depending upon the perception of the Investment Manager on the capital market taking into account the factors prevailing at that time, the intent being to protect the NAV of the Scheme and the unitholders' interest. The Trustees of the Mutual Fund may, from time to time, at their absolute discretion, review and modify the strategy provided such modification is in accordance with the SEBI Regulations. Changes in the investment pattern will be for short term and only for defensive consideration. The fund manager will endeavour to restore asset allocation in line with the specified asset allocation pattern within 1 month. in most cases.

Investment Strategies:

Investments in equities will be made through the secondary and primary markets predominantly in stocks of large cap companies (as defined by SEBI).

In terms of SEBI circular, 1st-100th company in terms of full market capitalization is defined as Large cap. Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) will provide this data every six months as on the end of June and December of each year. Subsequent to any updation in the list, The Fund Management team will rebalance its portfolio (if required) in line with the updated list, within a period of one month.

Fund will predominantly follow bottom up strategy of stock selection. Other aspects like asset allocation, sector allocation, shall also be considered.

The scheme may invest in securities sold directly by an issuer or acquired in a negotiated transaction.
Investment in the debt market shall be in fixed income rated securities of investment grade issued by corporate. In case of investment in debt which are not rated, prior approval of Board of Directors of the AMC shall be obtained. Further, investment may be made in asset backed securities (securitized debt) excluding mortgaged backed securities.

Investment in Money Market Instruments
The funds will be invested in money market instruments including, but not limited to, treasury bills, commercial paper of public sector undertakings and private sector corporate entities, TREPS, certificate of deposits of scheduled commercial banks and development financial institutions, securities debt, bills of exchange / promissory notes of public sector and private sector corporate entities (co-accepted by banks), money market mutual fund units, GOI Securities with unexpired maturity of one year and other money market securities as may be permitted by SEBI.

Investment shall also be made in GOI/ State Government Securities. Such government securities which are supported by: 1) the ability to borrow from the Treasury, 2) sovereign guarantee or of the State Government,
3) GOI/ State Government in some other way.

Policy of Diversification
The Investment strategy will aim to diversify the portfolio to maximize return while maintaining a tolerable level of risk. Since this is essentially a growth Scheme with maximum exposure in equities, under normal circumstances, investment will be made in diverse sectors to create a balanced portfolio of equities and hence minimize the inherent unsystematic risk. The Scheme may also use various hedging products and derivatives from time to time as would be available and permitted by SEBI in an attempt to protect the value of portfolio and enhance unitholders' interest.

The Scheme will focus on Large cap Stocks.

Investment in Debt Securities

a. Regulations

Debt instruments will be rated as investment grade by a credit rating agency authorized to carry such activity under the Act:

Provided that if the debt instrument is not rated, specific approval of the Board of TAMCO shall be taken for investment

b. Risks

The Investment Manager will place emphasis on the credit rating of the issuer and therefore will invest in securities that are rated investment grade by a domestic credit rating agency such as CRISIL, ICRA, CARE and any other SEBI approved credit rating agency or in unrated debt securities, which the Investment Manager believes to be of equivalent quality. Where investment in unrated debt securities is sought to be made, the specific approval of the Board of Directors of the AMC, shall be obtained.

IV) TAURUS INFRASTRUCTURE FUND

Infrastructure sector plays an important role in country's development and GDP growth. India has already negotiated the difficult transition from public infrastructure creation to a market-determined model. An ambitious reform programme initiated involving a shift from a controlled to an open market economy has opened doors for private sector / foreign investment in infrastructure projects such as energy, petroleum, telecommunications, transportation sectors etc. And in the Indian context, removal of regulatory and availability constraints on any product or service, has catalyzed investments, attracted competition and rationalized costs leading to a new growth trajectory. The infrastructure sector in the country is thus poised for accelerated growth in the coming years. There is already momentum in highways, power generation and ports, where a successful track record has fostered a virtuous cycle of more success.

With India rapidly moving on the path to establishing itself as a global sourcing base for manufactured products and gearing up to carve a share of the textile opportunity post-quota removal in 2005, it is imperative that ports be modernized. The macro-level fiscal budget-linked solution for the overdue of SEBs to utilities (NTPC, NHPC), the successful implementation of the Accelerated Power Development & Reforms Programme APDRP) to modernize the overloaded T&D network and the legislation of comprehensive reforms by way of the Electricity Act 2003 all have paved way for large investment in the Power sector. The biggest trigger for the oil & gas sector is the large gas finds. Besides, with the sector put on the reform track beginning with dismantling of Administered Pricing Mechanism APM) in April 2002, competitive pressures are set to intensify and refinery upgradation to meet Euro-II & III fuel norms are a given. Telecom is another sector where significant progress has been made. India is already the fastest growing mobility market in the world.

Infrastructure sector comprises of Energy, Power and Power Equipment, Oil & Gas and related industries, Petroleum and related industries, Coal, Mining, Aluminium & other Metal Industries, Steel & Steel Utilities, Ports, Housing & Banking & Financial Services, Healthcare & related industries, Transportation, Telecommunications, Capital goods, realty sector, Industrial Manufacturing like Engineering, Construction and Construction related industries, Cement, Earth Moving Equipments.

Please note that the above list is only indicative and the Investment Manager may add such other sector/group of industries which broadly satisfy the category of infrastructure industries.

Investment Strategy

The corpus of the Scheme will be primarily invested in equity and equity related securities of the companies in the Infrastructure Sector. The Scheme may also invest a small portion of its corpus in money market instruments to manage its liquidity requirements. All companies selected will be analyzed taking into account the business fundamentals like nature and stability of business, prospects of future growth and scalability, financial discipline and returns, valuations in relation to broad market and expected growth in earnings, the company's financial strength and track record.

The fund may also invest up-to 25% of the corpus of the scheme in ADR/GDR and equities of listed overseas companies with a market capitalization of at least $1 Billion at the time of investment. These investments will be

made in line with the RBI and SEBI guidelines and will be within the limits prescribed by SEBI/RBI from time to time.

Stock Selection Strategy

The Fund will select stocks of companies engaged in the area of infrastructure across the following industries;

- Banking and Financial Services
- Capital Goods
- Cement
- Coal
- Construction
- Earth Moving Equipments
- Energy
- Engineering
- Housing
- Metals
- Oil & Oil Related Sectors
- Petroleum
- Ports
- Power and Power Equipments
- Telecommunications
- Realty
- Transportation

Please note that the above list is only indicative and not exhaustive. The list can undergo changes based on future reforms and developments. The Investment Manager may add such other sector/group of industries which broadly satisfy the category of infrastructure sector.

The Scheme will invest primarily in equity/ equity related instruments of the companies in infrastructure sector. The Scheme may also invest in debt instruments such as non convertible portion of Convertible Debentures (Khokas), Non Convertible Debentures, Securitised Debt, Secured Premium Notes, Zero Interest Bonds, Deep Discount Bonds, Floating Rate Bonds/ Notes, Government securities and Money Market Instrument like Call Deposit, Repos, Commercial Paper, Certificate of Deposit, Treasury Bills, etc. for providing ongoing liquidity & preservation of capital in a bear market.

However, the weightages of debt & equity may be changed in exceptional circumstances, depending on market conditions. The main aim of such steps will be to protect the interests of the unitholders. The Scheme will emphasis well managed high quality companies with above average growth prospects that can be purchased at a reasonable price. Typically these companies will be highly competitive, with a large and growing market share. In selecting specific stocks, the Asset Management Company will consider and evaluate amongst various criteria network, consistent growth, strong cash flows, high return on capital etc. Investment in fixed income securities (wherever possible) will be mainly in investment grade listed / unlisted securities. In case of investment in debt instruments that are not rated, specific approval of the Board of AMC and Trustee Company will be taken.

The Scheme will purchase securities in the public offerings and rights issues, as well as those traded in the secondary markets. On occasions, if deemed appropriate, the Scheme will invest in securities sold directly by the issuer, or acquired in a negotiated transaction or issued by was of private placement. The moneys collected under this scheme shall be invested only in transferable securities.

Investment Pattern and Risk Profile

Under normal circumstances, the total assets of the Scheme, shall (after providing for all ongoing expenses) generally be invested as under:

Instruments	% of Portfolio		Risk Profile
	Minimum	Maximum	
Equity & Equity Related Instruments	80%	100%	High
Debt & Money Market Instruments	0%	20%	Medium

(An open ended equity scheme investing in Infrastructure sector)

Investment by the scheme in securitized debt will not normally exceed 50% of the debt component of the scheme.

Investment in derivative instruments may be done for hedging and Portfolio balancing.

The Trustee Company may from time to time for a short term period on defensive consideration invest upto 100% of the funds available in Money Market Instruments, the primary motive being to protect the Net Asset Value of the Scheme and protect unitholders interests so also to earn reasonable returns on liquid funds maintained for redemption/repurchase of units. The Trustee Company may from time to time for a short term period under exceptional circumstances on defensive consideration modify/ alter the investment pattern / asset allocation the intent being to protect the Net Asset Value of the Scheme & Unitholders' interests without seeking consent of the unitholders.

Change in Investment Pattern/ Portfolio Rebalancing

Subject to the SEBI Regulations, the asset allocation pattern indicated above under (2) may change from time to time, depending on liquidity considerations or on account of high levels of subscriptions or redemptions relative to fund size, or upon considerations that optimise returns of the Scheme through investment opportunities or upon various defensive considerations including market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations and political and economic factors. It must be clearly understood that the percentages stated above are only indicative and not absolute. These proportions may vary depending upon the perception of the AMC, the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unitholders. Such changes in the investment pattern will be for short term and only for defensive consideration. The fund manager will endeavour to restore specified asset allocation in line with the asset allocation pattern within 1 month most cases.

V) TAURUS ETHICAL FUND

Investment Pattern and Risk Profile

Under normal circumstances, the asset allocation pattern will be as under:-

Instruments (*)	% of Portfolio		Risk Profile
	Minimum	Maximum	
Equity & Equity Related Instruments	80%	100%	High

(*) Surplus money/ investible funds available in the scheme at any time will be kept in Current Accounts with banks and will not be invested in any interest bearing instruments.

Normally, the funds will be fully invested in equities save for an amount to enable redemption of units, efficient management of the funds in relation to strategic objectives and other purposes which may be reasonably regarded as ancillary to the investment objective of the Scheme.
Investment in foreign securities will not exceed 20% of the corpus.

Changes in Investment Pattern / Portfolio Rebalancing

Subject to SEBI Regulations, the asset allocation pattern indicated above may change from time to time, depending on liquidity considerations or on account of high levels of subscriptions or redemptions relative to fund size, or upon considerations that optimize returns of the Scheme through investment opportunities or upon various defensive considerations including market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations and political and economic factors. It must be clearly understood that the percentages stated above are only indicative and not absolute. These proportions may vary depending upon the perception of the AMC, the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unitholders. Such changes in the investment pattern will be for short term and only for defensive consideration. The fund manager will endeavour to restore asset allocation in line with the specified asset allocation pattern within 1 month most cases.

Where will the Scheme Invest?

The Corpus of the scheme will be invested in the listed securities on BSE/NSE or the foreign equities which are based on the principles of Shariah after proper fundamental and technical analysis by the Research Team.

Standard & Poor's has launched a Shariah Index for the Indian Market viz. S&P BSE 500 Shariah. As on March 31 2016, there are 217 companies in S&P BSE 500 Shariah Index.

The Fund has decided to benchmark the performance of the scheme based on S&P BSE 500 Shariah Index.

Investment Strategies

The corpus of the Scheme will be invested in the companies which are based on the principles of Shariah whereby, it is not permissible to acquire the shares of Companies providing financial services on interest like conventional banks, insurance companies or the companies involved in some other business not approved by Shariah, such as companies manufacturing, selling or offering liquors, meat, or involved in gambling, night club activities, pornography etc. *The Fund Manager and his team will identify the stocks for investment from the stock universe available from S&P BSE 500 Shariah Index which is the benchmark index for this scheme.*

VI) TAURUS NIFTY INDEX FUND

Investment Pattern and Risk Profile

Under normal circumstances, the asset allocation pattern will be as under -

Instruments	% of Portfolio		Risk Profile
	Minimum	Maximum	
Securities covered by the Nifty	95%	100%	High
Debt & Money Market Instruments	0%	5%	Low to Medium

The net assets of the Scheme will be invested predominantly in stocks constituting the Nifty 50 and / or in exchange traded derivatives on the Nifty 50. This would be done by investing in almost all the stocks comprising the Nifty 50 in approximately the same weightage that they represent in the Nifty 50 and / or investing in derivatives including futures contracts and options contracts on the Nifty 50. A small portion of the net assets will be invested in money market instruments permitted by SEBI/RBI including call money market or in alternative investment for the call money market as may be provided by the RBI, to meet the liquidity requirements of the Scheme.

Investments in Derivatives – upto 50% of the net assets of the Scheme
In addition to the above, the scheme will not take
1) Any leveraged position
2) Total investments including in equity, other securities and gross exposure to derivatives if any shall not exceed the net assets under management of the Scheme.

Pending deployment of funds of the scheme in terms of investment objective of the Scheme, the Mutual Fund can invest the funds of the scheme in the defined money market instruments instead of short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.

Where will the Scheme Invest?

Subject to the Regulations, the corpus of the Scheme can be invested in any (but not exclusively) of thefollowing securities / instruments:

1) Equity and equity related securities including convertible bonds and debentures and warrants carrying theright to obtain equity shares.
2) Securities issued by banks (both public and private sector) as permitted by SEBI from time to time anddevelopment financial institutions

3) Money market instruments permitted by SEBI/RBI, having maturities of up to one year or in alternative investment for the call money market as may be provided by the RBI to meet the liquidity requirements.

4) Certificate of Deposits (CDs)
5) Commercial Paper (CPs)
6) Indian Securitised Debt.
7) The non-convertible part of convertible securities
8) Any other domestic fixed income securities
9) Derivative instruments like Interest Rate Swaps, Forward Rate Agreements, Stock / Index Futures, Stock /Index Options and such other derivative instruments permitted by SEBI.

Subject to the Regulations, the securities mentioned above could be listed, unlisted, privately placed, secured, unsecured, rated or unrated and of varying maturity. The securities may be acquired through Initial Public

Offerings (IPOs), secondary market operations, private placement, rights offers or negotiated deals. TheScheme may also enter into repurchase and reverse repurchase obligations in all securities held by it as per theguidelines and regulations applicable to such transactions.

Derivative Instruments & applicable limits

The Scheme intends to use derivatives for purposes that may be permitted by SEBI Mutual Fund Regulations from time to time. Derivatives instruments may take the form of Futures, Options, Swaps or any other instrument, as may be permitted from time to time. SEBI has vide its Circular DNPD/Cir-29/2005 dated September 14, 2005 and DNPD/Cir-30/2006 dated January 20, 2006, specified the guidelines pertaining to trading by Mutual Fund in Exchange trades derivatives and SEBI Circular DNPD/Cir-31/2006 dated September 22, 2006 modifying the position limits for Index derivative contracts.

Investment in Foreign Securities

The Scheme will not make any investments in foreign instruments/ Securities

What are the Investment Strategies?

Equity: The scheme will be managed passively with investments in stocks in a proportion that is as close aspossible to the weightages of these stocks in the Nifty 50. The investment strategy would revolvearound reducing the tracking error to the least possible through rebalancing of the portfolio taking into accountthe change in weights of stocks in the index as well as the incremental collections/ redemptions from the Scheme. It is proposed to manage the risks by placing limit orders for basket trades and other trades, proactive follow-up with the service providers for daily change in weights in the Nifty 50 as well as monitor daily inflows and outflows to and from the Fund closely. While these measures are expected to mitigate theabove risks to a large extent, there can be no assurance that these risks would be completely eliminated.

Debt & Money Market instruments: The domestic debt markets are developing & maturing fast with the introduction of new instrumentsincluding derivatives. The actual percentage of investment in various fixed income securities would be decidedfrom time to time.

Portfolio Rebalancing

Changes in the investment pattern will be for short term and only for defensive consideration. Subject to the SEBI Regulations, the asset allocation pattern indicated above may change from time to time, depending onliquidity considerations or on account of high levels of subscriptions or redemptions relative to fund size, or uponconsiderations that optimize returns of the Scheme through investment opportunities or upon various defensiveconsiderations including market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations and political and economic factors. The fund manager will restore asset allocation in line with the asset allocation pattern within 1month.

Tracking Error

The performance of the Scheme may not be commensurate with the performance of the Nifty 50 on any given day or over any given period. Such variations, referred to as tracking error, are expected to be around 2% per annum, but may vary to an extent due to several factors including but not limited to -

- Any delay experienced in the purchase or sale of share due to illiquidity of the market, settlement and realization and delays in receiving cash and scrip dividend and resulting delay in reinvesting them.
- The Nifty 50 reflects the prices of securities at close of business hours. However the Fund may buy or off-load securities at different points of time during the trading session at the then prevailing prices which may not correspond to the closing prices on the NSE or the BSE.
- The potential for trades to fail, which may result in the Scheme not having acquired shares at a price necessary to track the index
- The holding of a cash position and accrued income prior to distribution and accrued expenses
- Disinvestments to meet redemptions, recurring expenses, dividend payouts etc. as elsewhere indicated in this document.

VII) TAURUS BANKING & FINANCIAL SERVICES FUND

Investment Pattern and Risk Profile

Under normal circumstances, the asset allocation pattern will be as under:-

Instruments	% of Portfolio		Risk Profile
	Minimum	Maximum	
Equity & Equity Related Instruments of companies belonging to Banking & Financial Services Sector	80%	100%	High
Debt & Money Market Instruments	0%	20%	Low

Fund Manager could take exposure to derivatives (including Futures & Options) upto 25% of the net assets of the Scheme, subject to regulatory limits.

Fund Manager could make investment in foreign securities and in ADRs/GDRs issued by Indian Companies. This will not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Scheme and would be subject to Regulatory guidelines.

Fund Manager could invest in Pre-IPO placements/ Unlisted Securities to the extent of 5% of the net assets of the Scheme.

Fund Manager could deploy not more than 20% of its net assets in securities lending and not more than 5% of the net assets of the Scheme will be deployed in securities lending to any single counter party.

The Scheme may engage in Short selling of securities in accordance with the framework relating to Short Selling and securities lending and borrowing specified by SEBI.

The total investments including in equity, equity related instruments, debt and money market instruments and gross exposure to derivatives if any shall not exceed 100% of the net assets under management of the Scheme.

Pending deployment of funds of the scheme in terms of investment objective of the Scheme, the Mutual Fund can invest the funds of the scheme in the defined money market instruments instead of short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.

Change in Investment Pattern/ Portfolio Rebalancing

Changes in the investment pattern will be for short term and only for defensive consideration. Subject to the SEBI Regulations, the asset allocation pattern indicated above may change from time to time, depending on liquidity considerations or on account of high levels of subscriptions or redemptions relative to fund size, or upon considerations that optimise returns of the Scheme through investment opportunities or upon various defensive considerations including market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations and political and economic factors. The fund manager will endeavor to restore asset allocation in line with specified the asset allocation pattern within 1 month. in most cases

Where will Scheme Invest?

The corpus of the Scheme will be invested in Equity & Equity related instruments of Banking, Financial and Non Banking Financial Companies and debt & money market instruments. Subject to the Regulations, the amount collected under the Scheme can be invested in any (but not exclusively) of the following securities:

1) Equity & Equity related instruments of Banking, Financial and Non Banking Financial Companies:

a) Equity shares
b) Equity related instruments include convertible bond, convertible debentures, equity warrants, convertible preference shares, etc.
c) Equity derivatives
d) Derivatives (including futures, options - put & call)

2) Any foreign equity and equity related security/instrument including ADRs/ GDRs issued by Indian or Foreign companies belonging to Banking, Financial and Non Banking Financial Companies as may be permitted by SEBI/ RBI from time to time.

3) Debt & Money Market Instruments:

- Securities created and issued by the Central and State Governments and/or repos/reverse repos in such Government Securities as may be permitted by RBI (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills).

- Securities guaranteed by the Central and State Governments (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills).
- Debt obligations of domestic Government agencies and statutory bodies, which may or may not carry a Central/State Government guarantee
- Corporate debt (of both public and private sector undertakings).
- Obligations/ Term Deposits of banks (both public and private sector) and development financial institutions
- Money market instruments permitted by SEBI/RBI, having maturities of up to one year or in alternative investment for the call money market as may be provided by the RBI to meet the liquidity requirements.
- Certificate of Deposits (CDs).
- Commercial Paper (CPs).
- The non-convertible part of convertible securities.
- Any other domestic fixed income securities as permitted by SEBI / RBI from time to time.
- Derivative instruments like Interest Rate Swaps, Forward Rate Agreements and such other derivative instruments permitted by SEBI/RBI.
- Any other instruments / securities, which in the opinion of the Fund Manger would suit the investment objective of the scheme subject to compliance with extant Regulations.

The securities may be acquired through Initial Public Offerings (IPOs), secondary market operations, private placement, rights offer or negotiated deals. The Scheme may also enter into repurchase and reverse repurchase obligations in all securities held by it as per guidelines/regulations applicable to such transactions.

4) Any other Scheme of Taurus Mutual Fund or of any other mutual fund provided such investment is in conformity with the investment objective of the Scheme. Such investment will be subject to limits specified under SEBI Regulations and AMC will not be entitled to charge management fees on such investments.

5) Pending deployment of funds as per investment objective of the Scheme, the funds may be parked in short term deposits of the Scheduled Commercial Banks, subject to guidelines and limits specified by SEBI

- Any other securities / instruments as permitted by SEBI / RBI from time to time.

What are the Investment Strategies?

The objective of the Scheme would be to seek long term capital appreciation by investing primarily in the equity and equity related instruments of Banking, Financial and Non Banking Financial Companies that form part of the BFSI Sector. The portfolio manager will adopt an active management style to optimize returns. Income generation may only be a secondary objective. In line with the above, the Scheme will primarily focus on opportunities in the financial services sector.

The financial services sector appears set for significant growth and possibly a few landmark changes over the next five years. The following factor will play a key role:

i) The overall growth of the Indian economy & rising trend in savings and investment
ii) Expected boom in opportunities in financial services(refer highlights of attached report) and expanding penetration of financial services
iii) likelihood of a benign interest rate environment once the current turmoil is past
iv) Quality regulation that has led to a more prudent position for banks in India
v) Emerging changes that will allow for a greater role for foreign players in India
vi) likely consolidation
vii) expanding universe of players in financial services across geography
viii) an emerging larger share for private sector participants in financial services pie
ix) imminent listings from insurance and asset management spaces
x) attractiveness of Indian stock exchanges as a platform from a systems perspective
xi) internet based products/services
xii) scope available for fund focused on financial services than just banking

The key factors of the investment strategy of the scheme will be:

- Identifying attractive opportunities and take concentrated exposures
- Emphasis on stock selection
- Investing across market-cap category
- Selecting stocks with an investment horizon of three to five years

Active cash calls: The fund will have the flexibility to take cash calls, if market conditions warrant such a stance in the view of the Fund Manager.

The constituents of the fund's benchmark index the S&P BSE Bankex along with the stock weightage as on May 08, 2019 are as follows:

Scrip Name	Weightage
Axis Bank Ltd	12.9%
Bank of Baroda	1.0%
City Union Bank	1.4%
Federal Bank Ltd	1.9%
HDFC Bank Ltd	23.1%
ICICI Bank Ltd	21.6%
IndusInd Bank Ltd	7.4%
Kotak Mahindra Bank Ltd	16.4%
State Bank of India	11.1%
Yes Bank Ltd	3.0%

There has been considerable broadening and deepening of the Indian financial markets due to various financial market reforms undertaken by the regulators, the introduction of innovative financial instruments in recent years and the entry of sophisticated domestic and international players.

Strong economic growth, favorable demographics, increased geographic penetration, growth of small and medium enterprises and the increasing needs for capital among Indian corporations are expected to continue to drive India's financial services industry.

Investment Strategy for Debt:
For the debt portion, the investments will be made in debt and money market instruments of banking and financial companies. The maturity profile of such investments would depend on the market dynamics.

VIII) TAURUS TAX SHIELD

Tax Benefits
Investment upto Rs.1.5 lacs in the scheme (along with other prescribed investments) is eligible for deduction from income under section 80C as per the Income Tax Act, 1961.

Lock-in Period
Taurus Tax Shield is an Equity Linked Tax Saving Scheme (ELSS). In terms of Income Tax Act 1961, investment in Equity Linked Saving Schemes will have to be kept for a minimum period of 3 years from the date of allotment of units. As such investment made by investors in Taurus Tax Shield (an Equity Linked Saving Scheme) for the purpose of availing tax benefit under Section 80 C of the Income Tax Act, would remain locked-in for the period of 3 years from the date of allotment.

Investment Strategy & Investment Pattern
The Asset Management Company will use Modern Investment Management Tools and Techniques for proper selection of securities and devising a diversified portfolio across industries and companies. The objective of investment analysis would be to predict price movements on the stock markets so as to earn risk adjusted returns. Undervalued shares would be identified in order to trade profitably in them.

Fundamental analysis would be carried out to forecast, among other things, future level of economy's gross national product, future sales and earnings for a number of industries and a large number of companies. Eventually such forecast will be converted into estimates of expected returns of specific shares and certain industries and stock market itself.

Technical analysis will be used to detect pattern in price movements to formulate optimum entry and exit points for investments.

The Asset Management Company would endeavour to assess correctly the trends of the stock market so as to shift the portfolio risk in accordance with the market forecast to achieve a higher return.

Investment Pattern and Risk Profile
Under normal circumstances, the asset allocation pattern will be as under:-

Instruments	% of Portfolio		Risk Profile
	Minimum	Maximum	
Equity & Equity Related Instruments	80%	100%	High
Debt Instruments	0%	20%	Medium
Money Market & other Assets	0%	20%	Low

Investment by the scheme in securitised debt will not normally exceed 50% of the debt component of the scheme.

Investments in debentures will be restricted to at least investment grade instruments corresponding to CRISIL rating BBB and above and / or moderated safety grade rated instruments corresponding to ICRA rating LBBB and above/or investment grade rated instruments corresponding to CARE rating CARE BBB and above.

In the case of investments in debt instruments that are not rated, specific approval of the Board of TAMCO will be taken.

The investments made by the Scheme shall be within the parameters stated in SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.

The Trustees may from time to time at their absolute discretion review and modify the policy of investments in accordance with SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.

Change in Asset Allocation Pattern/ Portfolio Rebalancing
The asset allocation pattern under normal circumstances is guided by the Offer Document. The investment objective of any given scheme is derived from the schemes investment objective. The asset allocation is reviewed on a continuous basis and depending upon the given circumstances, the balancing/rebalancing exercise is carried out. The endeavor of such an exercise is based on the primary consideration of maximizing the return to the unitholders while taking the least risks. If the Fund Manager has a definite opinion on the economy for the near future, the portfolio allocations are moderated to take an appropriate decision for maximizing the return to the unitholders. Changes in the investment pattern will be for short term and only for defensive consideration. The fund manager will endeavour to restore asset allocation in line with specified the asset allocation pattern within 1 month in most cases..

INCOME / DEBT SCHEMES

TAURUS LIQUID FUND

Investment Pattern and Risk Profile
Under normal circumstances, the asset allocation pattern will be as under:-

Instruments	% of Portfolio	Risk Profile
Repo/ Reverse Repo//Tri-Party Repo(TREPS)	0-100%	Low
Money Market Instruments (Mibor Linked Instruments, T-Bills, CPs, CDs) and/or other short term debt instruments (Floating Rate Notes, Short Tenor NCDs, PTCs and G-Secs) upto a maturity of 91 days.	0-100%	Low

Securitised debt upto 40% of the corpus

Derivatives may be used upto 50% of the Scheme's net assets to hedge in order to protect the interest of the unitholders of the Scheme.

The AMC retains the option to alter the asset allocation depending on liquidity considerations or on account of high levels of subscriptions or redemptions relative to the fund size, or upon considerations that optimize returns of the

Scheme through investment opportunities or upon various defensive regulations and political and economic factors. In addition, as part of the investment process, the Investment Monitoring Committee of the AMC will conduct a periodic review of the asset allocation and may suggest rebalancing of the portfolio.

Pursuant to SEBI circular No SEBI/IND/CIR/NO 13/150975/09 dated January 2, 2009 the Scheme shall make investments only in Debt and Money Market instruments with Maturity of upto 91 days.

Explanation:

a. In case of securities where the principal is to be repaid in a single payout the maturity of the securities shall mean residual maturity. In case the principal is to be repaid in more than one payout then the maturity of the securities shall be calculated on the basis of weighted average maturity of security.
b. In case of securities with put and call options (daily or otherwise) the residual maturity of the securities shall not be greater than 91 days.
c. In case the maturity of the security falls on a non-business day then settlement of securities will take place on the next business day.

The above requirement shall also apply to Inter-scheme transfer of Securities.

Investment Strategy

The fund management team will endeavor to maintain a consistent performance in the scheme by maintaining a balance between safety, profitability and high liquidity aspects of various investments. The fund manager will try to achieve an optimal risk return balance for management of the fixed income portfolios.

The investments in debt instruments carry various risks like interest rate risk, liquidity risk, default risk, purchasing power risk etc. While they cannot be done away with, they can be minimized by diversification and effective use of hedging techniques. No investment shall be made in foreign debt securities including foreign securitized debt.

The fund management team will take an active view of the interest rate movement by keeping a close watch on various parameters of the Indian economy, as well as developments in global markets.

Investment views / decisions will be taken on the basis of the following parameters:

1. Prevailing interest rate scenario
2. Quality of the security / instrument (including the financial health of the issuer)
3. Maturity profile of the instrument
4. Liquidity of the security
5. Growth prospects of the company / industry
6. Any other factors in the opinion of the fund management team

The Fund Management team proposes to use analytical risk management tools like VAR / convexity/ modified duration for effective portfolio management.

Change in Investment Pattern / Portfolio Rebalancing

Subject to the SEBI Regulations, the asset allocation pattern indicated above may change from time to time, depending on liquidity considerations or on account of high levels of subscriptions or redemptions relative to fund size, or upon considerations that optimise returns of the Scheme through investment opportunities or upon various defensive considerations including market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations and political and economic factors. It must be clearly understood that the percentages stated above are only indicative and not absolute. These proportions may vary depending upon the perception of the AMC, the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unitholders. Such changes in the investment pattern will be for short term and only for defensive consideration. The fund manager will endeavour to restore asset allocation in line with specified the asset allocation pattern within 1 month in most cases.

Note on Debt & Money Market in India

The market for fixed-income securities in India can be briefly divided into the following segments:

- The money market – The market for borrowing/lending monies, and
- The securities market – The market for trading in securities,
- The derivatives market – The market for fixed income derivatives

A predominantly institutional market, the key market players are banks, financial institutions, insurance companies, mutual funds, primary dealers and corporates. Provident / pension funds are also present, but not in a very active manner.

The Money Market

The money market can be classified into two broad categories

The market for clean borrowing / lending
The market for collateralized borrowing/lending

The market for clean borrowing or lending i.e. borrowing / lending without the backing of any collateral consists of –

Call Money: The market for overnight borrowing / lending
Notice Money: The market for borrowing / lending from 2 days to a fortnight.
Term Money: The market for borrowing / lending from a fortnight to six months

The market for collateralised borrowing / lending broadly consists of Repo transactions: These are repurchase obligation transactions in which the borrower tenders securities to the lender which is bought back by the borrower on the repurchase date. The price difference between the sale and repurchase of the securities is the implicit interest rate for the borrowing /lending. The eligible underlying securities for these transactions are currently government securities/treasury bills and Corporate Bond.

Tri-Party Repos(TREPS) : The mutual fund is a member of securities segment and Tri-party Repo trade settlement of the Clearing Corporation of India (CCIL). All transactions of the mutual fund in government securities and in Tri-party Repo trades are settled centrally through the infrastructure and settlement systems provided by CCIL; thus reducing the settlement and counterparty risks considerably for transactions in the said segments. TREPS can be issued/bought/sold for a minimum of one day to maximum of 364 days.

The Securities Market

The market for fixed-income securities can be broadly classified into

- The market for money market (short term) instruments
- The market for Government securities
- The market for Corporate Bonds
- The market for other instruments such as securitized debt/ PTCs etc

Money market securities are generally discount securities maturing within one year at the time of issuance. Instruments satisfying this criterion are treasury bills (obligations of the government), commercial paper (obligations of the corporate sector) and certificate of deposit (obligations of banks).

Government securities are medium / long-term debt obligations of the government. The market for government securities is the most liquid segment of the Indian debt market. Most of the secondary market trading is concentrated in government securities.

Trading in government securities is now done mostly through an electronic trading, reporting and settlement platform developed by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) called Negotiated Dealing System (NDS). The role of brokers which was an important element of the Indian bond market therefore stands reduced to that extent.

Trading in corporate bonds is relatively subdued (in comparison to government securities). Price discovery and trading in this segment is still carried out through the telephone. Attempts at improving the trading, settlement and risk management practices for trading corporate bonds are currently underway.

Trading in other instruments such as securitized debt is relatively scarce. Price discovery and trading in this segment too is through the telephone.

The Floating rate securities market is at a nascent stage in India. The coupon rate in floating rate securities is linked to an acceptable benchmark. Floating rate securities generally have a coupon rate, which is reset over a regular period depending on the benchmark chosen. The market widely uses the MIBOR benchmarks announced by Independent agencies such as NSE and Reuters. When benchmark interest rate rises, the income generated on these

floating rate securities also rise. When the benchmark interest rates fall, the income generated on these floating rate securities also fall.

The various instruments and their prevailing yields and liquidity (as on May 31, 2019) are indicated in the following table. The actual yields will, however, vary in line with general levels of interest rates and debt/money market conditions prevailing from time to time.

Instruments	Yield p.a.	Liquidity
TREPS	5.90%	High
3M Treasury Bill	6.10%	High
12M Treasury Bill	6.22%	High
5Y Dated Gilt	6.85%	High
10Y Dated Gilt	7.03#	High
3M PSU Bank CD	6.45%	High
3M Non-Mfg. CP	6.60%	Medium
1Y PSU Bank CD	7.15%	High
1Y Non-Mfg. CP	7.30%	Medium

Increasingly more companies are raising resource through floating rate securities. Most of such securities are in the form floating rate debentures at a spread over NSE MIBOR. The Government of India has also started issuing floating rate securities. Such floating rate issuances reduce the interest rate risk of the portfolio in which these securities are held.

CREATION OF SEGREGATED PORTFOLIO

Board of Trustees have approved policy on Creation of Segregated Portfolio in compliance with SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2018/2010 vide dated December 28, 2018, Therefore segregated portfolio will be created as and when need arise to ensure fair treatment to all the investors of the schemes.

FEATURES COMMON TO ALL SCHEMES

i) Borrowing by the Mutual Fund

The Schemes may borrow from anybody - corporate including TAMCO, Sponsor and Commercial Banks, up-to a maximum of 20% of the net assets of the Scheme for a maximum duration of 6 months, in order to meet the temporary liquidity needs of the Schemes, for the purpose of re-purchase, redemption of units or payment of interest or dividend to the unitholders, as per clause 44(2) of SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996.

ii) Investment in Securitised Debt

The Schemes **(Not applicable to Taurus Ethical Fund and Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund)** can also invest in securitized debt. Securitization essentially means buying up the receivables of an organization and then issue of securities against it to the investors. These securities can then be listed on stock exchanges and traded.

Guidelines for investing in Securitised Debt:

1. **How the risk profile of securitized debt fits into the risk appetite of the Schemes**
   The scheme proposes to meet its objectives by investing in debt securities .Securitized debt is also a debt security with similar embedded risk of varying degree .The scheme proposes to invest in these instruments factoring in all the associated risks.

2. **Policy relating to originators based on nature of originator, track record, NPAs, losses in earlier securitized debt, etc**
   The scheme proposes to invest in securitized debt originated by any one of the following type of originator. Such originator may be (1) Bank (2) Non Banking Financial company (NBFC) (3) Micro finance institutions (MFIs) (4) Housing Finance Company (HFC) (5) Body Corporate

The evaluation parameter for the originators would be based on the following factors:

- •Business risk factors: The investment process in securitised debt adopted by the fund will normally follow a top down assessment .It would involve taking a macro perspective of the domestic and global economy and then focus on the industry/sector outlook of the specific asset which the fund would buy. After evaluating the sector outlook, the fund would evaluate the originator based on its track record and the embedded credit risk. Further risk assessment norms will be applied (disclosed further in point 4) to the underlying asset.
- •Track Record: In a securitization structure, while risk of the scheme is to the underlying asset, the track record of the originator would be judged by the robustness of their risk control norms while disbursing credit, collection procedures and efficiency of the disbursed amount and also the operational efficiency in servicing the securitised asset to the ultimate holders of the securitised debt.
- •Credit risk assessment of the originator: The fund proposes to do transactions with originators carrying a credit rating of minimum investment grade. Transactions in securitised debt (except single loan sell) normally include an element of credit enhancement given by the originator. The fund will ensure that such credit enhancement, in the form of cash (deposit which is unencumbered and operated by the trustee) or guarantee by an acceptable third party.
- •External Credit opinion: The scheme will invest only in rated securitised debt carrying the highest short/long term rating assigned by a recognized rating agency. The investment process would involve evaluating the rating rationale of the securitised debt and interaction with the originator/credit rating agency for any clarification.

The evaluation parameters listed above would form the guiding principles of assessing the originator related risk factors .However the following factors would be critical while evaluating the originator:

(A) In case of Investment in securitized debt (which is not a single-sell down

- •Past track record of similar type of pools originated with special emphasis on the cumulative collection ratio
- •Amount of overdue in the pool to be securtised on the securitization date (in percentage/month terms).
- •Re-schedulement risk vis-a-vis prepayment risk based on past track record of similar loans, likely interest rate movement, and sectoral behavior of such asset profile

(B) In case of Investment in securitized debt-single sell down

- •The risk of the originator is minimum in case of a single-sell down as the risk is to the end borrower. However for single sell down, it should be ensured by the trustees that a “true sale” has been affected by the originator to the special purpose vehicle and all covenants entered into have been followed.
- •For single-sell down, a robust risk appraisal will be followed based on the ultimate borrowers financials based on its leverage, coverage and other relevant financial and non financial parameters.

3. **Risk mitigation strategies for investments with each kind of originator**

The scheme has the following risk mitigation strategies based on the nature of originator.

- •Size and reach of the originator: In case of Asset Backed securitisation transactions (except single-sell down), the originator should have a reasonable asset size and the underlying loans should not be concentrated in one geographical segment. However where the originator is a MFI, geographical dispersion may be concentrated in one area.
- •Collection process, infrastructure and follow-up mechanism: There will be a careful evaluation of the collection process, infrastructure and follow up mechanism (for arrears).This would include interaction with the originator, and rating agency and field visits, if possible.
- •Quality of MIS: The MIS report sent by the trustee and the originator should be timely, frequent, and relevant in details as to the actual payment received and if any past due the amount of credit enhancement utilized. Such report would form the basis of any actionable on the investments.
- •Credit enhancement for different type of originator: The securitised debt should have minimum credit enhancement levels as detailed in the table below. The cash component of the credit enhancement should be in the form of a deposit (operated by the trustee) or an irrevocable guarantee of an acceptable third party.

4. **The level of diversification with respect to the underlying assets, and risk mitigation measures for less diversified investments**

The following framework will be normally applied while evaluating investment decision relating to a pool securitization transaction:

Characteristics/Type of Pool	Mortgage Loan	Commercial Vehicle and Construction Equipment	CAR	2 wheelers	Micro Finance Pools	Personal Loans	Single Sell Downs
Approximate Average maturity (in Months)	Up to 120	Up to 36	Up to 36	Up to 24	Up to 12	Up to 15	Case to Case basis
Collateral margin (including cash ,guarantees, excess interest spread , subordinate tranche)	Minimum 3%	Minimum 6%	Minimum 8%	Minimum 10%	Minimum 15%	Minimum 15%	Case to Case basis
Average Loan to Value Ratio(100%)	85 0r lower	90 or lower	90 or lower	80 or lower	Unsecured	Unsecured/ For secured 70 or lower	Case to Case basis
Average seasoning of the Pool(in months)	Minimum 9	Minimum 3	Minimum3	Minimum 4	Minimum 1	Minimum 6	Case to Case basis
Maximum single exposure range	Less than 5%	Less than 5%	Less than 1%	Less than 5%	Less than 5%	Less than 5%	NA
Average single exposure range %	Less than 5%	Less than 5%	Less than 1%	Less than 5%	Less than 5%	Less than 5%	NA

The Risk mitigating measures for a pool securitizaion transaction:

- Size of the loan: The size of loan securitized should normally not exceed 10% of the Gross Assets at the time of the origination of the pool.
- Average original maturity of the pool: The assessment of the original maturity of the pool will be decided at the time of investment as a risk mitigating factor
- Loan to Value Ratio: The scheme will only invest in securitized debt where the normally maximum loan to value ratio is as per the table indicated above.
- Average seasoning of the pool: The scheme will only invest in securitised debt where normally the minimum average seasoning is as per the table indicated above.
- Default rate distribution: The assessment to the default rate distribution, while being assessed at the time of investment, will ensure that such a distribution will be minimal and the pool carries other mechanisms to factor such default distribution.
- Geographical Distribution: The pool should be widely geographically distributed. to contain risk associated with a specific geographical area
- Credit enhancement facility: The scheme will only invest in securitized debt where normally the minimum credit enhancement facility is as per the table indicated above.
- Liquid facility: While liquidity facility is specific to a particular securitization structure, the scheme will normally ensure that liquidity facility is available to the pool besides the credit enhancement facility.
- Structure of the pool: The scheme will invest in pool structures which carry the highest short term/long term rating. Further the structure is easy to understand, and all legal formalities have been processed.

5. **Minimum retention period of the debt by originator prior to securitization**
   As the extant regulations do not mention any minimum retention period, the scheme would normally invest in pools (other than MFIs) having minimum retention period of 3 months. However for MFI originated pools the retention period would be 1 month.
   For single-sell downs minimum retention period may not be there as the ultimate exposure is to the corporate.

6. **Minimum retention percentage by originator of debts to be securitized**
   As the extant regulations do not mention any minimum retention percentage, the scheme would normally invest where the originator retains a minimum of 5 to 10 percentage. However the provision for minimum retention percentage may not be there for single-sell down loans.

7. **The mechanism to tackle conflict of interest when the Schemes invests in securitized debt of an originator and the originator in turn makes investments in that particular scheme of the fund**
Investments are made as per the investment objectives of the scheme. A proper credit analysis, and also a price discovery process ensure that the investment is deemed as an arm's length transaction to prevent any conflict of interest .if any, arising because of the originator being a potential investor.

8. **The resources and mechanism of individual risk assessment with the AMC for monitoring investment in securitized debt**
Taurus Mutual follows a robust credit risk process in place for evaluating risk. The risk evaluation process involves identification, measurement, monitoring and managing the embedded risk .Within the precincts of the regulation, internal limits have been applied to company and the sectors in which it invests. It has a team dedicated to credit risk analysis which monitor all exposures and all relevant factors including rating movements are monitored which act as risk mitigation.

iii) Portfolio Turnover

"Portfolio Turnover" is the term used by any Mutual Fund for measuring the amount of trading that occurs in a Scheme's portfolio during the given period. All the schemes being open-ended schemes, it is expected that there would be a number of subscriptions and repurchase on a daily basis. Consequently, it is difficult to estimate with any reasonable measure of accuracy, the likely turnover in the portfolio. However, a high turnover would not significantly affect the brokerage and transaction costs.

The Fund will endeavor to balance the increased cost on account of higher portfolio turnover with the benefits derived thereof. A high portfolio turnover rate is not necessarily a drag on portfolio performance and may be representative of arbitrage opportunities that exist for scrips / securities held in the portfolio rather than an indication of a change in Fund view on a scrip, etc.

iv) Investment in Derivative Instruments

The Schemes **(except Taurus Ethical Fund)** may invest in derivatives instruments such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Forward Rate Agreements (FRAs) Interest Rate Options and/or Interest Rate Futures (IRF) or such other instruments as may be permitted under the Regulations, in a recognized stock exchange , subject to the frame work specified by SEBI and within the parameters approved by the Trustee company.

The Schemes may use techniques and instruments such as trading in derivative instruments to hedge the risk of fluctuations in the value of the investment portfolio. The Schemes will use derivative instruments for the purpose of hedging and portfolio balancing. Hedging does not mean maximisation of returns but only reduction of systematic or market risk inherent in the investment.

A derivative is an instrument whose value is derived from the value of one or more of the underlying assets which can be commodities, precious metals, bonds, currency, etc. Common examples of Derivative instruments are Interest Rate Swaps, Forward Rate Agreements, Futures, Options, etc. The Scheme may write (sell) and purchase call and put options in securities in which it invests and on securities indices based on securities in which the scheme invests. Through the purchase and sale of futures contracts and related options on those contracts, the Fund would seek to hedge against a decline in securities owned by the Fund or an increase in the prices of securities which the Fund plans to purchase. The Fund would sell futures contracts on securities indices in anticipation of a fall in stock prices, to offset a decline in the value of its equity portfolio. When this type of hedging is successful, the futures contract increase in value while the Fund's investment portfolio declines in value and thereby keep the Fund's net asset value from declining as much as it otherwise would. Similarly, when the Fund is not fully invested, and an increase in the price of equities is expected, the Fund would purchase futures contracts to gain rapid market exposure that may partially or entirely offset increase in the cost of the equity securities it intends to purchase (short sale).

Example 1: Hedging against an anticipated rise in equity prices
The scheme has a corpus of Rs.100 crores and has invested Rs.85 crores in equity and still has a cash of Rs.15 crores available to invest. The Fund may buy index futures of a value of Rs.15 crores. The scheme may reduce the exposure to the future contract by taking an offsetting position as investments are made in the equities the scheme wants to invest in. Here, if the market rises, the scheme gains by having invested in the index futures.

Event	Gain/(Loss) from derivative position	Gain/(Loss) from cash market position	Overall Gain/(loss) to Schemes
5% rise in equity price	15*5% = Rs.0.75 crs	85*5% = Rs.4.25 crs	Rs.5 crores
5% fall in equity price	15*5% = (Rs.0.75crs)	85*5% = (Rs.4.25 crs)	(Rs.5 crores)

Example 2: Hedging against anticipated fall in equity prices:-
If the Fund has a negative view on the market and would not like to sell stocks as the market might be weak, the scheme of the Fund can go short on index futures. Later, the scheme can sell the stocks and unwind the future positions. A short position in the future would offset the long position in the underlying stocks and this can curtail potential loss in the portfolio.
For eg.The scheme has a corpus of Rs.100 crores and is fully invested in equities. If fund manager wishes to reduce the equity exposure to Rs. 80 crores in a short time, he would sell index future contracts of Rs. 20 crores.

Event	Gain/(Loss) from derivative position	Gain/(Loss) from cash market position	Overall Gain/(loss) to Schemes
5% fall in equity price	20*5% = Rs.1 cr	80*5% = (Rs.4.00 crs)	(Rs.3 crores)
5% rise in equity price	20*5% = (Rs.1cr)	80*5% = Rs.4.00 crs	Rs.3 crores

Example 3: Use of IRS
Assuming the Scheme is having 10% of the portfolio in cash. The fund manager has a view that the interest rate scenario is soft and call rates are unlikely to spurt over the next three months. The fund manager would therefore prefer to receive a higher rate of return on his cash, which he is lending in the overnight call market. In other words, he would like to move to a 91 days fixed interest rate from overnight floating rate.

1. Say Notional Amount : Rs. 2 crores
2. Benchmark : NSE MIBOR
3. Tenor : 91 Days
4. Fixed Rate : 10.25%
5. At the end of 91 days;
6. The Scheme pays : compounded call rates for 91 days is 9.90%
7. TMF receives: Fixed rate at 10.25% for 91 days.

In practice, however the difference of the two amounts is settled. Here the Scheme receives Rs. 20000000 x 0.35% x91 / 365 = 17452. The players in IRS are scheduled commercial banks, primary dealers, corporate, mutual funds and All India Financial Institutions.

Interest Rate Swap (IRS)
All swaps are financial contracts, which involves exchange (swap) of a set of payments owned by one party for another set of payments owned by another party, usually through and intermediary (market maker). An IRS can be defined as a contract between two parties (Counter Parties) to exchange, particular dates in the future, one series of cash flow, (fixed interest) for another series of cash flows (variable or floating interest) in the same currency and on the same principal for an agreed period of time. The exchange of cash flows need not occur on the same date.

Forward Rate Agreements (FRA)
A FRA is an agreement between two counter parties to pay or to receive the difference between an agreed fixed rate (the FRA rate) and the interest rate prevailing on a stipulated future date, based on a notional amount, for an agreed period. In short, in a FRA, interest rate is fixed now for a future period. The special feature of FRAs is that the only payments is the difference between the FRA rate and the Reference rate and hence are single settlement contracts. As in the case of IRS, notional amounts are not exchange.

Interest Rate Futures (IRF)

An Interest Rate Futures contract is "an agreement to buy or sell a debt instrument at a specified future date at a price that is fixed today." The underlying security for Interest Rate Futures is either Government Bond or T-Bill. Currently Exchange traded Interest Rate Futures are standardized contracts based on 6 year, 10 year and 13 year

Government of India Security and 91-day Government of India Treasury Bill (91DTB). All futures contracts available for trading are cash settled.

SEBI Regulations Applicable to trading in Derivatives:

In accordance with SEBI Circular No Cir/IMD/DF/11/2010 dated August 18, 2010, the following exposure limits for investment in derivatives will be applicable to the schemes.

i) The cumulative gross exposure through equity, debt and derivative positions should not exceed 100% of the Net Assets of the Schemes.
ii) Schemes shall not write options or purchase instruments with embedded written options.
iii) The total exposure related to option premium paid must not exceed 20% of the Net Assets of the Scheme.
iv) Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure.
v) Exposure due to hedging positions may not be included in the above mentioned limits subject to the following -
   a) Hedging positions are the derivative positions that reduce possible losses on an existing position in securities and till the existing position remains.
   b) Hedging position cannot be taken for existing derivative positions. Exposure due to such positions shall have to be added and treated under limits mentioned in Point1.
   c) Any derivative instrument used to hedge has the same underlying security as the existing position being hedged.
   d) The quantity of underlying associated with the derivative position taken for hedging purpose does not exceed the quantity of the existing position against which hedge has been taken.
vi) Schemes may enter into plan vanilla interest rate swaps for hedging purposes. The counter party in such transactions has to be an entity recognized as a market maker by RBI. Further, the value of the notional principal in such cases must not exceed the value of respective existing assets being hedged by the scheme. Exposure to a single counterparty in such transactions should not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme.
vii) Exposure due to derivative positions taken for hedging purposes in excess of the underlying position against which the hedging position has been taken, shall be treated under the limits mentioned in point1.
viii) Definition of exposure in case of Derivative Positions
   Each position taken in derivative shall have an associated exposure as defined under. Exposure is the maximum possible loss that may occur on a position. However, certain derivative positions may theoretically have unlimited possible loss. Exposure in derivative positions shall be computed as follows:

Position	Exposure
Long Future	Future Price * Lot Size * Number of Contracts
Short Future	Future Price * Lot Size * Number of Contracts
Option bought	Option Premium paid * Lot Size * Number of Contracts

In accordance with SEBI circular DNPD/Cir-29/2005 dates September 14, 2005 (including circular issued by SEBI/RBI/FEMA and other Regulatory bodies thereafter from time to time). Mutual Funds are allowed to trade in derivatives. Mutual Funds can trade in index futures, index options, stock options, stock futures contracts etc.

Position Limits

The position limits for Mutual Funds and its schemes shall be as under:

i. **Position limit for Mutual Funds in index options contracts**

- The Mutual Fund position limit in all index options contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs. 500 crores or 15% of the total open interest of the market in index options, whichever is higher, per Stock Exchange.
- This limit would be applicable on open positions in all options contracts on a particular underlying index.

ii. **Position limit for Mutual Funds in index futures contracts:**

- The Mutual Fund position limit in all index futures contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs. 500 crores or 15% of the total open interest of the market in index futures, whichever is higher, per Stock Exchange.
- This limit would be applicable on open positions in all futures contracts on a particular underlying index.

iii. **Additional position limit for hedging**

In addition to the position limits at point (i) and (ii) above, Mutual Funds may take exposure in equity index derivatives subject to the following limits:

•Short positions in index derivatives (short futures, short calls and long puts) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of stocks.

•Long positions in index derivatives (long futures, long calls and short puts) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of cash, government securities, T-Bills and similar instruments.

iv. **Position limit for Mutual Funds for stock based derivative contracts**

The Mutual Fund position limit in a derivative contract on a particular underlyingstock, i.e. stock option contracts and stock futures contracts, stand modified in thefollowing manner:-

•For stocks in which the market wide position limit is less than or equal to Rs500 crore, the Mutual Fund position limit in such stock shall be 20% of the market wide position limit or Rs. 50 cr, whichever is lower.

•For stocks in which the market wide position limit is greater than Rs. 500 crore, the Mutual Fund position limit in such stock shall be be 20% of the market wide position limit or Rs. 150 crore, whichever is lower.

v. **Position limit for each scheme of a Mutual Fund**

•For stock option and stock futures contracts, the gross open position across all derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock of a scheme of a mutual fund shall not exceed the higher of:

1% of the free float market capitalisation (in terms of number of shares).

Or

5% of the open interest in the derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock (in terms of number of contracts).

•This position limits shall be applicable on the combined position in all derivative contracts on an underlying stock at a Stock Exchange.

•For index based contracts, Mutual Funds shall disclose the total open interest held by its scheme or all schemes put together in a particular underlying index, if such open interest equals to or exceeds 15% of the open interest of all derivative contracts on that underlying index.

• Each mutual fund shall have a maximum derivatives net position of 50% of the portfolio (i.e. net assets including cash). Each fund shall decide in advance with formal approval of Board of Trustees the maximum net derivatives exposure in terms of percentage of portfolio value it would allow.

• Within the overall limits of a maximum derivatives net position of 50% of the portfolio (i.e. net assets including cash), the limits per Scrip/ Instrument shall be specified by the Board of Trustees. Thus, the Board of Trustees shall determine the overall exposure limit to derivatives, as well as the derivative limits on individual stocks. Trustees should satisfy themselves that the risk containment measures are in place.

• At no point in time, the derivative position shall result, even for a few moments on an Intra-day basis, in actual or potential leverage or short sale / short position on any underlying security. No shorting of individual stock without the underlying.

• All derivative positions shall be backed by cash or stock as the case may be. i.e. all current or potential long positions shall be backed by cash and equivalents at the time of exposure and all current or potential short positions will be fully backed by stock (stocks portfolio for index derivatives).

• The tenure of the Term deposit placed as margin for trading in derivative shall not exceed 182 days.

The gross position of the underlying securities and derivatives shall be considered for the purpose to complying and monitoring stock exposure limit as per Clause 2 of VIIth schedule of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996.

While calculating the industry exposure for disclosure on monthly basis, the total exposure per scrip including derivative exposure shall be considered.

Following are the prudential equity derivatives position limits as set by Board of Trustees:

	Taurus Equity Funds	**SEBI Guidelines**
Total exposure Limit of for Hedging/ Portfolio rebalancing	Maximum 20% of the portfolio of a scheme.	50% of the portfolio
Limit of derivative exposure on individual stock.	Maximum 5% of the portfolio of a scheme.	10% of the portfolio

Limits on Specific Derivative transaction in an individual Portfolio/Scheme:

Following sub-limit has been approved by the Board of Trustees within the overall limit stipulated by SEBI.

Table I. Common Derivative Positions and Limits				
Sr No.	**Derivative**	**Action**	**Description**	**Limit**
1	Index futures	Buy	Buy futures against cash to protect against rising market	To the extent of cash / equivalents in the portfolio. Max. limit 20% of portfolio
2	Index futures	Sell	Hedging of portfolio against expected market downturn	Up to 20% of equity portion of the fund or four times equivalent to cash available, which ever is lower.
3	Stock futures	Buy	Buy to protect against underperformance of portfolio due to cash holdings in a scenario of rising share prices	To the extent of cash / equivalents in the portfolio. Max. limit 20% of portfolio; per scrip limit 5%
4	Stock futures	Sell	Sell against existing stock – Hedging against downside on existing stock in the face of expected volatility in the stock price	To the extent of the particular scrip holding in the portfolio; per scrip limit 5%

In addition to the above, SEBI vide its circular SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2017/109 dated September 27, 2017 has laid down the following guidelines for exposure to Interest Rate Futures (IRF)

Exposure Limits
In addition to the existing provisions of SEBI circular No.IMD/DF/11/2010 dated August 18, 2010, the following are prescribed:

i. To reduce interest rate risk in a debt portfolio, mutual funds may hedge the portfolio or part of the portfolio (including one or more securities) on weighted average modified duration basis by using Interest Rate Futures (IRFs). The maximum extent of short position that may be taken in IRFs to hedge interest rate risk of the portfolio or part of the portfolio is as per the formula given below:

$$\frac{\text{(Portfolio Modified Duration*Market Vale of the Portfolio)}}{\text{(Futures Modified Duration*Futures Price/PAR)}}$$

ii. In case the IRF used for hedging the interest rate risk has different underlying security(s) than the existing position being hedged, it would result in imperfect hedging.

iii. Imperfect hedging using IRFs may be considered to be exempted from the gross exposure, upto maximum of 20% of the net assets of the scheme, subject to the following:

a) Exposure to IRFs is created ***only for hedging*** the interest rate risk based on the weighted average modified duration of the bond portfolio or part of the portfolio.

b) Mutual Funds are permitted to resort to imperfect hedging, without it being considered under the gross exposure limits, if and only if, the correlation between the portfolio or part of the portfolio *(excluding the hedged portions, if any)* and the IRF is atleast 0.9 at the time of initiation of hedge. In case of any subsequent deviation from the correlation criteria, the same may be rebalanced within 5 working days and if not rebalanced within the timeline, the derivative positions created for hedging shall be considered under the gross exposure computed in terms of Para 3 of SEBI circular dated August 18, 2010. The correlation should be calculated for a period of last 90 days.

Explanation: If the fund manager intends to do imperfect hedging upto 15% of the portfolio using IRFs on weighted average modified duration basis, either of the following conditions need to be complied with:
i. The correlation for past 90 days between the portfolio and the IRF is at least 0.9 or

ii. The correlation for past 90 days between the part of the portfolio (excluding the hedged portions, if any) i.e. at least 15% of the net asset of the scheme (including one or more securities) and the IRF is at least 0.9.

c) At no point of time, the net modified duration of part of the portfolio being hedged should be negative.

d) The portion of imperfect hedging in excess of 20% of the net assets of the scheme should be considered as creating exposure and shall be included in the computation of gross exposure in terms of Para 3 of SEBI circular dated August 18, 2010.

iv. The basic characteristics of the scheme should not be affected by hedging the portfolio or part of the portfolio (including one or more securities) based on the weighted average modified duration.

Explanation: In case of long term bond fund, after hedging the portfolio based on the modified duration of the portfolio, the net modified duration should not be less than the minimum modified duration of the portfolio as required to consider the fund as a long term bond fund.

v. The interest rate hedging of the portfolio should be in the interest of the investors.

4. Mutual Fund schemes may imperfectly hedge their portfolio or part of their portfolio using IRFs, subject to the following conditions:

i. Prior to commencement of imperfect hedging, existing schemes shall comply with the provisions of Regulation 18 (15A) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and all unit holders shall be given a time-period of at least 30 days to exercise the option to exit at prevailing NAV without charging of exit load.

The risks associated with imperfect hedging shall be disclosed and explained by suitable numerical examples in the offer documents and also needs to be communicated to the investors through public notice or any other form of correspondence.

ii. In case of new schemes, the risks associated with imperfect hedging shall be disclosed and explained by suitable numerical examples in the offer documents.

Disclosure of Derivative Positions

5. In addition to the existing provisions, the mutual funds shall also make the following disclosures:

i. Separately disclose the hedging positions through IRF (both perfectly and imperfectly) in respective debt portfolios as per the format prescribed in para-13 of SEBI circular no.IMD/DF/11/2010 dated August 18, 2010,

ii. Investment in interest rate derivatives (both IRS/IRF) shall also be disclosed in the monthly portfolio disclosure as per para-H of SEBI Circular No. CIR/IMD/DF/21/2012 dated September 13, 2012 and

iii. Disclosure of the details of interest rate derivatives (both IRS/IRF) used for hedging along with debt and money market securities transacted on its website and also forwarded to AMFI as per para-B(3) of SEBI Circular No.Cir/IMD/DF/6/2012 dated February 28, 2012.

Valuation of Derivative Products:

a) The traded derivatives shall be valued at market price in conformity with the stipulations of sub clauses (i) to (v) of clause 1 of the Eighth Schedule to the SEBI Regulations, as amended from time to time.

b) The valuation of untraded derivatives shall be done in accordance with the valuation method for untraded investments prescribed in sub clauses (i) and (ii) of clause 2 of the Eighth Schedule to the SEBI Regulations as amended from time to time. The Trustee shall offer its comments on the above aspects in the report filed with SEBI under sub-regulation (23) (a) of Regulation 18 of the Regulations.

v)Investment in Foreign Securities

In terms of SEBI Circular No SEBI/IMD/CIR No 2/122577/08 dated April 8, 2008 the aggregate ceiling for overseas investment is US$ 7 billion and within this overall limit, Mutual Funds can make overseas investments subject to a maximum of US$ 300 million per mutual fund

The aggregate ceiling for investment by Mutual Fund in Oversea Exchange Traded Fund (ETF) that invests in securities is US$ 1 billion subject to a maximum of US$ 50 million per Mutual Fund

Permissible Investments: (Not applicable to Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund)

1. ADR(s) and/or GDR(s) issued by Indian or foreign companies.
2. Equity of overseas companies listed on recognized Stock Exchanges overseas.

3. Initial and Follow on Public Offerings for listing at recognized Stock Exchanges overseas.
4. Foreign debt securities in the countries with fully convertible currencies, short term as well as long term debt instruments with rating not below investment grade by accredited/ registered credit rating agencies.
5. Money Market Instruments rated not below investment grade.
6. Repos in form of investment, where the counterparty is rated not below investment grade; repo shall not however involve any borrowing of funds by Mutual Funds
7. Government securities where the countries are rated not below investment grade
8. Derivatives traded on recognized stock exchanges overseas only for hedging and portfolio balancing with underlying as securities.
9. Short term deposits with banks overseas where the issuer is rated not below investment grade.
10. Units / securities issued by overseas Mutual Funds or unit trusts registered with overseas regulators and investing in

a) Aforesaid Securities
b) Real Estate Investment Trusts listed on recognized Stock Exchanges overseas or
c) Unlisted overseas securities, not exceeding 10% of their net assets

Permissible Investments: (Applicable only to Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund)
1. ADR(s) and/or GDR(s) issued by Indian or foreign companies.
2. Equity of overseas companies listed on recognized Stock Exchanges overseas.
3. Initial and Follow on Public Offerings for listing at recognized Stock Exchanges overseas.

Apart from the Mutual Fund Regulations and Guidelines issued from time to time, the Schemes where the SID provides for investment in Foreign Securities, while making overseas investment shall adhere to the specific guidelines issued vide SEBI Circular No SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 7/104753/07 dated September 26, 2007.

vi) Securities Lending By the Mutual Fund

If permitted by SEBI under Regulations/guidelines, the Scheme may also engage in securities lending. The AMC shall comply with all reporting requirements and the Trustee shall carry out periodic review as required by SEBI guidelines. Securities lending means the lending of stock to another person or entity for a fixed period of time, at a negotiated compensation. The securities lent will be returned by the Borrower on expiry of the stipulated period.

The Investment Manager will apply the following limits, should it desire to engage in Securities lending:

- Not more than 20% of the net assets of the Scheme can generally be deployed in securities lending; and
- Not more than 5% of the net assets of the Scheme can generally be deployed in securities lending to any single counter party.

RISK MANAGEMENT/ MITIGATION STRATEGIES

The Fund by utilizing a holistic risk management strategy will endeavor to manage risks associated with investing in equity and debt markets. The Fund has identified the following risks of investing in equity and debt instruments and designed risk management strategies to mitigate and manage such risks.

Risk associated with portfolio construction: AMC has incorporated adequate safeguards to manage risks in the portfolio construction process. Risk control would involve managing risk in order to keep it in line with the investment objective of the Scheme. Fund Management team has adequate processes in place for identifying & analyzing the various risk ratios. Various checks have been put in place to adhere to the Investment Restrictions. AMC is using Miles Moneyware Fundware as Front Office System.

Market Liquidity Risk and investment in unlisted securities: Fund Manager would invest in those securities that are expected to have more market liquidity. The first access to liquidity is through cash and fixed income securities. The investment in unlisted securities will be minimal and regularly monitored by Investment Monitoring Committee.

Risk associated with Equity derivatives: Equity derivatives may be used for directional (including equalization of cash) and yield enhancement strategies. The credit risk associated with equity derivatives is decreased as only exchange traded equity derivatives are permitted. On portfolio and regulatory limits, there are internal limits and there is an established monitoring process.

Quality Risk or risk of investing in unsustainable/ weak companies: Investment universe is carefully selected to only include high quality businesses.

Concentration Risk: Investment will be made as far as possible across the market capitalization spectrum and industries/sectors keeping the Investment Objective of the Scheme in view.

Credit Rating Risk: The endeavor is to invest in fixed income securities which have high credit quality and preferably have high rating from rating agencies such as CRISIL, ICRA, CARE or India Ratings & Research. The probability of rating downgrade is low.The due diligence performed by the fund management team before assigning credit limits should mitigate company specific issues.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is managed by meticulous determination of average maturity of the portfolio. Extensive analysis of macro economic conditions is carried out to form a view of future interest rates and to position the portfolio accordingly.

Risk associated with Stock Lending: At present, there is no significant activity in the Securities Borrowing and Lending market. The Fund has so far not participated in Securities Lending market. However, we understand the risks associated with the securities lending business and the AMC will have appropriate controls (including limits) before initiating any transactions.

Additional Risk Management Strategies Applicable to Schemes:

Risk Associated with investment in Sector (Applicable to Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund): While it may not be possible to totally avoid the risk associated with the specific sector, the Fund Manager would try to mitigate the risk by building up a diversified portfolio of atleast 15-20 stocks belonging to Banking, Financial and Non Banking Financial Companies.

Procedure followed for investment decisions & Risk control measures (Applicable to All Equity Schemes)

Before making any fresh investment through primary market or secondary market, the research team prepares adetailed Research Report on each investment based on the fundamental as well as the technical analysis. The Board of Trustees in terms of SEBI's guidelines has approved the format of the Research Reports. The companies are identified for investment based on top down/ bottom up approach as well as in-depth market analysis. Thereafter, the Research Report is discussed amongst the Investment Committee members comprising of the CEO, Fund Managers - Debt & Equity, CFO & HOI. The Investment Committee approves or rejects a stock. The stocks approved form a part of the stock universe. The Fund Manager then decides on the timing, quantity & price at which to buy or sell a share within the framework of the Investment Policy. The Fund Manager also takes into account the market conditions, investment/ redemption flows and other external factors. The reasons for subsequent purchase and sale of the same instrument are also being recorded. An Investment Committee looks into the following matters-

a) Adherence to Prudential Investment guidelines
b) Choosing the universe of stock for Equity investments.
c) Addition/Deletion of stocks to the universe of stocks.
d) Adherence to Derivatives trading guidelines.
e) Risk management and risk mitigation issues.

The Investment Committee meeting is held once a month.

The Board of TAMCO has also constituted an Investment Monitoring Committee comprising of two Independent Directors and Managing Director of the Company. Investment Monitoring Committee Meeting is held every month and reviews Investments/ disinvestments made since last meeting, Research Reports etc.

AMC has incorporated adequate safeguards to manage risks in the portfolio construction process. Risk control would involve managing risk in order to keep it in line with the investment objective of the Scheme. Fund Management team has adequate processes in place for identifying & analyzing the various risk ratios. Various checks have been put in place to adhere to the Investment Restrictions. AMC is using Miles Moneyware Fundware as Front Office System.

Procedure followed for investment decisions & Risk control measures (Applicable to Liquid Scheme)

The Indian debt market is in a phase of rapid transformation with liquidity and investment opportunities arising in various debt segments along with the introduction of new instruments. The fund manager will try to allocate assets of the scheme between various fixed income securities with the objective of achieving optimal risk adjusted returns. After doing a thorough research on the general macroeconomic condition, political environment, systemic liquidity, inflationary expectations, corporate performance and other economic considerations the portfolio duration and credit exposures will be decided.

The AMC has an internal policy for selection of assets of the portfolio. The portfolio is constructed taking into account ratings from different rating agencies, rating migration, credit premium over the price of a sovereign security, general macro economic conditions affecting liquidity and interest rates and such other criteria. Such an internal policy from time to time lays down maximum/minimum exposure for different ratings, norms for investing in unrated paper, liquidity norms, and so on. Through such norms, the Scheme is expected to maintain a high quality portfolio and manage credit risk well. Investments may be made in instruments, which, in the opinion of the Fund Manager, are of an acceptable credit risk and chance of default is minimum. The Fund Manager will normally invest in those debt securities that are rated investment grade by a domestic credit rating agency such as CRISIL, ICRA, CARE, FITCH etc. The Fund Manager will generally be guided by, but not restrained by, the ratings announced by various rating agencies on the assets in the portfolio.

The Board of TAMCO has also constituted an Investment Monitoring Committee comprising of two Independent Directors and Managing Director of the Company. Investment Monitoring Committee Meeting is held every month and reviews Investments/disinvestments made since last meeting, Research Reports etc.

AMC has incorporated adequate safeguards to manage risks in the portfolio construction process. Risk control would involve managing risk in order to keep it in line with the investment objective of the Scheme. Fund Management team has adequate processes in place for identifying & analyzing the various risk ratios. Various checks have been put in place to adhere to the Investment Restrictions. AMC is using Miles Moneyware Fundware as Front Office System.

F. FUNDAMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

Following are the fundamental attributes of the Schemes in terms of Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations:

i) **Type of Scheme:** Please refer to section “Type of the Scheme” Under the Head “Information about the Scheme” on Page No 23

ii) **Investment Objective:** Please refer to Section “What is the Investment Objective of the Scheme” Under the Head “Information about the Scheme” on Page No 23
- Investment pattern.

iii) Terms of Issue
- **Liquidity provisions such as listing, repurchase, redemption:** For liquidity provisions such as redemption, repurchase, listing, right to limit purchase & redemption etc. please refer Section III. UNITS AND OFFER
- **Aggregate fees and expenses charged to the scheme:** Please refer Section IV. FEES AND EXPENSES
- **Any safety net or guarantee provided: The Schemes do not provide any safety net or guaranteed or assured returns**.

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, the Trustees shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder or the trust or fee and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder and affect the interests of Unitholders is carried out unless:

- A written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unitholder and an advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated; and

- The Unitholders are given an option for a period of 30 days to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any exit load.

G. HOW WILL THE SCHEME BENCHMARK ITS PERFORMANCE?

Equity Schemes:

I)	Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap) Fund	:	S&P BSE 500 TRI
II)	Taurus Discovery (Midcap) Fund	:	Nifty Midcap 100 TRI
III)	Taurus Largecap Equity Fund	:	S&P BSE 100 TRI
IV)	Taurus Infrastructure Fund	:	Nifty Infrastructure Index TRI
V)	Taurus Ethical Fund	:	S&P BSE500 Shariah TRI
VI)	Taurus Nifty Index Fund	:	Nifty 50 TRI
VII)	Taurus Banking and Financial Services Fund	:	S&P BSE Bankex TRI
VIII)	Taurus Tax Shield	:	S&P BSE 200 TRI

Income/Debt Schemes:

I)	Taurus Liquid Fund	Crisil Liquid Fund Index

Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund:

The Benchmark Index would be BSE Bankex Index. The BSE Bankex Index is designed to reflect the behavior and performance of the banking and financial sector. The constituents of the fund's benchmark index, the S&P BSE Bankex along with the stock weightage as on May 08, 2019 are as follows:

Scrip Name	Weightage
Axis Bank Ltd	12.9%
Bank of Baroda	1.0%
CITI Union Bank Ltd	1.4%
Federal Bank Ltd	1.9%
HDFC Bank Ltd	23.1%
ICICI Bank Ltd	21.6%
IndusInd Bank Ltd	7.4%
Kotak Mahindra Bank Ltd	16.4%
State Bank of India	11.1%
Yes Bank Ltd	3.0%

Performance comparisons of the Schemes will be made vis-à-vis their respective Benchmark. However, the Schemes' performance may not be strictly comparable with the performance of the respective Benchmark due to the inherent differences in the constructions of the portfolios.

The Board of TAMCO has also constituted an Investment Monitoring Committee comprising of two Independent Directors and Managing Director of the Company. The performances of the schemes of the Mutual Fund are reviewed by the Investment Monitoring Committee at its meeting held every month. Further, in terms of SEBI Circular No.MFD/CIR/16/400/02 dated March 26, 2002 the performance of Schemes will be benchmarked against the performance of their respective Benchmark. The same have been chosen as the benchmark as the asset allocation pattern of the benchmark is in conformity with the declared asset allocation pattern of the schemes in the Scheme Information Document.

The performance of the Schemes compared to its benchmark indices will be reviewed at every meeting of the Board of Directors of the AMC and Trustee and corrective action as proposed will be taken in case of unsatisfactory performance.

In terms of SEBI Circular No.MFD/CIR/01/ 071/02 dated April 15, 2002, the AMC and Trustee may change the benchmark index or select an additional benchmark index after recording adequate justification for carrying out such change. However, change of benchmark index and/ or selecting additional benchmark indices would be done in complete compliance of the relevant guidelines of SEBI in this regard.

H. WHO MANAGES THE SCHEME?

Name of The Fund Manager & Age	Qualification	Brief Experience	Schemes Managed
Mr. Dheeraj Singh 51 years	B.E (Hons), PGD in Management (IIM Bangalore)	He has 27 years of work experience which he has acquired by working with reputed financial institutions across India Prior to joining Taurus he had worked as an entrepreneur/independent consultatnt for approx. 10 years. He has also had stints at Sundaram Mutual Fund as Head of Fixed Income and IL&FS Mutual Fund as fund manager.	Appointed as Fund Manager w.e.f June 30, 2017 for the following scheme: • Taurus Liquid Fund
Mr. Prasanna Pathak 41 years	B.Tech & PGDBM	He has worked with Hindustan Unilever as research analyst for 2 years, UTI Mutual Fund as Asst. Fund Manager & research analyst for 4.5 years, Taurus Mutual Fund as Fund Manager-Equity for 1.5 years & IndiaFirst Life as Fund Manager-Equity for 5.5 years.	Appointed as Fund Manager w.e.f June 30, 2017 for the following schemes: • Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap) Fund • Taurus Discovery (Midcap) Fund • Taurus Infrastructure Fund • Taurus Nifty Index Fund • Taurus Tax Shield Fund • Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund • Taurus Largecap Equity Fund • Taurus Ethical Fund

I. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS?

Pursuant to SEBI Regulations, the following investment restrictions are applicable to the Schemes:

- A mutual fund scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in debt instruments comprising money market instruments and non-money market instruments issued by a single issuer which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency authorised to carry out such activity under the Act. Such investment limit may be extended to 12% of the NAV of the scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees and the Board of Directors of the Asset Management Company.
  Provided that such limit shall not be applicable for investments in Government Securities, treasury bills and collateralized borrowing and lending obligations.
  Provided further that investment within such limit can be made in mortgaged backed securitized debt which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency registered with SEBI.
  (Applicable to debt schemes)
- A Mutual Fund scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in unrated debt instruments issued by a single issuer and the total investment in such instruments shall not exceed 25% of the NAV of the Scheme. All such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees and Board of Asset Management Company. (Applicable to debt schemes)
- The Mutual Fund under all its schemes will not own more than ten percent of any company's paid up capital carrying voting rights.
- Transfers of investments from one scheme to another scheme in the same Mutual Fund shall be allowed only if:-
  i. Such transfers are done at the prevailing market price for quoted instruments on spot basis.Explanation: "Spot basis" shall have same meaning as specified by stock exchange for spot transactions.
  ii. The securities so transferred shall be in conformity with the investment objective of the scheme to which such transfer has been made.
- A Scheme may invest in another scheme under the same Asset Management Company or any other Mutual Fund without charging any fees, provided that aggregate inter-scheme investment made by all schemes under the same management or in schemes under the management of any other asset management company shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the Mutual Fund.
  Provided that this clause shall not apply to any fund of funds scheme
- Every Mutual Fund shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases, take delivery of relevant securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities :
  Provided that a mutual fund may engage in short selling of securities in accordance with the frame work relating to short selling and securities lending and borrowing specified by SEBI
  Provided further that a Mutual Fund may enter into derivatives transactions in a recognized stock exchange, subject to the frame work specified by SEBI
  Provided further that sale of Government security already contacted for purchase shall be permitted in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India in this regard.
- Every Mutual Fund shall get the Securities purchased or transferred in the name of the Fund on account of the concerned Scheme, wherever investments are intended to be of long-term nature.
- Pending deployment of the funds of a Scheme in terms of investment objectives of the Scheme, the Mutual Fund may invest them in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks. The Scheme will comply with the following guidelines/ restrictions for parking of funds in short term deposits:
  i. "Short Term" for such parking of funds by the Scheme shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days. Such short-term deposits shall be held in the name of the Scheme.
  ii. The Scheme shall not park more than 15% of the net assets in short term deposit(s) of all the scheduled commercial banks put together. However, such limit may be raised to 20% with prior approval of the Trustees.
  iii. Parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.
  iv. The Scheme shall not park more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
  v. Trustees shall ensure that no funds of a scheme may be parked in short term deposits of a bank which has invested in that scheme.
  vi..AMC shall not charge any investment and advisory fees for parking of funds in short term deposits of the scheduled commercial banks.
- No scheme of the mutual fund shall make any investment in –
  i. any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the sponsor; or

ii. any security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
iii. The listed securities of group companies of the sponsor, which is in excess of 25% of the net assets

- No scheme of a Mutual Fund shall make any investment in any Fund of Funds scheme.
- No scheme of the Fund shall invest more than 10% of its NAV in the equity shares or equity related instruments of any company (Applicable to equity schemes except Taurus Nifty Index Fund and Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund).
- A Mutual Fund scheme shall not invest more than 5% of its NAV in the unlisted equity shares or equity related instruments. (Applicable to equity schemes)

- **Prudential limits on Portfolio Concentration Risk** (Applicable to debt schemes)
  The total exposure of debt schemes of mutual funds in a particular sector (excluding investments in Bank CDs, TREPS, G-Secs, TBills, short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks and AAA rated securities issued by Public Financial Institutions and Public Sector Banks) shall not exceed 25% of the net assets of the scheme;
  Provided that an additional exposure to financial services sector (over and above the limit of 25%) not exceeding 15% of the net assets of the scheme shall be allowed only by way of increase in exposure to Housing Finance Companies (HFCs);
  Provided further that the additional exposure to such securities issued by HFCs are rated AA and above and these HFCs are registered with National Housing Bank (NHB) and the total investment/ exposure in HFCs shall not exceed 25% of the net assets of the scheme.

- The total exposure of a debt scheme in a Group (excluding investments in securities issued by Public Sector Units, Public Financial Institutions and Public Sector Banks) shall not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme. Such investment limit may be extended to 25% of the net assets of the scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees.
  For this purpose, a Group means a Group as defined under regulation 2 (mm) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 (Regulations) and shall include an entity, its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries, its holding company and its associates. (Applicable to debt schemes)

All the investment restrictions shall be applicable at the time of making investment.

In addition to the above Investment Restrictions following restrictions will also be applicable for following Schemes

Taurus Ethical Fund

In addition to the above investment restrictions as per SEBI Regulations, the funds of Taurus Ethical Fund may not be invested in the following as per the present Shariah restrictions;

i) Derivatives, including but not limited to, options, futures and contracts for differences,

ii) Sector Based – Certain businesses offer products and services that are considered unacceptable or non-compliant viz. gambling, conventional banking, pornography, alcohol etc.

iii) Accounting Based – Financial ratios of some companies may violate compliance measures. In terms of financial ratio, the companies having 33% or more debt, where non-operating interest income is greater than 5% of gross revenue, etc., are excluded.

iv) Investment trusts, unit trusts and other collective investment schemes that do not adhere to Islamic Shariah investment principles.

Taurus Nifty Index Fund

Taurus Nifty Index Fund being equity linked index fund, the fund would follow the SEBI guidelines as follows:
As per SEBI Circular MFD/CIR/09/014/2000 dated January 5, 2000 “The investments by index funds shall be in accordance with the weightage of the scrips in the specific index as disclosed in the Scheme Information Document. In case of sector/industry specific scheme, the upper ceiling on instruments may be in accordance with the weightage of the scrips in the respective sectoral index/sub index or 10% of the NAV of the scheme whichever is higher.

As per SEBI circular SEBI/HO/IMD/DF3/CIR/P/2019/011 dated January 10, 2019, Taurus Nifty Index Fund will adhear to following Norms

1. Index Fund will have minimum 10 stocks

2.The weightage of the top three constituent of index , cumulatively shall not be more than 65% of index.

3. Individual constituents of Index shall have trading frequency greater than or equal to 80% and average impact cost of 1% or less over previous 6 months.

Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund

As the Scheme is a Sector specific scheme, in terms of SEBI circular No MFD/CIR/09/014/2000 dated January 5, 2000, the upper ceiling on investment may be in accordance with the weightage of the scrips in BSE Bankex Index or 10% of the NAV of the Scheme, whichever is higher

Internal Norms for Investment Restrictions (Not Applicable to Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund)

Fund has policy of Internal Norms for Investment Restrictions also within the overall limit prescribed by SEBI which is being reviewed from time to time, depending upon the market conditions.

According to this policy, limits on exposure to sectors, industries, companies etc. will be fixed to avoid concentration of portfolio in particular sectors so as to ensure appropriate diversification/security for the Fund.

The purpose of this policy will be to make investments in the full spectrum of permitted investments in order to achieve the investment objective of the scheme. Internal risk parameters for limiting exposure to a particular scrip or sector may be prescribed from time to time to respond to the dynamic market conditions and market opportunities.

Internal Norms for Investment Restrictions (Applicable to Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund)

Fund has policy of Internal Norms for Investment Restrictions within the overall limit prescribed by SEBI. According to this policy, limits on exposure to sectors, industries, companies etc. will be fixed to avoid concentration of portfolio in particular sectors so as to ensure appropriate diversification/security for the Scheme. The purpose of this policy will be to make investments in the full spectrum of permitted investments in order to achieve the investment objective of the Scheme. However, this being a sector fund the scheme would be investing in companies belonging to Banking, Financial Services & Non-Banking Financial Companies. However, the endeavour would be to avoid concentration of portfolio in few stocks and the Scheme would have a portfolio of atleast 15 to 20 stocks belonging to Banking, Financial & Non Banking Financial Companies.

Investment by TAMCO in the Schemes

The Asset Management Company (TAMCO) can also invest in any of the schemes, subject to a maximum exposure of 100% of the net worth of TAMCO or as decided by the Board of TAMCO & TITCO from time to time and the AMC shall not be entitled to charge any fees on such investments. It will, however, be subject to 20/25 norms i.e. regarding minimum number of investors and single investor holding contained in guidelines issued by SEBI vide circulars dated December 12, 2003 and June 14, 2005.

Any scheme may invest in other schemes under the management of TAMCO/or schemes of any other Mutual Funds.

The aggregate inter-scheme investment under TAMCO in schemes under the management of any other AMC shall not exceed 5% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund. No fees shall be charged for investing in other schemes of other funds or any other Mutual Fund.

J. HOW HAS THE SCHEME PERFORMED?

Performance as on 31/ 03/ 2019

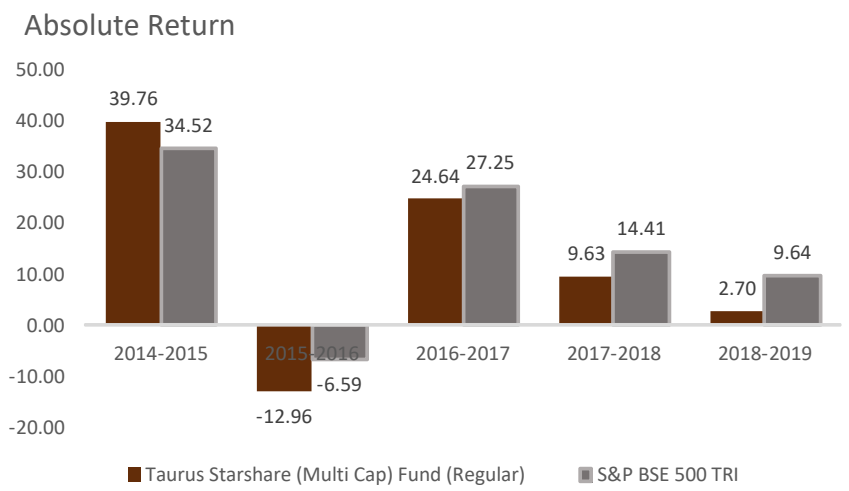
(Absolute Returns for a period of 1 year or less and Compounded Annualized (CAGR) for period of more than 1 year)

Equity Schemes

Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap) Fund – Regular Plan (Growth Option)

Period	Returns (%)	#Benchmark Returns (%) #
1 Year	2.70	9.64
3 Years	11.76	16.74
5 Years	10.95	14.6
Since Inception	10.11	9.8

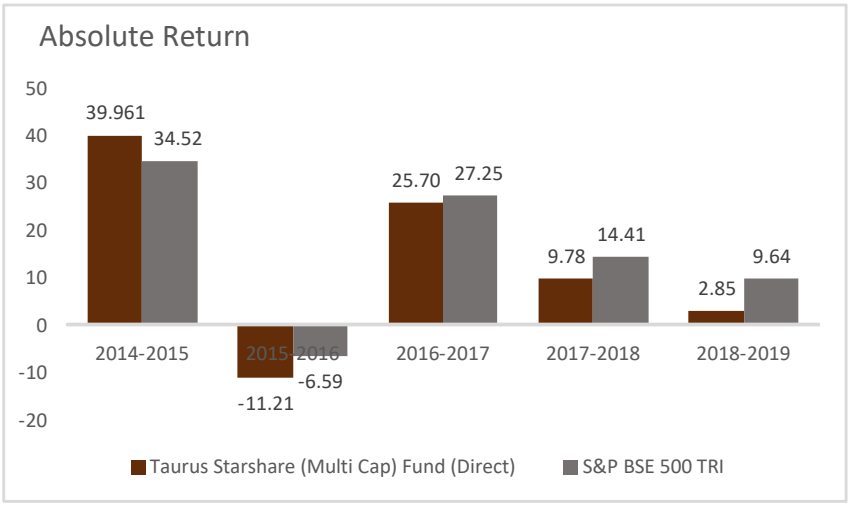
Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future
Inception Date : 29th January 1994
S&P BSE 500 TRI



Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap) Fund – Direct Plan (Growth Option)

Period	Returns (%)	#Benchmark Returns (%) #
1 Year	2.85	9.64
3 Years	12.18	16.74
5 Years	11.68	14.6
Since Inception	10.15	13.26

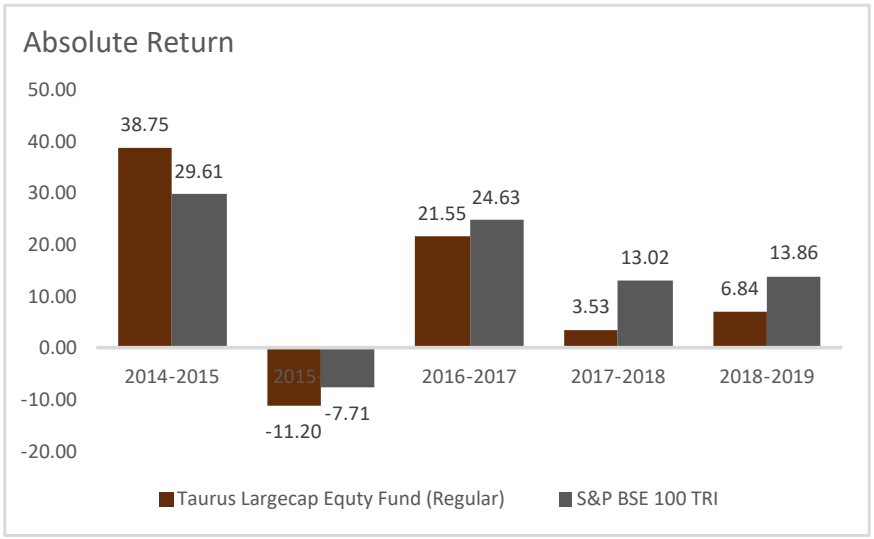
Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future
Inception Date : 1st January 2013
S&P BSE 500 TRI



Taurus Largecap Equty Fund – Regular Plan (Growth Option)

Period	Returns (%)	Benchmark Returns (%) #
1 Year	6.84	13.86
3 Years	10.32	16.93
5 Years	10.4	13.6
Since Inception	9.98	9.78

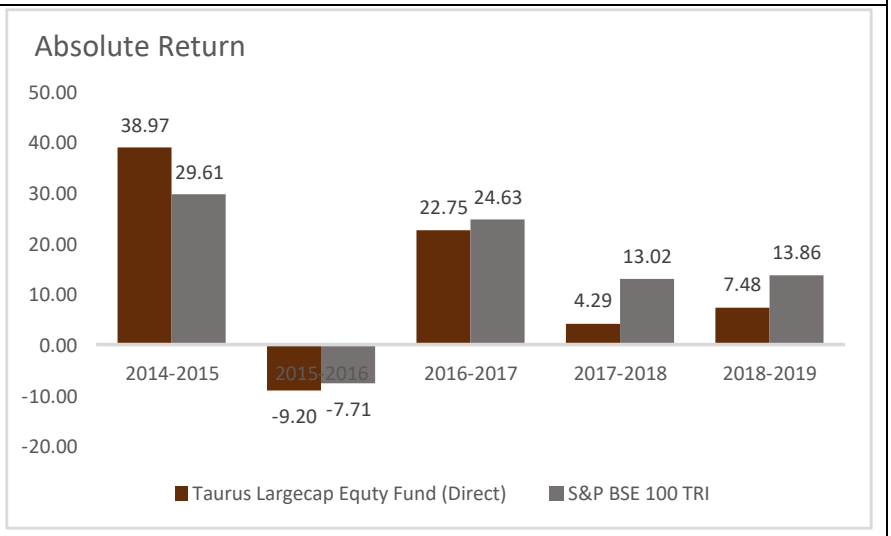
Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future
Inception Date : 28th February 1995
S&P BSE 100 TRI



Taurus Largecap Equty Fund – Direct Plan (Growth Option)

Period	Returns (%)	Benchmark Returns % #
1 Year	7.48	13.86
3 Years	11.17	16.93
5 Years	11.44	13.6
Since Inception	9.48	12.94

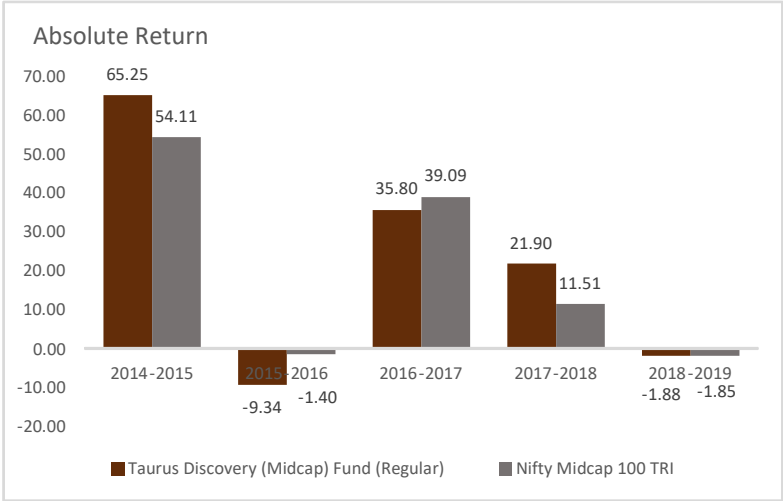
Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future
Inception Date : 1st January 2013
S&P BSE 100 TRI



Taurus Discovery (Midcap) Fund – Regular Plan (Growth Option)

Period	Returns (%)	Benchmark Returns (%) #
1 Year	-1.88	-1.85
3 Years	17.34	14.94
5 Years	19	17.74
Since Inception	6.19	21.42

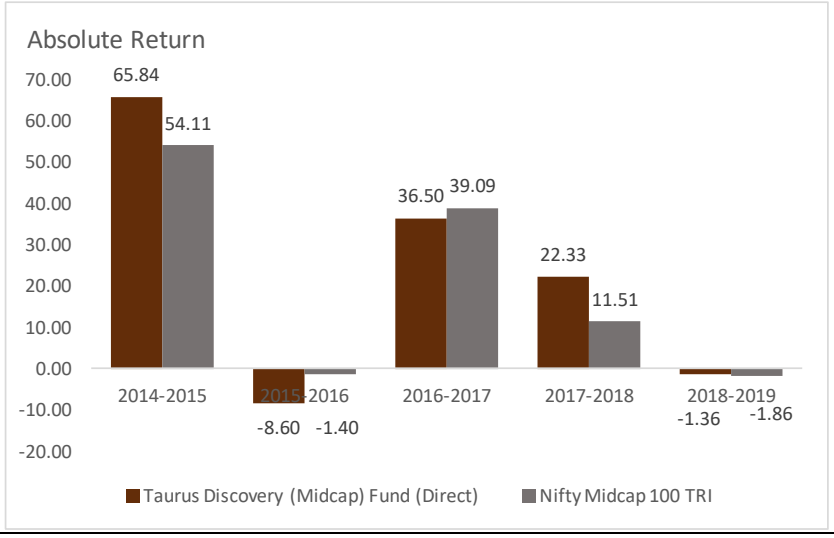
Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future
Inception Date : 5th September 1994
Nifty Midcap 100 TRI



Taurus Discovery (Midcap) Fund – Direct Plan (Growth Option)

Period	Returns (%)	Benchmark Returns (%) #
1 Year	-1.35	-1.85
3 Years	17.89	14.94
5 Years	19.61	17.74
Since Inception	16.14	14.15

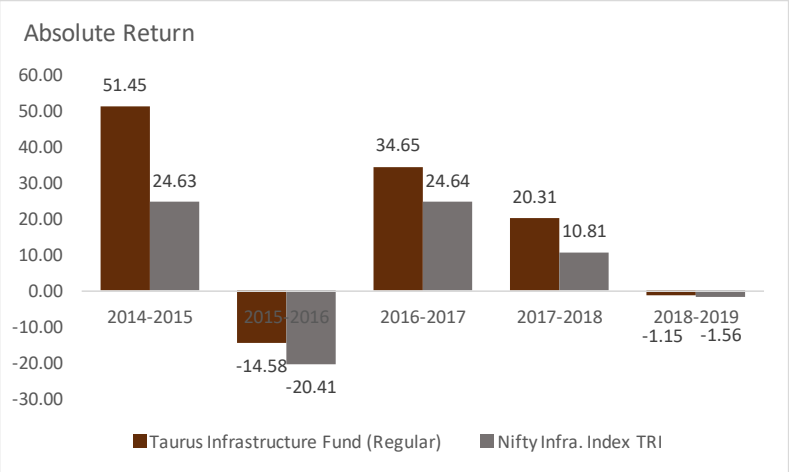
Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future
Inception Date : 1st January 2013
Nifty Midcap 100 TRI



Taurus Infrastructure Fund – Regular Plan (Growth Option)

Period	Returns (%)	Benchmark Returns (%) #
1 Year	-1.15	-1.56
3 Years	16.85	10.5
5 Years	15.16	5.55
Since Inception	7.87	2.22

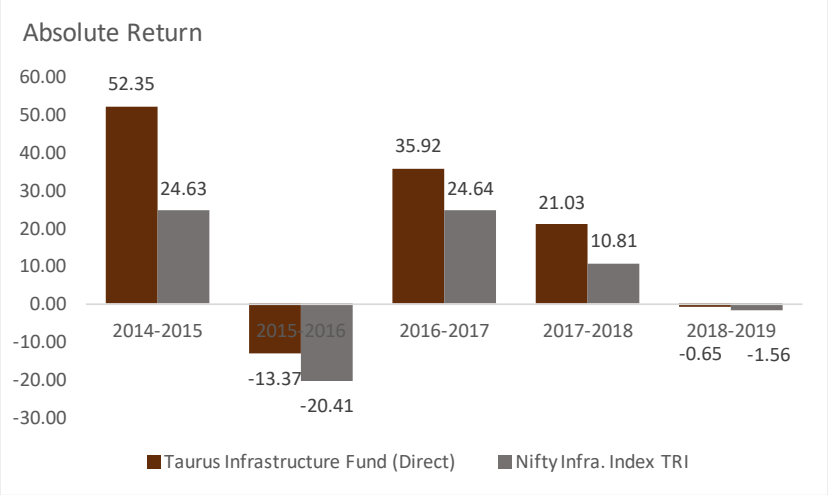
Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future
Inception Date : 5th March 2007
Nifty Infra. Index TRI



Taurus Infrastructure Fund – Direct Plan (Growth Option)

Period	Returns (%)	Benchmark Returns (%) #
1 Year	-0.65	-1.56
3 Years	17.65	10.5
5 Years	16.08	5.55
Since Inception	12.04	4.87

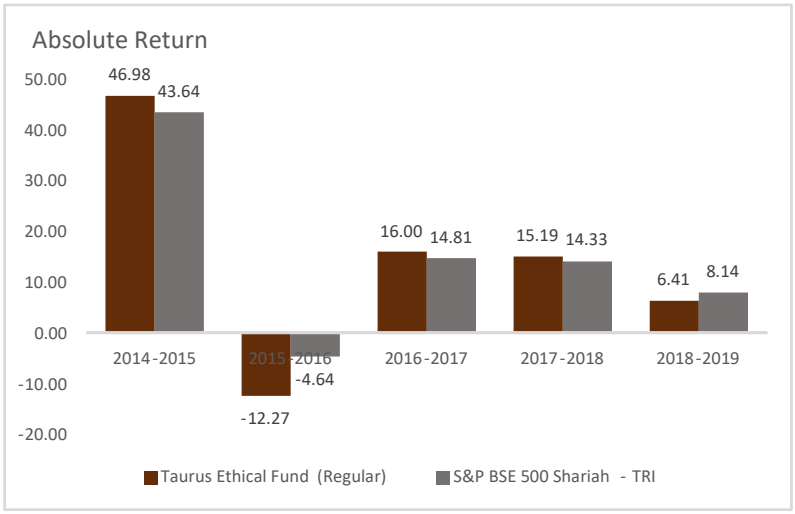
Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future
Inception Date : 1st January 2013
Nifty Infra. Index TRI



Taurus Ethical Fund – Regular Plan (Growth Option)

Period	Returns (%)	Benchmark Returns (%) #
1 Year	6.41	8.14
3 Years	12.28	12.31
5 Years	12.59	13.99
Since Inception	17.71	17.82

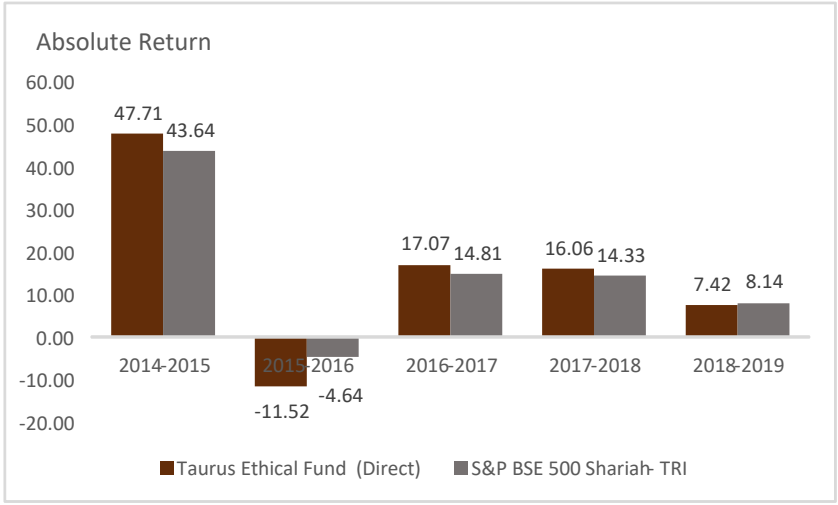
Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future
Inception Date : 6th April 2009
S&P BSE 500 Shariah - TRI



Taurus Ethical Fund – Direct Plan (Growth Option)

Period	Returns (%)	Benchmark Returns (%) #
1 Year	7.42	8.14
3 Years	13.25	12.31
5 Years	13.48	13.99
Since Inception	14.25	15

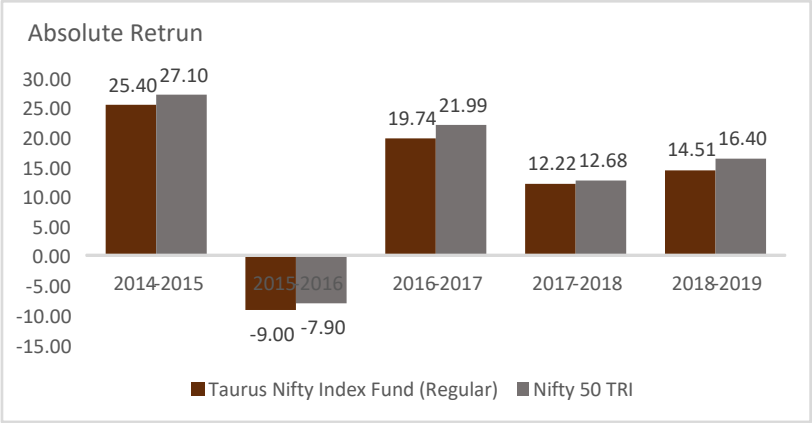
Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future
Inception Date : 1st January 2013
S&P BSE 500 Shariah - TRI



Taurus Nifty Index Fund – Regular Plan (Growth Option)

Period	Returns (%)	Benchmark Returns (%) #
1 Year	14.51	16.40
3 Years	15.29	16.79
5 Years	11.63	13.07
Since Inception	9.17	11.2

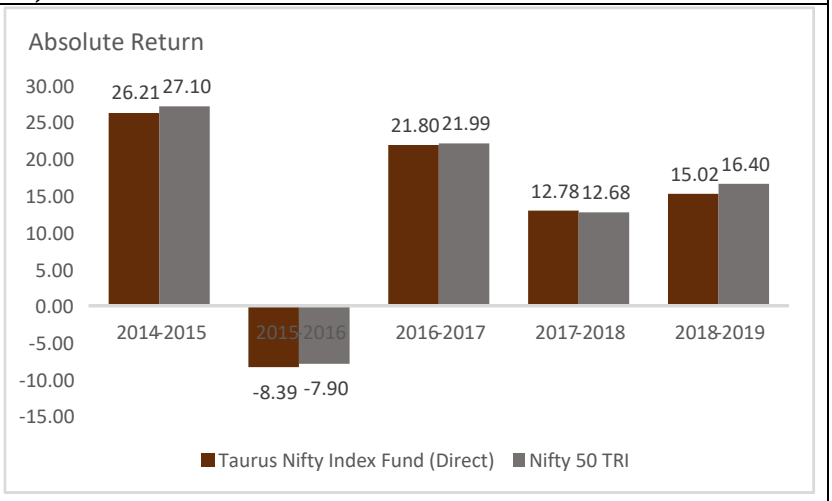
Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future
Inception Date : 19th June 2010
Nifty 50 TRI



Taurus Nifty Index Fund – Direct Plan (Growth Option)

Period	Returns (%)	Benchmark Returns (%) #
1 Year	15.02	16.40
3 Years	16.31	16.79
5 Years	12.52	13.07
Since Inception	12.06	12.71

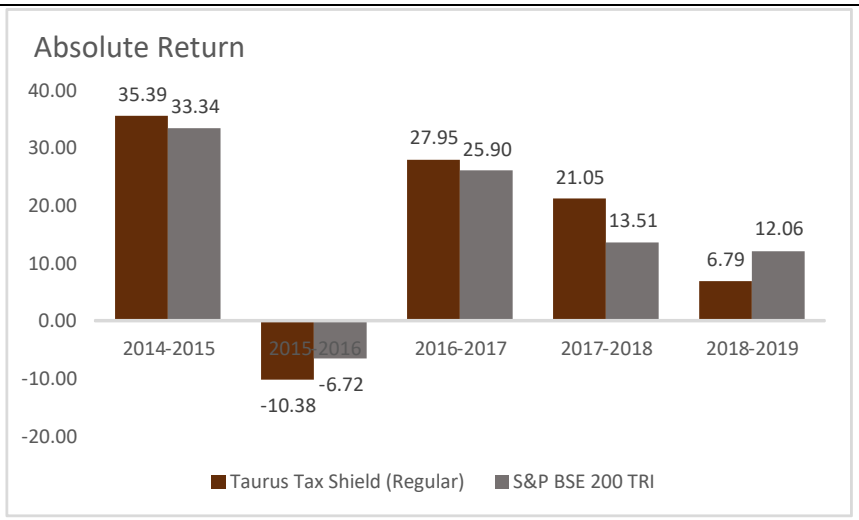
Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future
Inception Date : 1st January 2013
Nifty 50 TRI



Taurus Tax Shield – Regular Plan (Growth Option)

Period	Returns (%)	Benchmark Returns (%) #
1 Year	6.79	12.06
3 Years	18.05	16.87
5 Years	14.63	14.46
Since Inception	11.45	10.05

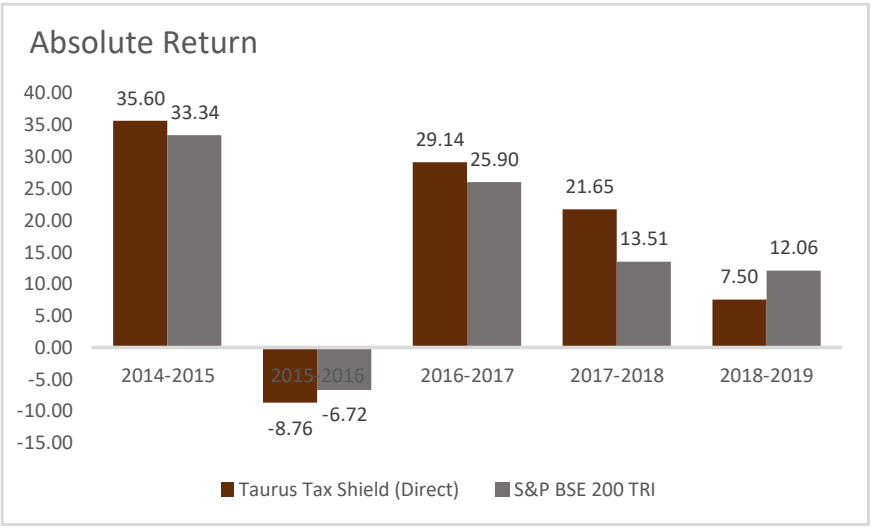
Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future
Inception Date : 31st March 1996
S&P BSE 200 TRI



Taurus Tax Shield – Direct Plan (Growth Option)

Period	Returns (%)	Benchmark Returns (%) #
1 Year	7.5	12.06
3 Years	18.87	16.87
5 Years	15.55	14.46
Since Inception	13.06	13.35

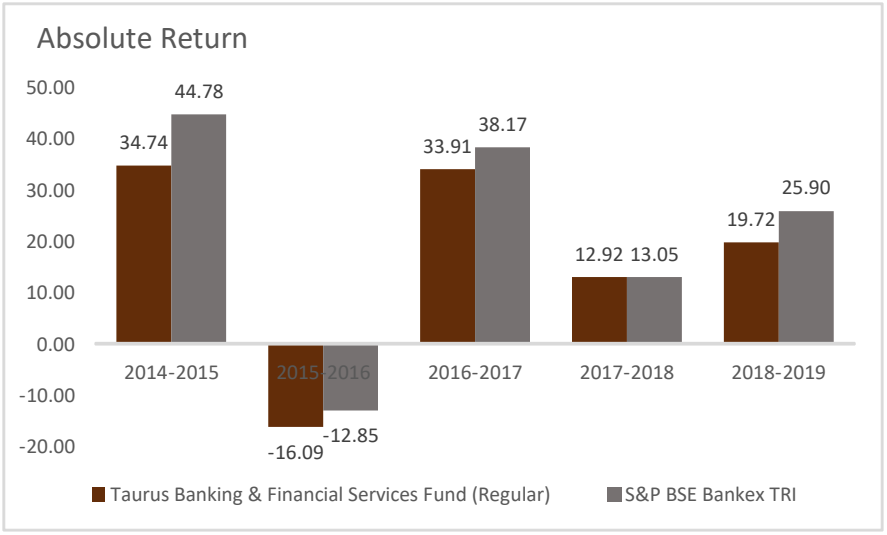
Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future
Inception Date : 1st January 2013
S&P BSE 200 TRI



Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund– Regular Plan (Growth Option)

Period	Returns (%)	Benchmark Returns (%) #
1 Year	19.72	25.90
3 Years	21.41	24.99
5 Years	14.85	19.46
Since Inception	14.87	19.72

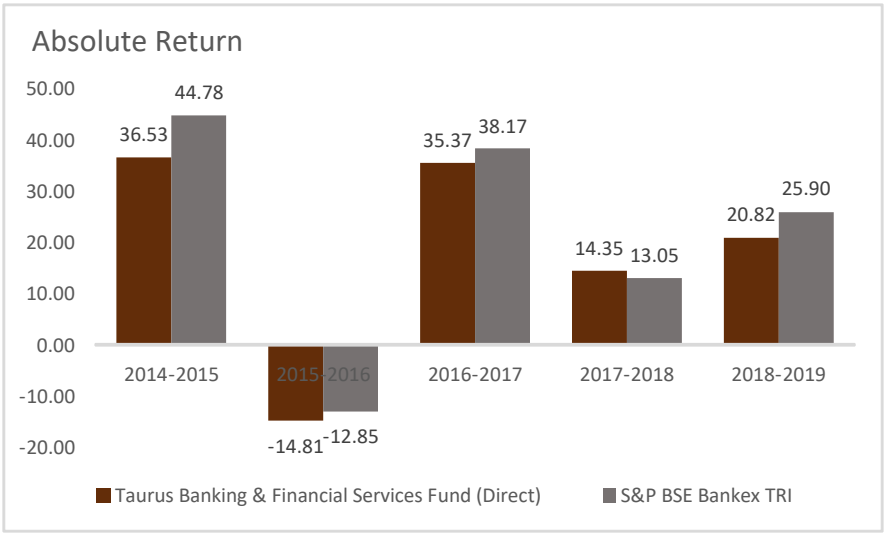
Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future
Inception Date : 22nd May, 2012
S&P BSE Bankex TRI



Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund – Direct Plan (Growth Option)

Period	Returns (%)	Benchmark Returns (%) #
1 Year	20.82	25.90
3 Years	22.74	24.99
5 Years	16.28	19.46
Since Inception	11.91	15.68

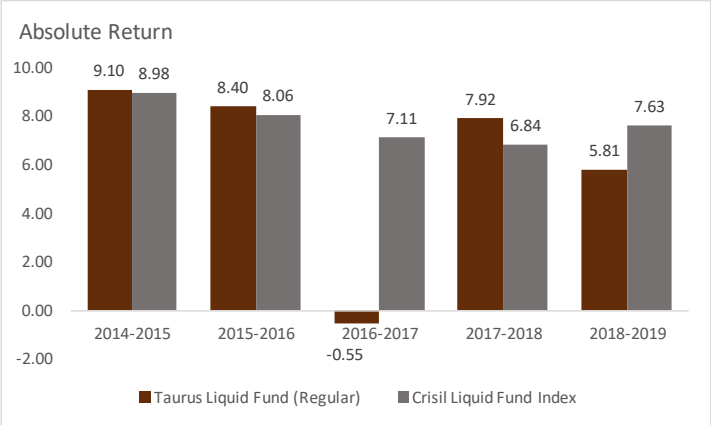
Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future
Inception Date : 1st January 2013
S&P BSE Bankex TRI



Income/ Debt Schemes

Taurus Liquid Fund – Regular Plan (Growth Option)

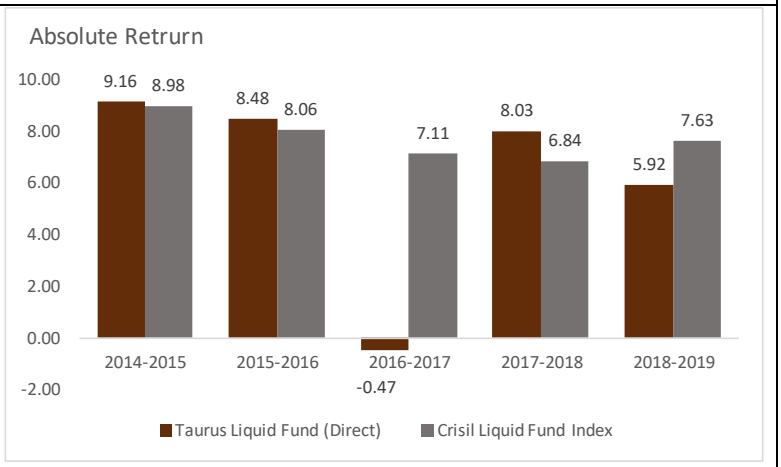
Period	Retail Returns (%)	Super Institutional Returns (%)	Benchmark Returns (%) #
1 Year	5.81	7.63	1 Year
3 Years	4.33	7.2	3 Years
5 Years	6.07	7.72	5 Years
Since Inception	6.43	7.43	Since Inception



Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future
Inception Date : Retail -31st August 2006 ;
Insti & Super Insti - 26th September 2008
CRISIL Liquid Fund Index

Taurus Liquid Fund – Direct Plan (Growth Option)

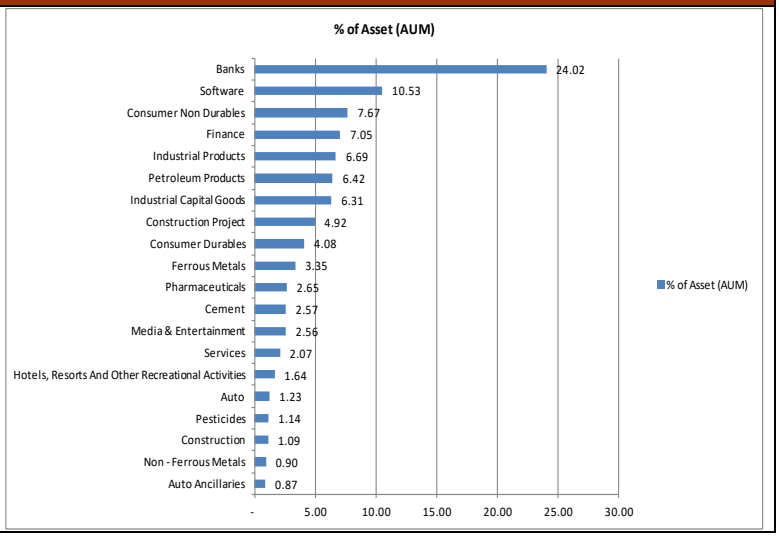
Period	Returns (%)	Benchmark Returns (%) #
1 Year	5.92	7.63
3 Years	4.43	7.2
5 Years	6.16	7.72
Since Inception	6.81	8.02



Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future
Inception Date : 1st January 2013
CRSIL Liquid Fund Index

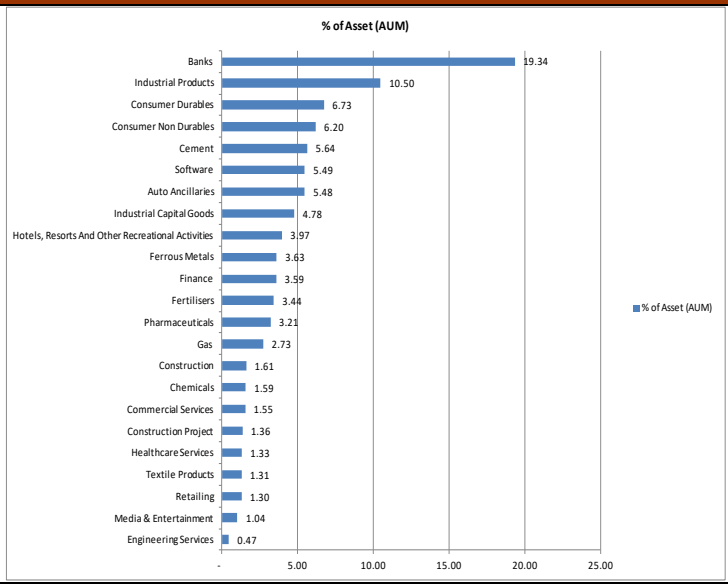
PORTFOLIO OF SCHEMES WITH TOP 10 HOLDINGS & EQUITY SECTOR ALLOCATION AS ON MARCH 31, 2019

Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap) Fund

Company Name	% of Scrip (AUM)	Sector Allocation
Top 10 Holdings		
HDFC Bank Ltd.	6.52	
Reliance Industries Ltd.	6.42	
ICICI Bank Ltd.	6.36	
Housing Development Finance Corporation Ltd.	5.15	
Axis Bank Ltd.	5.07	
Larsen & Toubro Ltd.	4.92	
State Bank of India	3.91	
Infosys Ltd.	3.87	
ITC Ltd.	3.62	
Tata Consultancy Services Ltd.	2.64	
Total Top 10 Holdings	**48.48**	
Total Equity	**97.77**	
Cash & Cash Receivables	2.23	
Total	**100.00**	

Portfolio Turnover Ratio: 2.40

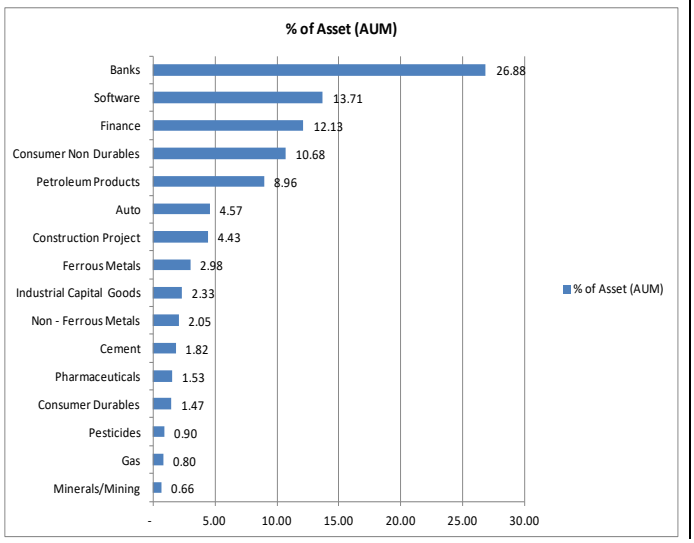
Taurus Discovery (Midcap) Fund

Company Name	% of Scrip (AUM)	Sector Allocation
Top 10 Holdings		
DCB Bank Ltd.	3.70	
Coromandel International Ltd.	3.44	
The Federal Bank Ltd.	3.44	
RBL Bank Ltd.	2.50	
Thermax Ltd.	2.39	
City Union Bank Ltd.	2.27	
Jindal Steel & Power Ltd.	2.18	
The Indian Hotels Company Ltd.	2.17	
Union Bank of India	2.16	
ACC Ltd.	2.15	
Total Top 10 Holdings	**26.40**	
Total Equity	**96.31**	
Cash & Cash Receivables	3.69	
Total	**100.00**	

Portfolio Turnover Ratio: 2.85

Taurus Largecap Equity Fund

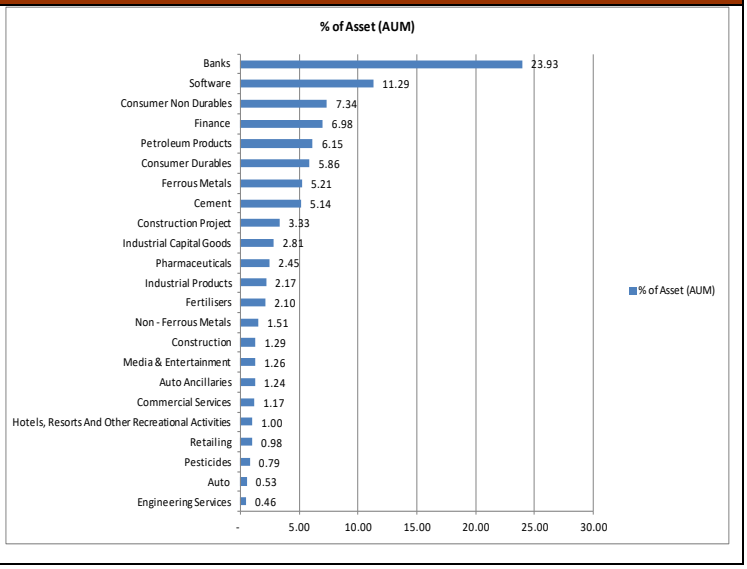
Company Name	% of Scrip (AUM)	Sector Allocation
Top 10 Holdings		
Reliance Industries Ltd.	8.96	
ICICI Bank Ltd.	7.32	
HDFC Bank Ltd.	7.15	
Infosys Ltd.	5.88	
Axis Bank Ltd.	5.83	
Tata Consultancy Services Ltd.	5.05	
ITC Ltd.	4.66	
Larsen & Toubro Ltd.	4.43	
Housing Development Finance Corporation Ltd.	4.39	
State Bank of India	3.11	
Total Top 10 Holdings	**56.78**	
Total Equity	**95.91**	
Cash & Cash Receivables	4.09	
Total	**100.00**	



Portfolio Turnover Ratio: 1.90

Taurus Tax Shield

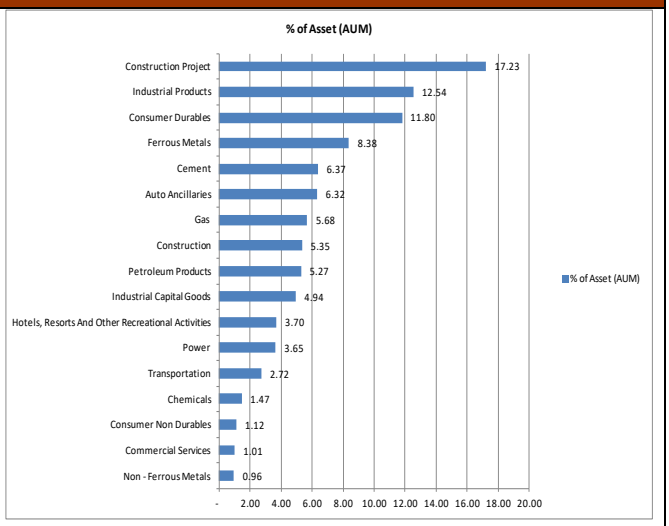
Company Name	% of Scrip (AUM)	Sector Allocation
Top 10 holdings		
Reliance Industries Ltd.	6.15	
ICICI Bank Ltd.	5.63	
HDFC Bank Ltd.	5.55	
Axis Bank Ltd.	4.71	
Infosys Ltd.	3.97	
Housing Development Finance Corporation Ltd.	3.80	
Tata Consultancy Services Ltd.	3.49	
Larsen & Toubro Ltd.	3.33	
ITC Ltd.	3.32	
State Bank of India	2.90	
Total Top 10 Holdings	**42.85**	
Total Equity	**94.99**	
Cash & Cash Receivables	5.01	
Total	**100.00**	



Portfolio Turnover Ratio: 2.36

Taurus Infrastructure Fund

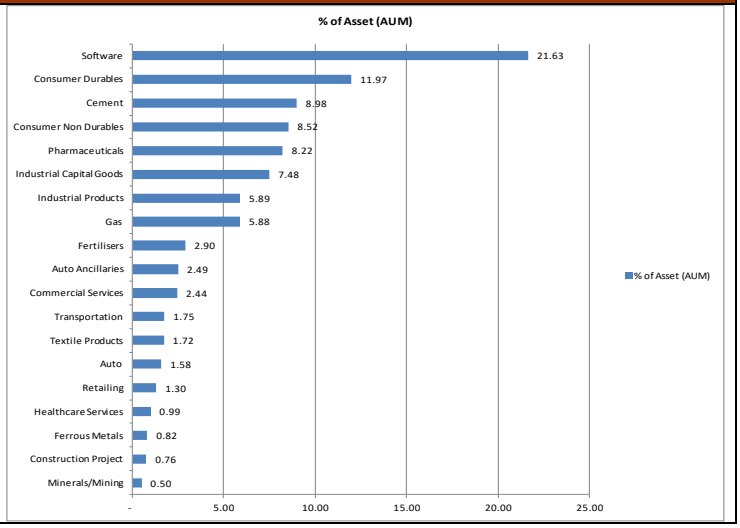
Company Name	% of Scrip (AUM)	Sector Allocation
Top 10 holdings		
Larsen & Toubro Ltd.	9.43	
Reliance Industries Ltd.	5.27	
Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd.	3.65	
Indraprastha Gas Ltd.	3.32	
Engineers India Ltd.	3.14	
AIA Engineering Ltd.	3.10	
Bajaj Electricals Ltd.	2.92	
Container Corporation of India Ltd.	2.72	
JK Lakshmi Cement Ltd.	2.70	
JSW Steel Ltd.	2.54	
Total Top 10 Holdings	**38.79**	
Total Equity	**98.52**	
Cash & Cash Receivables	1.48	
Total	**100.00**	



Portfolio Turnover Ratio: 1.46

Taurus Ethical Fund

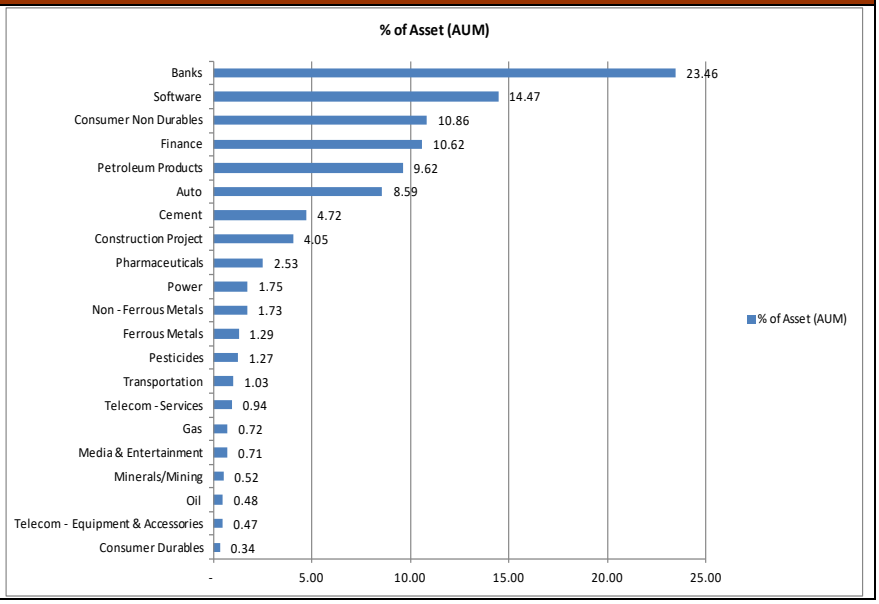
Company Name	% of Scrip (AUM)	Sector Allocation
Top 10 Hoildings		
Infosys Ltd.	5.93	
Tata Consultancy Services Ltd.	5.35	
Coromandel International Ltd.	2.90	
Petronet LNG Ltd.	2.61	
Lakshmi Machine Works Ltd.	2.57	
3M India Ltd.	2.44	
ABB India Ltd.	2.12	
Torrent Pharmaceuticals Ltd.	2.10	
Info Edge (India) Ltd.	2.09	
Shree Cement Ltd.	2.07	
Total Top 10 Holdings	**30.17**	
Total Equity	**95.83**	
Cash & Cash Receivables	4.17	
Total	**100.00%**	



Portfolio Turnover Ratio: 2.00

Taurus Nifty Index Fund

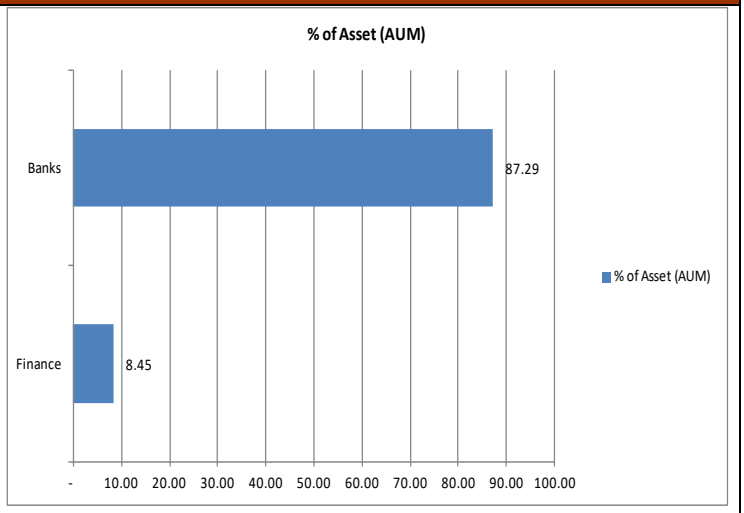
Company Name	% of Scrip (AUM)	Sector Allocation
Top 10 Holdings		
Infosys Ltd.	9.22	
Reliance Industries Ltd.	8.28	
Housing Development Finance Corporation Ltd.	7.44	
HDFC Bank Ltd.	7.07	
ITC Ltd.	6.24	
ICICI Bank Ltd.	5.68	
Ultratech Cement Ltd.	4.41	
Larsen & Toubro Ltd.	4.05	
Hindustan Unilever Ltd.	2.92	
Kotak Mahindra Bank Ltd.	2.89	
Total Top 10 Holdings	**58.2**	
Total Equity	**100.1**	
Cash & Cash Receivables	-0.15	
Total	**100.00**	



Portfolio Turnover Ratio: 0.11

Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund

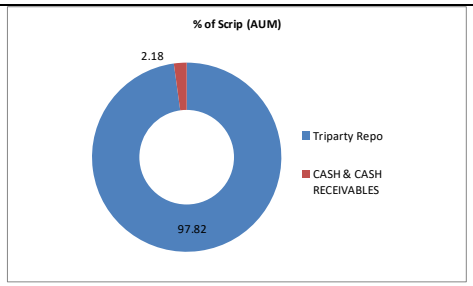
Company Name	% of Scrip (AUM)	Sector Allocation
Top 10 Holdings		
ICICI Bank Ltd.	22.01	
HDFC Bank Ltd.	18.81	
Kotak Mahindra Bank Ltd.	12.66	
Axis Bank Ltd.	11.97	
State Bank of India	7.54	
IndusInd Bank Ltd.	3.55	
Bajaj Finance Ltd.	3.14	
The Federal Bank Ltd.	1.92	
Yes Bank Ltd.	1.68	
RBL Bank Ltd.	1.60	
Total Top 10 Holdings	**84.87**	
Total Equity	**95.74**	
Cash & Cash Receivables	4.26	
Total	**100.00**	

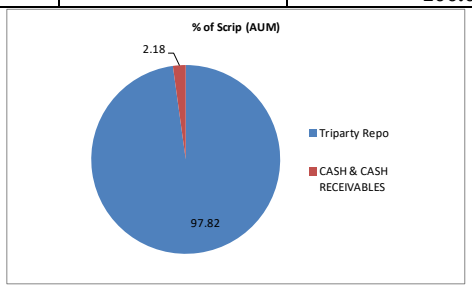


Portfolio Turnover Ratio: 0.84

Taurus Liquid Fund

Company Name	Industry / Rating	% of Scrip (AUM)
Triparty Repo		
The Clearing Corporation of India Ltd.		97.82
TOTAL - TRIPARTY REPO		97.82
CASH & CASH RECEIVABLES		2.18
Total		**100.00**





Note: Following is the website link to obtain scheme's latest portfolio holding http://www.taurusmutualfund.com/Download/portfolio.php.

III UNITS AND OFFER

This section provides details you need to know for investing in a scheme.

A. New Fund Offer (NFO)

All the schemes included in this Common Scheme Information Document are ongoing schemes and so this section is not applicable.

B. Ongoing Offer Details

<table>
<tr><td>Ongoing Offer Period
This is the date from which the scheme will reopen for subscriptions/redemptions after the closure of the NFO period.</td><td>All the schemes are open-ended schemes and units are available for sale and repurchase on all business days at the applicable Net Asset Value.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Ongoing price for subscription (purchase)/switch-in (from other schemes/plans of the mutual fund) by investors.
This is the price you need to pay for purchase/switch-in.</td><td>At the applicable NAV</td></tr>
<tr><td>Ongoing price for redemption (sale) /switch outs (to other schemes/plans of the Mutual Fund) by investors.

This is the price you will receive for redemptions/switch outs.</td><td>At the applicable NAV subject to prevailing exit loads.
Securities Transaction Tax (STT) shall be levied @0.001 percent i.e. 0.1 basis point on the seller on sale/ redemption of units in equity schemes.

Example:

For Computation of Sale Price :-
<table><tr><td>NAV</td><td>10.00</td></tr><tr><td>Entry Load</td><td>0%</td></tr><tr><td>Sale Price</td><td>10.00</td></tr></table>
For Computation of Repurchase Price:-
<table><tr><td>NAV</td><td>10.00</td></tr><tr><td>Exit Load (assumed rate of 2%)</td><td>2%</td></tr><tr><td>Repurchase Price</td><td>9.80</td></tr></table></td></tr>
<tr><td>Introduction of Direct Plan for investing Directly with the Fund (Applications not routed through distributors)</td><td>In accordance with Para D titled “Separate Option for direct investments” under Circular no. CIR/IMD/DF/21/2012 dated September 13, 2012 issued by Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI), a separate plan for direct investments (i.e. investments not routed through an AMFI Registration Number (ARN) Holder (“Distributor”) (hereinafter referred to as “Direct Plan”) has been introduced w.e.f. January 01, 2013 as under:

1. Introduction of Direct Plan: Direct Plan is only for investors who purchase/subscribe Units in a Scheme directly with the Fund and is not available for investors who route their investments through a Distributor.
2. Scheme eligibility: Direct Plan have been introduced in the following open-ended schemes of the Fund (except plans discontinued for further subscriptions):
Equity Schemes : (a) Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap) Fund (b) Taurus Largecap Equity Fund (c) Taurus Discovery (Midcap) Fund (d) Taurus Infrastructure Fund (e) Taurus Tax Shield (f) Taurus Ethical Fund (g) Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund
Index Scheme : Taurus Nifty Index Fund
Debt Schemes : Taurus Liquid Fund
(hereinafter collectively referred to as “the Schemes”)</td></tr>
</table>

	3. Plans / Options/ Sub-options: All Plans / Options/ Sub-options offered under the Schemes **("Regular (Existing) Plan")** are also available for subscription under the Direct Plan. Thus from the Effective Date, there are two plans available for subscription under the Schemes viz., Regular (Existing) Plan and Direct Plan. Portfolio of the Scheme under the Regular (Existing) Plan and Direct Plan are common. **4. Scheme characteristics :** Scheme characteristics such as Investment Objective, Asset Allocation Pattern, Investment Strategy, risk factors, facilities offered and terms & conditions including load structure is the same for the Regular (Existing) Plan and the Direct Plan except that : Direct Plan has a lower expense ratio excluding distribution expenses, commission, etc. and no commission for distribution of units is paid/charged under the Direct Plan. **5. Applicable NAV and allotment of units:** The starting Net Asset Value (NAV) for the Direct Plan is not at par, but at the same NAV of the Regular (Existing) Plan on the day of first purchase in Direct Plan. **6. Eligible investors / mode for applying:** All categories of investors (whether existing or new Unitholders) as permitted under the Scheme Information Document of the Schemes are eligible to subscribe under Direct Plan. Investments under Direct Plan can be made through various modes offered by the Fund for investing directly with the Fund (except Stock Exchange Platform(s) and all other Platforms(s) where investors' applications for subscriptions of units are routed through Distributors). **7. How to apply :** Investors subscribing under Direct Plan of a Scheme will have to mention "Direct Plan" against the 'Plan' Column in the application form Example: Investors subscribing under Direct Plan of Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap) Fund will have to indicate the Scheme/ Plan name in the application form as follows: Name of the Scheme: **Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap) Fund** Plan **: Direct Plan** Option : **Growth or Dividend Payout or Dividend Reinvestment** Investors should also indicate "Direct" in the ARN column of the application form . However, in case Distributor code is mentioned in the application form, but 'Direct Plan" is indicated against the Scheme name, the Distributor code will be ignored and the application will be processed under Direct Plan. Further, where application is received for Existing Plan without Distributor code or "Direct" mentioned in the ARN Column, the application will be processed under Direct Plan. **8. Existing Investments :** (a) Investors wishing to transfer their accumulated unit balance held under Regular (Existing) Plan (through lumpsum, systematic investments made with or without distributor code) to Direct Plan will have to switch/redeem their investments (subject to applicable Exit Load, if any) and apply under Direct Plan. (b) Investors who have invested without Distributor code and have opted for Dividend Reinvestment facility under Regular (Existing) Plan may note that the dividend will continue to be reinvested in the Regular (Existing) Plan only. **9.Investments through systematic route:** (a) In case of Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) / Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) / Dividend Sweep facility, etc., registered prior to 01/01/2013 **without any distributor code** under the Regular (Existing) Plan, installments falling on or after 01/01/2013 will automatically be processed under the Direct Plan. (b) Investors who had registered for Systematic Investment Plan facility prior to 01/01/2013 **with distributor code** and wish to invest their **future installments** into the Direct Plan, should make a written request to the Fund in this behalf. The Fund will take atleast 15 days to process such requests. Intervening installments will continue in the Regular (Existing) Plan. (c) In case of the following facilities which were registered under the Regular (Existing) Plan prior to 01/01/2013, the future installments shall continue under the Regular (Existing) Plan: (i) Systematic Transfer Facilities (registered with Distributor Code) (ii) Dividend Sweep Facilities (registered from a folio where investments were made with Distributor code) In case such investors wish to invest under the Direct Plan through these facilities, they would have to cancel their existing enrolments and register afresh for such facilities. **10.Redemption requests:** Where Units under a Scheme are held under both Regular

	(Existing) and Direct Plans and the redemption/Switch request pertains to the Direct Plan, the same must clearly be mentioned on the request (along with folio number), failing which the request would be processed from the Regular (Existing) Plan. However, where Units under the requested Option are held under one Plan, the request would be processed under such Plan. **11.Exit Load:** (a) Switch from Regular (Existing) Plan of a Scheme without ARN Code (whether the investments were made before or after 01/01/2013) to Direct Plan of the Scheme will not attract the applicable exit load, if any. For any subsequent switch-out or redemption from the Direct Plan, the holding period of applicability of load will be considered from the date of initial investment in the Regular (Existing) Plan. (b) Switch from Regular (Existing) Plan of a Scheme under ARN Code (whether the investments were made before or after 01/01/2013) to Direct Plan of the Scheme will attract applicable exit load, if any. However, any subsequent switch-out or redemption of such investments from the Direct Plan will not be subject to any exit load. (c) Switch from Direct Plan of Scheme to Regular (Existing) Plan (under ARN code) of the Scheme will not attract applicable exit load. For any subsequent switch-out or redemption from the Regular (Existing) Plan, the holding period for applicability of load will be considered from the date of such switch to Regular (Existing) Plan. **12. Tax consequences**: Switch/redemption may entail tax consequences. Investors should consult their professional tax advisor before initiating such requests.
Cut off timing for subscriptions/ redemptions/ switches This is the time before which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance.	**I PURCHASES** Equity Schemes and Debt Schemes excluding Taurus Liquid Fund (For all applications for amounts less than Rs 2 lakhs) 1. In respect of valid applications received up-to 3:00 pm along with a local cheque or a demand draft payable at par at the place where the application is received, the closing NAV of the day on which application is received shall be applicable. 2. In respect of valid applications received after 3:00 pm along with a local cheque or demand draft payable at par at the place where the application is received, the closing NAV of the next business day shall be applicable. 3. However, in respect of valid applications with outstation cheques/demand drafts not payable at par at the place where the application is received, closing NAV of the day on which cheque/demand draft is credited shall be applicable. **Applicable NAV for applications for Rs 2 lacs and above** In respect of valid applications for purchase/switch/SIP/STP for Rs 2 lakhs and above received upto 3 p.m. at the official points of acceptance, the closing NAV of the day, on which the funds are available for utilization before the cut off time of 3 p.m. shall be applicable for allotment of units. It is clarified that funds availability will be determined by the AMC based on cash management feeds received from the banks as regards the funds credited to its collection accounts. Further, the closing NAV of the day on which the funds are available for utilization shall be applied where the aggregated amount of investments is Rs 2 lacs and above for all open-end schemes of Taurus Mutual Fund (except Taurus Liquid Fund) by following the below mentioned practice of aggregating split transactions : a. All transactions received on the same day (as per Time stamp rule) b. Transactions to include purchases, additional purchases, excluding Switches, SIP/STP/Opti SIP/ Opti STP and various other eligible systematic transactions. c. Aggregations to be done on the basis of investor/s PAN. In case of joint holdings, transactions with similar holding structure to be aggregated,similar to the principle applied for compilation of Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) d.All transactions to be aggregated where investor holding pattern is same as stated above, irrespective of whether the amount of the individual transaction is above or below Rs 2 lacs.

e. Only transactions in the same scheme will be clubbed. This will include transactions at option level (Dividend, Growth, Direct).
f. Transactions in the name of minor received through guardian shall not be aggregated with the transaction in the name of same guardian.

The decision of the AMC in this regard will be final.

II REDEMPTIONS

a) In respect of valid applications received upto 3:00PM, same day's closing NAV shall be applicable.

b) In respect of valid applications received after 3:00 PM, the closing NAV of the next business day shall be applicable.

III SWITCH TRANSACTIONS

Valid applications for "switch out" shall be treated as redemptions and for "switch in" shall be treated as purchases and the above guidelines for purchases and redemptions shall be applicable.

Liquid Scheme

I PURCHASES

1. The following cut-off time shall be observed in Taurus Liquid Fund (across all its plans), and following NAV shall be applied for purchases:
   a) Where the application is received up to 2.00 pm on a business day at the official point of acceptance (OPA) and funds are available for utilisation before the cut-off-time, the closing NAV of the day immediately preceding the day of receipt of application.
   b) Where the application is received after 2.00 pm on a business day and funds are available for utilization on the same day, the closing NAV of the day immediately preceeding the next business day.
   c) Irrespective of the time of receipt of application, where the funds are not available for utilization before the cut-off time, the closing NAV of the day immediately preceding the day on which the funds are available for utilization. Allotments for purchase in Taurus Liquid Fund as well as switch - in from other schemes of the fund into Taurus Liquid Fund are subject to receipt of valid application / switch-in request, credit of entire subscription / switch - in amounts in Taurus Liquid Fund Account before 2.00 pm.

II REDEMPTIONS

(2) The following cut-off timings will be applicable in respect of repurchase of units in liquid fund schemes and their plans, and the following NAVs shall be applied for such repurchase:

a. where the application is received upto 3.00 pm – the closing NAV of the day immediately preceding the next business day ; and
b. where the application is received after 3.00 pm – the closing NAV of the next business day.

III SWITCH TRANSACTIONS

Valid applications for "switch out" shall be treated as redemptions and for "switch in" shall be treated as purchases and the above guidelines for purchases and redemptions shall be applicable.

The Cut-off timings for Subscriptions/ Redemptions & Switches are explained by means of the following tables for better understanding :

All Purchase (inflow) transactions in Liquid, & Equity Funds

Scheme Type	Amount	New Purchase / Additional Purchase / SIP		
		Application Time	Credit in Bank A/c (same day)	NAV Applicability
Liquid Fund	Any Amount	Before 2.00 pm	Before 2.00 pm	Day preceeding the day of application.
	Any Amount	Before 2.00 pm	After 2.00 pm	Day preceeding the next business day.
	Any Amount	After 2.00 pm	Before 2.00 pm	
	Any Amount	After 2.00 pm	After 2.00 pm	
Equity Fund	>= 2 lakhs	Before 3.00 pm	Before 3.00 pm	Day on which funds are credited.
		Before 3.00 pm	After 3.00 pm	Next Business day
		After 3.00 pm	Before 3.00 pm	
		After 3.00 pm	After 3.00 pm	
	< 2 lakhs	Before 3.00 pm	N.A.	Day of receipt of application
		After 3.00 pm		Next Business day

All Redemption/ Switch Out / Systematic Transfer Out & Switch In / Systematic Transfer In

SWITCH OUT from LIQUID FUND

Switch Out / Redemption	Switch In / Purchase	Amount of Switch	Transaction Day	NAV Applicability	
				Switch Out	Switch In
Liquid Fund	**Liquid Fund**	Any Amount	Business Day (T) (Mon – Thurs)	Business Day (T)	
			Business Day (T) (Fri or day preceeding holiday)	Day preceeding the next Business Day (Sunday/Holiday)	
Liquid Fund	**Equity Fund**	>= 2 lakhs	Business Day (T) (Mon – Thurs)	Business Day (T)	Next Business Day (T+1)
			Business Day (T) (Fri or day preceeding holiday)	Day preceeding the next Business Day (Sunday/Holiday)	Next Business Day (T+1/ Monday)
		< 2 lakhs	Business Day (T) (Mon – Thurs)	Business Day (T)	
			Business Day (T) (Fri or day preceeding holiday)	Business Day (T) (Friday)	

SWITCH OUT from EQUITY FUNDS

Switch Out / Redemption	Switch In / Purchase	Amount of Switch	Transaction Day	NAV Applicability	
				Switch Out	Switch In
Equity Fund	**Liquid Fund**	Any Amount	Business Day (T) (Mon – Thurs)	Business Day (T)	Day preceeding the day of credit (T+2)
			Business Day (T) (Fri or day preceeding holiday)	Business Day (T)	Day preceeding the day of credit (T+2)
Equity Fund	**Equity Fund**	>= 2 lakhs	Business Day (T) (Mon – Thurs)	Business Day (T)	Day of credit (T+3)
			Business Day (T) (Fri or day preceeding holiday)	Business Day (T)	Day of credit (T+3)
		< 2 lakhs	Business Day (T) (Mon – Thurs)	Business Day (T)	
			Business Day (T) (Fri or day preceeding holiday)	Business Day (T)	

All multiple applications for investment in equity schemes at the Unit holders' PAN and holding pattern level in a Scheme (irrespective of amount or the plan/option) received on the same Business Day, will be aggregated. If the total amount equals to Rs. 2 lakh or more the applicable Net Asset Value would be as per the above table for applications above Rs 2 lakhs.

<table>
<tr><td>Where can the applications for purchase/ redemption switches be submitted?</td><td>Offices of Taurus Asset Management Company Limited andnotified Investor Service Centres of M/s Karvy Fintech Pvt Limited and any other official point of acceptance as may be declared by the AMC, from time to time.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Minimum amount for purchase</td><td>
<table>
<tr><th>Scheme Name</th><th>Minimum Application Amount</th></tr>
<tr><td>Taurus Largecap Equity Fund, Taurus Discovery (Midcap) Fund, Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap), Taurus Infrastructure Fund, Taurus Nifty Index Fund, Taurus Ethical Fund &Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund</td><td>Rs. 5000 and in multiples of Re 1 thereafter</td></tr>
<tr><td>Taurus Tax Shield</td><td>Rs. 500 and in multiples of Rs 500 thereafter</td></tr>
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</table>
</td></tr>
<tr><td>Plans & Options</td><td>Each Scheme will offer two plans : Regular (Existing) Plan and Direct Plan

Regular (Existing) Plan: This Plan is for investors who wish to route their investment through any distributor.

Direct Plan shall be available for such investment applications which are not routed through a distributor. All the features of the Direct Plan under Scheme like the investment objective, asset allocation pattern, investment strategy, risk factors, facilities offered, load structure etc. will be the same except for a lower expense ratio. Brokerage/Commission paid to distributors will not be paid / charged under the Direct Plan.

Default Plan

Investors subscribing for units under Direct Plan of a Scheme should indicate ‘Direct Plan’ against the scheme name in the application form. Investors should also mention</td></tr>
</table>

'Direct' in the ARN column of the application form. The table showing various scenarios for treatment of application under 'Direct Plan' or 'Regular (Existing) Plan' is as follows:

Scenario	Broker Code mentioned by the investor	Plan mentioned by the investor	Default Plan to be captured
1	Not mentioned	Not mentioned	Direct Plan
2	Not mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan
3	Not mentioned	Regular	Direct Plan
4	Mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan
5	Direct	Not Mentioned	Direct Plan
6	Direct	Regular	Direct Plan
7	Mentioned	Regular	Regular Plan
8	Mentioned	Not Mentioned	Regular Plan

In cases of wrong/ invalid/ incomplete ARN codes mentioned on the application form, the application 'shall be processed under Regular Plan. Taurus Asset Management Company Limited (TAMCO) shall contact and obtain the correct ARN code within 30 calendar days of the receipt of the application form from the investor/ distributor. In case, the correct code is not received within 30 calendar days, TAMCO shall reprocess the transaction under Direct Plan from the date of application without any exit load, if applicable.

Under both the Plans the Scheme(s) will offer the following options:

Scheme Name	Option & Sub-Option	
	Option	Sub-option
Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap) Fund	Growth	
	Dividend	Dividend Payout
		Dividend Reinvestment
Taurus Discovery (Midcap) Fund	Growth	
	Dividend	Dividend Payout
		Dividend Reinvestment
Taurus Largecap Equity Fund	Growth	
	Dividend	Dividend Payout
		Dividend Reinvestment
Taurus Infrastructure Fund	Growth	
	Dividend	Dividend Payout
		Dividend Reinvestment
Taurus Ethical Fund	Growth	
	Dividend	Dividend Payout
		Dividend Reinvestment
Taurus Nifty Index Fund	Growth	
	Dividend	Dividend Payout
		Dividend Reinvestment
Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund	Growth	
	Dividend	Dividend Payout
		Dividend Reinvestment
Taurus Tax Shield	Growth	

		Dividend	Dividend Payout
	Taurus Liquid Fund	Super Institutional	Growth
			Daily Dividend Reinvestment
			Weekly Dividend Reinvestment

Default Option:
If the investor does not clearly specify the choice of Option at the time of investing, the default option will be treated as Growth.

If the investor does not clearly specify the choice of Payout /Reinvestment within the Dividend Option, it will be treated as a Reinvestment sub-option.

Introduction of Dividend Option –
Taurus Liquid Fund:
Institutional & Super Institutional introduced on 26th September 2008.

Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap) fund:
Dividend Option introduced on 1st January 2009.

Taurus Largecap Equity Fund:
Dividend Option introduced on 6th May 2008.

Taurus Tax Shield:
Dividend Option introduced on 6th May 2008.

Single Plan Structure for Taurus Liquid Fund

With effect from October 01, 2012,

(i) Taurus Liquid Fund Fund has started offering only a single plan i.e. Super Institutional Plan. Retail & Institutional Plans under this Scheme has been discontinued for fresh subscriptions/ additional purchase/ switch-ins. These plans will continue as long as existing investors continue to stay invested in these plans.
(ii) All new subscriptions/switch-ins/SIP/STPs will be made only in Super Institutional Plan of this scheme. Taurus Liquid Fund will offer the following options- Growth, Daily Dividend Reinvestment, Weekly Dividend Reinvestment & Dividend Sweep.
(iii) Fresh subscriptions/additional purchase, if any received under the Retail or Institutional Plans of Taurus Liquid Fund shall automatically be processed for allotment under the corresponding or default sub-option (as applicable) of Super Institutional Plan of this scheme..

Discontinuation of the Dividend Reinvestment Sub-option under Dividend Option of Taurus Tax Shield	The Dividend Reinvestment Sub-option (hereinafter referred to as "Reinvestment option") under the Dividend Option of Taurus Tax Shield (An Open-ended Equity Linked Tax Saving Scheme) has been discontinued with effect from February 16, 2015 ("Effective Date"). Accordingly, the revised options under Taurus Tax Shield ("the Scheme") will be Growth and Dividend with Growth being the default option. Thus the Dividend option under the Scheme will only offer Dividend Payout Sub-option. Consequently, no fresh subscriptions (including systematic transactions) would be accepted under the Dividend Reinvestment Sub-option of the Scheme from the Effective Date. The outstanding units under Dividend Reinvestment Sub-option will be converted into the Dividend Payout Sub-option from the Effective Date and the dividend declared, if any, will be compulsorily paid out instead of reinvestment. The Systematic Investment Plans (SIPs) that were registered under the Dividend Reinvestment Sub-option of the Scheme will be processed under the Dividend Payout Sub-option.

Bonus (Applicable to Taurus Ethical Fund)	The Bonus option under the Regular (Existing) & Direct plans of Taurus Ethical Fund ("the Scheme") has been discontinued with effect from 15/06/2015. Accordingly, the Scheme would have only Dividend and Growth options w.e.f. 15/06/2015 under Regular & Direct Plans, with Growth option as the default option. Consequently, no fresh subscriptions would be accepted under the Bonus Option of the Scheme – whether by way of fresh subscription or additional purchase or under Systematic Investment Plan (SIP). The outstanding units in respect of the existing unit holders under the Bonus Option shall be continued, without allowing any fresh subscription from the unit holder, till all units under the Bonus Option of the scheme have been redeemed and subsequently, the Bonus Option shall be closed. The aforesaid changes will be applicable with effect from 15th June, 2015. Accordingly, SIP transactions if any under the Bonus Option of the Scheme would also be discontinued from the same date. Henceforth, no Bonus Units would be declared under any Scheme and Bonus Option would not be offered under any Scheme.
Dividend Sweep Option	Under the Dividend Sweep Option (DSO), the investors may opt to automatically sweep (invest) the net dividend amount payable under the Scheme (hereinafter referred to as "Source Scheme") into any other open-ended ed schemes (hereinafter referred to as "Target Scheme")of Taurus Mutual Fund on the ex-dividend date (i.e., the immediate next business day after the Record Date) into the Target Scheme specified by the investor, at the applicable NAV of the Target Scheme and accordingly applicable number of units will be allotted in the Target Scheme. There is no minimum amount prescribed for dividend amount sweep to the Target Scheme via DSO. Accordingly, the provision for 'Minimum Application Amount' specified in the respective Target Scheme's SID will not be applicable for investment made via DSO. 1. Under the Dividend Sweep Option (DSO), the investors may opt to automatically transfer (invest) the net dividend amount (i.e., net of statutory levy / taxes, if any) payable under the Scheme (hereinafter referred to as "Source Scheme") into any other scheme (hereinafter referred to as "Target Scheme") of Taurus MutualFund on the ex-dividend date (i.e., the immediate next business day after the Record Date) into the Target Scheme specified by the investor, at the applicableNAV of the Target Scheme and accordingly applicable number of units will be allotted in the Target Scheme, subject to the terms and conditions of the respectiveTarget Scheme. 2. The minimum amount of investment is not applicable for investment made through DSO in the Target Schemes. 3. The Units allotted in the Target scheme against investment via DSO will be subject to the applicable Exit Load of the Target scheme. 4. Unitholder(s) are advised to read the SID/KIM of Target Scheme(s) carefully before opting for DSO. 5. Unit holders who wish to enroll for the DSO facility are required to fill in and submit a prescribed DSO Enrolment Form complete in all respects at any of theOfficial Point of Acceptance (OPA) of TMF, separately for each Scheme/Plan/Option. The enrolment for DSO facility shall be for all units under the DividendOption of the respective Source Scheme. Request for dividend sweep to multiple schemes are not allowed, partial Dividend Sweep and partial Dividend Payout / Reinvestment are also not permitted. If the unitholder fails to specify the option i.e. growth, bonus or dividend of the target schemes then, the default shall be growth option and the default option under dividend shall be dividend re-investment option. 6. The DSO Enrollment Form is available with the OPAs and distributors of TMF as well as on the website of TMF, namely, www.taurusmutualfund.com 7. Enrolment under the DSO facility will automatically override any previous instructions of the Unitholder for 'Dividend Payout' or 'Dividend Reinvestment' facility,as the case may be, in the Source Scheme and will also apply to additional units allotted in the Source Scheme subsequently on account of additional subscription / switch-in / SIP / STP etc.

	8. The request for enrolment for DSO must be submitted at least seven (7) working days prior to the Record Date for the dividend in the Source Scheme. Hence investors should submit the DSO enrolment request sufficiently in advance. In case of this condition not being met, the DSO enrolment would be effective from the immediately succeeding Record Date of the dividend in the Source Scheme. Consequently, any dividend declared between the date of acceptance of theDSO Enrollment Form and date of registration thereof by the Registrar will be paid out or reinvested in the Source Scheme, as applicable. 9. Unit holders will have the right to opt out of DSO facility at any time by submitting a written request. At the time of discontinuation of DSO facility, the unit holdersshould specify their choice of option i.e. Dividend Reinvestment or Dividend Payout, in the Source Scheme, failing which, the default sub-option, i.e., DividendReinvestment will be applicable. 10. Request for cancellation of DSO must be submitted at least seven (7) working days prior to the Record Date for the dividend in the Source Scheme. Any dividend declared in the Source Scheme during the interim period will be swept to the Target Scheme. 11. The Account Statement for DSO transactions will be sent by post or by email (if email id. is provided) within 30 days of dividend sweep. 12. It is expressly clarified that the dividends so swept and invested in Target Scheme shall be constructive payment of dividends to the Unit holder/s and constructive receipt of the same amount from each Unit holder for investment in units of Target Scheme. It is further clarified that the dividend amount transferred would be treated as switch-in / subscription transaction in the Target Scheme and will be liable to PAN and KYC provisions, as may be applicable. 13. TMF is not guaranteeing or assuring any dividend under any of the schemes. All dividend distributions are subject to investment performance of the respective schemes, availability of distributable surplus and at the discretion of the Trustee. 14. The AMC reserves the right to change/ modify the terms and conditions of the DSO without prior notice or without assigning any reason thereof. If DSO facility iswithdrawn from any Source Scheme or Target Scheme, all investors who have opted for DSO will be shifted under Dividend Reinvestment Option in theSource Scheme and the unitholders will be sent suitable intimation.
Redemptions and Minimum balance to be maintained and consequences of non maintenance	For all schemes redemptions can be for any amount or any number of units, subject to the minimum balance in Rupees, which is required to be maintained in the account, at the time of the redemption. Investors holding Unit Certificates are advised to surrender the same along with updation of their latest information not limited to bank details, PAN & FATCA to enable the redemption request to be processed.TAMCO reserves the right to close an investor's account if the value of the unit balance in the account falls below the minimum amount of investment in all the schemes. In such an event, TAMCO reserves the right to compulsorily redeem the balance units in the account completely at the applicable redemption price with or without giving him the option to invest sufficient funds to bring the value of the unit balance in the account to the required limits, within 30 days after the date of such shortfall. The Fund may revise the minimum/maximum amounts and methodology for redemptions as and when necessary. Such change may be brought about after taking into account the cost structure for a transaction account and / or Market practices and / or the interest of the unitholders. Further such changes shall be carried out on a prospective basis from the date of notification of such change and would not, in any manner, be prejudicial to the interests of the investors who have joined the scheme before such notification. Any changes would be informed to unitholders by way of an advertisement. **Scheme Name** | **Redemption** Taurus Largecap Equity Fund, Taurus Discovery (Midcap) Fund, Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap) fund, Taurus Tax Shield, Taurus Infrastructure Fund, Taurus Nifty Index Fund, Taurus Ethical Fund, Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund, & Taurus Liquid Fund. | Any Amount or any number of units
Implementation of Know Your Customer (KYC) norms under Prevention of Money	TMF is committed to complying with all applicable Anti Money Laundering and KYC laws and regulations. TMF recognizes the value and importance of creating a business environment that strongly discourages money launderers from using TMF. To that end,

Laundering Act (PMLA), through a designated KYC Registration Authority (KRA)	certain policies have been adopted by the AMC. The need to KYC is vital for the prevention of money laundering. Compliance with KYC requirements has been made mandatory for Resident Individuals, Non Resident Individuals/PIOs/OCIs, Any investor investing through a distributor under special arrangement generally titled as a *"Channel Investor/Channel Distributor" and all Non Individual Investors like Corporate, Partnership, Firms, Trust HUF, etc. *Channel Distributors are those distributors who have an arrangement with Taurus Asset Management Company Ltd. wherein they will submit the mutual fund transactions details (viz. subscriptions/ redemptions/switches, other non-financial transactions, etc.) of their clients electronically to Taurus Asset Management Co Ltd. The above category of investors for the purpose of KYC compliance shall include (i) their constituted Power of Attorney (PoA) holder, in case of investments through a PoA; and (ii) each of the applicants, in case of application in joint names. **a. KYC registered under KYC Registration Agency (KRA):** **Units held in account statement (non-demat) form** It is mandatory for the investors to quote the KYC Compliance Status of each applicant (guardian in case of minor) in the application and attach proof of KYC Compliance viz. KYC acknowledgement letter for all purchases/ switches/ registrations for Systematic Investment Plan (SIP)/ Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) Dividend Transfer Plan (DTP). Applicants intending to apply for units through a Power of Attorney (PoA) must ensure that the issuer of the PoA and the holder of the PoA must mention their KYC Compliance Status and attach proof of KYC Compliance at the time of investment. New investors (also see CKYCR – pt. b) below) are therefore requested to use the common KYC Application Form and carry out the KYC process including In-Person Verification (IPV) (applicable for Individual investors only), with any SEBI registered intermediaries including mutual funds. The KYC Application Forms are also available on our website www.taurusmutualfund.com. Existing KYC compliant investors of the Fund can continue the practice of providing KYC Acknowledgement Letter/ Printout of KYC Compliance Status downloaded from CDSL Ventures Ltd. (CVL) website (www.cvlindia.com) using the PAN at the time of investment Once the investor has done KYC with any SEBI registered intermediary, the investor need not undergo the same process again with the Fund. **Units held in electronic (demat) form** For units held in demat form, the KYC performed by the Depository Participant of the applicants will be considered as KYC verification done by the Trustee / AMC. In the event of non compliance of KYC requirements, the Trustee/AMC reserves the right to freeze the folio of the investor(s) and effect mandatory redemption of unit holdings of the investors at the applicable NAV, subject to payment of exit load, if any. For further details, please refer Section 'Know Your Customer (KYC) Compliance' under Statement of Additional Information available on our website www.taurusmutualfund.com **b. Central KYC Records Registry (CKYCR):** The Government of India vide their Notification dated November 26, 2015 authorised the Central Registry of Securitisation Asset Reconstruction and Security Interest of India (CERSAI) to act as and to perform the functions of the Central KYC Records Registry under the said rules, including receiving, storing, safeguarding and retrieving the KYC records under the Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002. SEBI required all the market intermediaries to update/upload KYC details of the **new customer/investors (not KYC-KRA compliant)** on CERSAI's online platform. CERSAI is a centralized repository of KYC records of customers/investors in the financial sector with uniform KYC norms and inter-usability of the KYC records across the sector with an objective to reduce the burden of producing KYC documents and getting those verified every time when the customer/investors creates a new relationship with a financial entity. Central

KYC (CKYC) will store all the customer/investor information at one central server that is accessible to all the financial institutions. After opening a KYC account under the CKYC, customer/investor will get a 14-digit identification number ("KYC Number") and that the same may be quoted by the investor wanting to invest in mutual funds. Further, the Mutual Fund/AMC is required to check whether the PAN of the investor has been updated in CKYCR. In case the PAN has not been updated, the Mutual Fund/AMC shall collect a self-certified copy of the investor's PAN card and update/upload the same in CKYCR. In case the Investor uses the old KRA KYC form for updating of any KYC information, such investor shall be required to provide additional/missing information only by using the supplementary CKYC form or fill the new "CKYC form".

With effect from Feb 1, 2017, the following will be applicable - CKYC (for Individuals) and KYC (for Non-Individuals, as per existing process). KYC or CKYC may be used interchangeably while writing in SID/SAI; though with the clear understanding that CKYC is applicable for Individuals only.

Non PAN based KYC applicability through KRA:

For certain nature of transactions and type of clients, PAN is not mandatory. In such cases common standard KYC through KRAwill continue to apply. Such nature of transactions and type of clients and the documents required for successful completion of KYC is mentioned below:

1. In case of transactions undertaken on behalf of Central Govt. and /or State Government and by officials appointed by Courts e.g. Official liquidator, Court receiver etc.
2. Investors residing in the state of Sikkim**
3. UN entities/multilateral agencies exempt from paying taxes/filingtax returns in India.
4. Micro schemes such as Systematic Investment Plan (SIP), whereaggregate of installments in a rolling 12 month period or in afinancial year i.e. April to March does not exceed Rs 50,000.

**Investments from Investors residing in Sikkim

Special condition:

1. Proof of address of Sikkim state and application form should mention the same address.

Documents required:

1. Standard specified identification instruments like Voter ID card, Government/Defense ID card, Card of Reputed employer, Driving License, Passport in lieu of PAN.
2. Proof of address** copy. It is clarified that where identification documents photo contains the address of the investor, a separate proof of address is not required.
3. Supporting documents copy shall be attested by a KYD Compliant ARN holder mentioning the ARN number or attested by any competent authority, as described above. These documents will be required to be submitted along with a KYC application form with valid IPV, as described above**.**

** Address Proof – As per the Prevention of Money Laundering (Maintenance of Records) Fifth & Sixth Amendment Rules, 2017 – provided that in case of officially valid document furnished by the client^^ does not contain updated address, the following documents shall be deemed officially valid documents for the limited purpose of proof of address -

I. Utility bills not more than 2 months old of any service provider (electricity, telephone, post-paid mobile phone, piped gas, water bill;)
II. Property or Municipal tax receipt;
III. Pension or family pension payment order (PPOs) issued to retired employees by Govt. Dept. or PSUs, if they contain the address;
IV. Letter of allotment of accommodation from employer issued by State Govt. or Central Govt. Departments, statutory or Regulatory bodies, PSUs, Scheduled Commercial Banks, FIs amd listed companies and Leave & License Agreements with such employers allotting official accommodation.

^^ In case of a Foreign National – document issued by Govt.Departments of foreign jurisdictions and letter issued by the Foreign Embassy or Mission in India shall be

	accepted as Proof of address. However, it is clarified that Investors with PAN are required to follow PAN based common standard KYC through KRA procedure as mentioned above. For complying with the KYC requirement all the investors could approach POS or KRA for submitting their KYC Application Form (KAF) and the mandatory documents of Proof of Identity and Proof of Address. The list of documents required for a valid KYC Application by Resident Indian and the process is mentioned above Please also read more detailed instructions on the reverse of the KYC application form. After verification of the KYC application form and accompanying documents, investors will receive a letter certifying their KYC compliance. Investors are requested to read the KYC section of Statement of Additional Information (SAI) in detail. Investors are requested to note that KYC would be subject to verification of the veracity of the claim of the investors by collecting sufficient documentary evidence. The AMC reserves the right to ask for the necessary documentation to the satisfaction of the Mutual Fund. The AMC, under powers delegated by the Trustee, shall have absolute discretion to reject any application, prevent further transactions by a unitholder, if after due diligence, the investor/ unitholder/ person making the payment on behalf of the investor does not fulfill the requirements of the KYC Policy or the AMC believes that the transaction is suspicious in nature with regard to money laundering. Currently, the AMC is also acting as POS at its offices as listed at www.taurusmutualfund.com In accordance with AMFI's Best Practices Guidelines Circular no. 62/2015-16 dated September 18, 2015, **w.e.f. January 01, 2016** it shall be mandatory for all investors to provide additional KYC information such as Income details, Occupation, Association with Politically Exposed Person, Networth etc. as mentioned in the application form. The AMC reserves the right to reject the application/ transaction if such information is not provided.
Permanent Account Number (PAN)	In accordance with SEBI circulars dated April 27, 2007 and June 25, 2007, with effect from July 02, 2007, PAN issued by the Income Tax authorities will be used as the sole identification number for all investors transacting in the securities market including mutual funds, irrespective of the amount of transaction. Thus, on and from January 01, 2008, it will be mandatory for all investors to provide a certified* copy of the PAN card for all transactions in units of the Scheme. In case of investors who do not provide a certified* copy of the PAN card, the application for transaction in units of the Scheme is liable for rejection. However, vide Circular No.MRD/DOP/MF/CIR.08/2008 dated April 3, 2008 issued by SEBI, it has been clarified that Individuals and Non-Individuals residing in Sikkim location are exempted from submission of PAN. They have, however, to comply with KYC norms. *Investors are requested to submit a copy along with the original for verification at the investor service centers of the Fund / KARVY, which will be returned across the counter. A Bank Manager's attestation or a Notarized copy will also be accepted.
Ultimate Beneficial Ownership (UBO)	In line with the Prevention of Money Laundering Act 2005, (PMLA) and SEBI Circular no. CIR/MIRSD/2/2013 dated January 24, 2013 and AMFI's Best Practices Guidelines Circular no. 62/2015-16 dated September 18, 2015, investors may note **w.e.f. January 01, 2016** it shall be mandatory for existing investors/ unitholders to provide Ultimate Beneficial Ownership details failing which the AMC shall reject the transaction for additional subscription (including switches) Taurus Mutual Fund reserves the right to reject application / restrict further investments or seek additional information from investors who have not provided the requisite

	information on beneficial ownership. In the event of change in UBO, investors are required to immediately update the details with Taurus Mutual Fund / Karvy Fintech Private Limited (Registrar).
Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) and Common Reporting Standards (CRS)	FATCA is an acronym for Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA), a United States Federal law to increase compliance by US tax payers and is intended to bolster efforts to prevent tax evasion by the US tax payers with off shore investments. The Government of India and the United States of America (US) have reached an agreement in substance on the terms of an Inter-Governmental Agreement (IGA) and India is now treated as having an IGA in effect from April 11, 2014. The AMC/Mutual Fund are likely to be classified as a Foreign Financial Institution (FFI) (Investment Entity as per Annexure 1(i) under the FATCA provisions). In accordance with the regulatory requirements related to FATCA/CRS read along with SEBI Circular no. CIR/MIRSD/2/2015 dated August 26, 2015 and AMFI's Best Practices Guidelines Circular no. 63/2015-16 dated September 18, 2015 regarding uniform implementation of FATCA/ CRS requirements, **w.e.f. January 01, 2016** all investors will have to mandatorily provide the details and declaration pertaining to FATCA/ CRS for all new/ existing accounts opened, failing which the AMC shall reject the application.
Suspicious Transaction	If after due diligence, the AMC believes that the transaction is suspicious in nature as regards money laundering, the AMC shall report any suspicious transactions to competent authorities under the PMLA and rules/ guidelines issued there under by SEBI and RBI, furnish any such information in connection therewith to such authorities and take any other actions as may be required for the purposes of fulfilling its obligations under the PMLA without obtaining the prior approval of the investor/ Unit Holder/ a person making the payment on behalf of the investor.
Employee Unique Identification Number (EUIN)	Pursuant to Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) circular number CIR/IMD/DF/21/2012 dated September 13, 2012, investor/s shall have the provision in the application / transaction form to specify the unique identity number (EUIN) of the employee/relationship manager/sales person (sales person) of the distributor interacting with the investor/s for the sale of mutual fund products, along with the Association of Mutual Fund in India (AMFI) Registration Number (ARN) of the distributor. Investors are hereby requested to note the following with respect to EUIN: 1. AMFI has allotted EUIN to all the sales person of AMFI registered distributors and to all the Individual ARN holders including senior citizens. 2. Investor/s shall specify the valid ARN code, and the valid EUIN of the sales person/Individual ARN holders in the application/transaction form. This will assist in handling the complaints of mis-selling, if any, even if the sales person on whose advice the transaction was executed leaves the employment of the distributor. 3. Investors are requested to use the new application/ transaction forms which have space for sub-broker ARN code and EUIN.
Bank Account Details	It is mandatory for every applicant to provide the name of the bank, branch, address, account type and number as per the SEBI requirements and any Application Form without these details will be treated as incomplete. Such incomplete applications will be rejected. The Registrar/AMC may ask the investor to provide a blank cancelled cheque or its photocopy for the purpose of verifying the bank account number. **Procedure of Registration or Change of Bank Account & Address:** **Registration of Bank Account** A. For existing customers who have not registered their bank account as per records of Taurus Mutual Fund ii) Download Multiple Bank Account Registration Form from www.taurusmutualfund.com and submit the duly filled & signed form at any of Taurus Mutual Fund Official Point of Transactions ii) Support the form with a Cancelled Original Cheque of the new Bank Mandate with First Unit Holder Name and Bank Account Number printed on the face of the Cheque. B. For existing customers Taurus Mutual Fund who have registered their Bank Account

	and wish to change the bank account i). Submit the Multiple Bank Account Registration Form, duly filled & signed. ii).Support the form with a Cancelled Original Cheque of the new Bank Mandate with First Unit Holder Name and Bank Account Number printed on the face of the cheque. **Registration of Address** A) For KYC Complied Customer i) Proof of new address& PAN Card copy ii) Any other documents that may be specified at the time of Registration of Address B) For Non KYC customer i) Proof of new address ii) Proof of Identity: PAN card copy or any other photo proof of identity All documents need to be self attested. The documents should either be submitted as True Notarised attested copies or accompanied with Original forverification.
Bank Mandate Registration As Part Of Fresh Purchase Application/New Folio Creation	With effect from November 01, 2013 Investors / Unitholders would be required to submit one of the following documents for the bank mandate specified in the application form, in case the cheque provided along with freshsubscription/ new folio creation does not belong to the bank mandate specified in the application form (for redemption/ dividend payment): 1. Original cancelled cheque having First Holder's Name & Bank Account Number printed on the face ofthe cheque (or) 2. Original Bank Statement reflecting the First Holder's Name, Bank Account Number and Bank Name asspecified in the application (or) 3. Photocopy of the bank statement or bank pass book with current entries not older than 3 months dulyattested by the Bank Manager / Authorized Official (or) 4. Bank letter confirming the Name & Bank Account Number of the First Holder along with the MICR & IFSCdetails (if available) duly signed by the Bank Manager / Authorized Official.
Registration of Multiple Bank Accounts	An Individual investor may register up to 5 bank accounts while a Non-Individual investor may register up to 10 bank accounts with Taurus Mutual Fund and choose any one of these accounts as the preferred bank account which will be used to make the dividend / redemption proceeds by the Fund. The investor may also choose any one of the remaining bank accounts from the registered list for the said purposes. In case the investor fails to mention any preference, then by default the first number indicated in the list shall be the preferred account number. However the entire proceeds will necessarily be credited to a Single Account and shall not be allocated to multiple bank accounts. For any Change of Bank or Multiple Bank Registration request, the following is mandatory submission ==> ORIGINAL of any one of the following Or originals to be produced for verification Or True attested copy by the bank - i) Cancelled original cheque of the new bank mandate with first unit holder name and bank account number printed on the face of the cheque OR ii) Self attested copy of bank statement OR iii) Bank passbook with current entries not older than 3 months OR iv) Bank Letter duly signed by branch manager / authorized personnel. For bank change/multiple registration in existing folios, where there are no existing bank details, in addition to the above documents an additional requirement is submission of a Photo ID proof of the first holder. All bank change/multiple bank registration requests will take 10 calendar days, from the date of submission of all valid documents, to become effective.
Restrictions on acceptance of third party instruments	TAMCO will not accept any application for subscription to units of schemes of Taurus Mutual Fund where such application is accompanied by Third Party Payment other than the exceptions given in paragraph below. 'Third-Party Payment' means a payment made through instruments issued from a bank account other than that of bank account of first named applicant/investor. In case of payments from a joint bank account, the first named unit holder/investor must be one of the joint holders of bank account from which payment is made. **Exception to Third-Party Payments:**

	TAMCO will accept subscriptions to schemes of Taurus Mutual Fund accompanied by Third Party Payment Instruments only in following exceptional cases: a) Payment by Parents/Grand-Parents/Related Persons* on behalf of a minor in consideration of natural love and affection or as gift for a value not exceeding ` 50,000/- (each regular purchase or per SIP instalment). However, this restriction will not be applicable for payment made by a Guardian, whose name is registered in the records of Taurus Mutual Fund in that folio; b) Payment by an Employer on behalf of employees under Systematic Investment Plans (SIP) or lump sum / one-time subscription, through Payroll deductions or deductions out of expense reimbursements. c) A Custodian on behalf of a Foreign Institutional Investor (FII/FPI) or a client. d) Payment by TAMCO to a Distributor empanelled with it on account of commission/ incentive etc. in the form of the units of schemes of Taurus Mutual Fund through SIP or lump sum / one-time subscription, subject to compliance with SEBI Regulations and Guidelines issued by AMFI from time to time. e) Payment by a Corporate to its Agent / Distributor / Dealer (similar arrangement with Principal-agent relationship), on account of commission / incentive payable for sale of its goods / services, in the form of Mutual Fund units through Systematic Investment Plans or lump sum / one-time subscription, subject to compliance with SEBI Regulations and Guidelines issued by AMFI, from time to time. * 'Related Person' means any person investing on behalf of a minor in consideration of natural love and affection or as a gift. In case of exceptions mentioned above, investors will be required to comply with the following requirements without which application for subscription to units will be rejected: a) Mandatory Know Your Customer ('KYC') for all investors (guardian in case of minor) and the person making the payment. KYC Acknowledgement Letter for all the investors as well as the person making the payment should be attached to the application form. b) Third Party Declaration from the investors (guardian in case of minor) and the person making the payment (third party) stating details of bank account from which the payment is made and the relationship with the investor(s). In addition, TAMCO reserves the right to ask for cancelled cheque leaf or copy of bank statement / pass book page mentioning bank account number, account holders' name and address or such other document as TAMCO may require for verifying the source of funds to ensure that funds have come from the drawer's account only. c) If the subscription is settled with pre-funded instruments such as Pay Order, Demand Draft, Banker's Cheque etc., a Certificate from the issuing banker must accompany the purchase application, stating the Account holder's name and the Account number which has been debited for issue of the instrument. TAMCO shall check that the funds have been debited from a pre-registered pay in account, or from the account of the first named unit holder. d) A pre-funded instrument issued by the Bank against Cash shall not be accepted for investments of Rs 50,000/- or more. e) If payment is made by RTGS, NEFT, ECS, bank transfer etc, a copy of the instruction to the bank stating the account number debited must accompany the purchase application. TAMCO shall check that the account number mentioned on the transfer instruction copy is a registered pay-in account or belonging to the first named unit holder. f) If aggregated payments are received via Channel distributors, TAMCO shall ensure that the settlement model has satisfactory checks and balances against third party payments. g) For payments through net banking and debit cards (as and when made applicable) , TAMCO shall endeavour to obtain the details of the bank account debited from the payment gateway service provider and match the same with the registered pay-in accounts. If it is found that the payment is not made from a registered bank account or from an account not belonging to the first named unit holder, TAMCO shall reject the transaction with due intimation to the investor. Currently, where the investor account

<table>
<tr><td></td><td>details are not made available by the payment gateway service provider, TAMCO shall obtain the name of the bank making payment for the subscription.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Safe mode of writing cheque</td><td>As a best practice, to avoid fraud, investors are advised to prepare the payment instrument (i.e. either cheque or demand draft or payorder) favoring the name of the scheme with the first investor'sname, PAN number or Folio number (if any) e.g.: “Taurus Starshare– Adarsh Shah (Name of the investor)” or “TaurusStarshare – AAABS356F” or “Taurus Starshare-6012345648”</td></tr>
<tr><td>Transferability of Mutual Fund Units in Dematerialized Form</td><td>Units issued by Taurus Mutual Fund in the Dematerialized Form can freely be transferred from one Demat Account to another Demat Account effective from 1st October 2010. However, restrictions on transfer of units of ELSS schemes during the lock-in period shall continue to be applicable as per the ELSS Guidelines.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Special Products available</td><td><u>SYSTEMATIC INVESTMENT PLAN</u>
This facility enables investors to save and invest periodically over a longer period of time. It is a convenient way to "invest as you earn" and affords the investor an opportunity to enter the market regularly, thus averaging the acquisition cost of Units. SIP Facility can be availed monthly/quarterly on the following dates: 1st, 5th, 10th, 15th& 28th [default date is 10th of each month/quarter]. Where the SIP end date is not given, the default SIP period will be 1 year. If any SIP date falls on a holiday/non-business day, then the next business day will be taken as the date of the SIP transaction.

Eligible schemes are – All open-ended Debt & Equity schemes.The minimum initial SIP amount can be Rs 1000/- & in multiple of Re1/- thereafter for monthly SIP and Rs 1500/- & in multiple of Re 1/- thereafter for quarterly SIP.
The investor can directly opt for the SIP (without the need for making a minimum lump sum investment of Rs 5000/-) by selecting one of the following two options:
(i) Monthly SIP : Monthly SIP instalments of atleast Rs 1000/- each for a minimum period of 6 months aggregating to Rs 6000/-

(ii) Quarterly SIP: Quarterly SIP instalments of atleast Rs 1500/- each for a minimum period of 4 quarters aggregating to Rs 6000/-

For Taurus Tax Shield: Minimum number of instalments is 12 and minimum value per Instalment is Rs 500/-

Investors can avail this facility either through ECS (Debit Clearing) of the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) in select cities OR through Auto Debit (standing Instruction)/ NACH via selected banks. Please see the table below –
<table>
<tr><th>SIP via ECS / Auto Debit/ NACH</th><th>SIP frequency</th><th>Min. application amt. (Initial or 1st purchase in a new/existing folio)</th><th>Min. number of ECS/Auto Debit/ NACH instructions **</th><th>Min. value per installment **</th><th>Min. aggregate value of all SIP installments</th></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2"></td><td>Monthly</td><td>Rs.1000/- & in multiple of Re1/- thereafter</td><td>6</td><td>Rs.1000/- & in multiple of Re 1/- thereafter</td><td>Rs.6000/-</td></tr>
<tr><td>Quarterly</td><td>Rs.1500/- & in multiple of Re1/- thereafter</td><td>4</td><td>Rs.1500/- & in multiple of Re 1/- thereafter</td><td>Rs. 6000/-</td></tr>
</table>
**Taurus Tax Shield Fund – Min. number of installment is 12 & minimum amount per installment is Rs. 500/-

For SIP through ECS/NACH mandate, a cancelled cheque with the first holder’s name on the face of the cheque is required to be submitted along with the ECS mandate. All the cheques/ payment instructions (including the first cheque/ payment instruction) shall</td></tr>
</table>

be of equal amounts. After the initial purchase, the first installment date should be at least 30 calendar days after the date of the SIP application submission. If the initial purchase also happens to the be the first SIP installment investment in an existing folio, then the second SIP installment date should be at least 30 calendar days after the date of SIP application submission. Non MICR/ Outstation cheques will not be accepted. There is no upper limit for the Purchase for a single cheque/ payment instruction or in aggregate.

The Auto-Debit facility is presently being offered to investors who provide the bank details as per the following list – Bank of Baroda, Bank of India, Punjab National Bank, Kotak Mahindra Bank, Indusind Bank, Citi Bank, HDFC Bank, IDBI Bank, ICICI Bank, Axis Bank, State Bank of India, Union Bank of India & Corporation Bank.

Micro SIP is available too and refers to SIPs upto Rs50,000/- per year per investor i.e. aggregate of investments in a rolling 12 months period or in a financial year. For Micro SIP, the maximum installment amount can be Rs4,000/- per month or Rs12,000/-per quarter in addition to the above conditions.

A SIP cancellation request should be submitted at least 15 working days prior to the next installment date. On receipt of a valid request, SIP will be terminated and the debit instruction given by the investor under ECS/ Auto Debit/ NACH will be cancelled.

The AMC reserves the right to reject any application inter alia in the absence of fulfillment of any regulatory requirements, fulfillment of any requirements as per the instructions in the application form, incomplete/ incorrect documentation and non-submission of any necessary information to the satisfaction of the Mutual Fund/AMC. All information herein is subject to change at any time. Investors are requested to read the Scheme Information Document (SID) and the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for the latest updates. Investors may also visit our website www.taurusmutualfund.com for any latest updates.iSIP is available via "Transact Online" (Taurus MF Website) to enable investors to invest in Taurus Mutual Fund Schemes via Online SIP.

SYSTEMATIC TRANSFER PLAN

Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) is a facility wherein an investor in any open-ended scheme (Transferor or Source scheme) of Taurus Mutual Fund can opt to transfer a fixed amount at regular intervals (as per the table below) to any other open-ended scheme(s) (Transferee or Target scheme) of Taurus Mutual Fund. The first STP transfer date will be atleast 15 days after the date of STP application. The Units will be allotted / redeemed at the Applicable NAV of the respective dates of the Scheme on which such transfers are sought from the Scheme. In case the day on which the transfer is sought is a non-Business Day for the Scheme, then the application for the facility will be deemed to have been received on the immediately following Business Day. An investor may cancel or may change the amount, not below the specified minimum, by giving atleast 15 working days prior written notice. STP may be terminated automatically if the balance falls below the minimum account balance or upon the receipt of notification of death or incapacity of the unitholders by the fund. Rules relating to the plan may be changed from time to time.

STP is not available for investments under lock-in period or pledge. In case of insufficient balance, the STP will not be affected.

Investors' details and mode of holding in the Transferee or Target scheme will be the same as that in the Transferor or Source scheme. Exit load, as applicable, will be levied on the transfer of units from the Source scheme.

STP Frequency	Minimum STP installment amount	Min. number of installments
Daily	Rs. 500/-	12

	<table><tr><td>Weekly (Friday)</td><td>Rs. 500/-</td><td>12</td></tr><tr><td>Monthly **</td><td>Rs. 1,000/-</td><td>6</td></tr><tr><td>Quarterly **</td><td>Rs. 1,500/-</td><td>4</td></tr></table> ****** Monthly & Quarterly dates are 1st, 5th, 10th, 15thand 28th. The AMC reserves the right to reject any application inter alia in the absence of fulfillment of any regulatory requirements, fulfillment of any requirements as per the instructions in the application form, incomplete/ incorrect documentation and non-submission of any necessary information to the satisfaction of the Mutual Fund/AMC. All information herein is subject to change at any time. Investors are requested to read the Scheme Information Document (SID) and the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for the latest updates. Investors may also visit our website – www.taurusmutualfund.com – for any latest updates. **SYSTEMATIC WITHDRAWAL PLAN** Systematic Withdrawal Plan is a facility which enables the unitholders to withdraw fixed sums from their unit accounts at periodic intervals. Any unitholder can avail of this facility subject to the terms and conditions contained in the SWP application form. A unitholder can opt for the facility at any time and receive regular monthly / quarterly payments from the account. The first withdrawal date should be alteast 7 business days after the date of SWP application.The valid dates for SWP are 1st, 5th, 10th, 15th and 28th. The minimum number of SWP installments is 6 and the minimum SWP amount is Rs. 1000/-. The amount withdrawn under SWP by redemption shall be converted into units of the scheme at the applicable NAV and such units will be subtracted from the unit balance of that unitholder. In case the date falls on a holiday or falls during a Book Closure Period, the immediate next Business Day will be considered for this purpose.Taurus Mutual Fund may close an investor's account if the balance falls below Rs5000/- or equivalent number of units, due to redemptions or use of SWP. This minimum balance amount needed for SWP may be altered from time to time at the discretion of the AMC. Unitholders may terminate the SWP or change the amount of withdrawal, but not below the specified minimum, by giving 15 days notice to the Fund / R&T Agent. In case of Fixed Withdrawal, if the amount of installment is more than the amount available in that account for redemption, the entire available amount will be redeemed and the SWP will terminate automatically. In such a scenario, AMC will have no obligation to communicate to the investor before automatic termination of SWP. It will also terminate automatically upon the receipt of notification of death or incapacity of the unitholder. SWP is not available for investments under lock-in period and pledge. The investor can opt for direct credit of the redemption proceeds to their bank accounts & Taurus Mutual Fund will endeavor to credit the payout directly to that bank account through available electronic mode(s) (ECS/Direct Credit). The AMC/MF shall not be responsible if payout through electronic mode(s) (ECS/Direct Credit) does not get affected due to incomplete or incorrect information or any other technical/operational reasons. The AMC/MF reserves the right to use any other mode of payment as deemed appropriate. **Taurus Liquid Fund** After October 31, 2012, Installments under SIP /STP registered prior to October 1, 2012 under the Retail & Institutional Plans (Discontinued Plans) of Taurus Liquid Fund would be processed under the ongoing Super Institutional Plan of Taurus Liquid Fund, as applicable, till the expiry of the original term of the SIP/ STP contract. Applicable to all Special Products – in case of 3 consecutive rejections of installments (for SIP/OptiSIP/SWP/STP/iSIP/Opti-iSIP), Taurus MF reserves the right to Cancel/Reject all future transactions.
Taurus Opti SIP (Under Systematic Investment Plan)	It allows investors a chance to define a minimum and maximum installment amount and based on a simple formula*, a variable monthly installment amount will get calculated. The Taurus *Opti*SIP installment will be calculated based on the portfolio value on T-5 days before the installment date. Irrespective of the formula* amount, the maximum and

<table>
<tr><td></td><td>minimum investment will be limited by the maximum & minimum installment amounts as chosen by the investor initially.

i) Taurus OptiSIP Formula* -
A = Fixed Minimum Installment amount
B = Fixed Maximum Installment amount
C = [(A * Current no. of installment) - Account value of investments via OptiSIP as on 5th day (T-5) before the monthly installment date]

ii) Taurus OptiSIP Installment amount = C, provided it is not less than A or more than B, else it will be A or B respectively. The following tabular example will further clarify the above
<table>
<tr><th>Scenario</th><th>A (Fixed Minimum Installment Amount)</th><th>B (Fixed Maximum Installment Amount)</th><th>C (Opti SIP Formula Value)</th><th>Opti SIP Installment Amount</th></tr>
<tr><td>1</td><td>5000</td><td>7000</td><td>4800.12</td><td>A = 5000</td></tr>
<tr><td>2</td><td>5000</td><td>7000</td><td>7200.45</td><td>B = 7000</td></tr>
<tr><td>3</td><td>5000</td><td>7000</td><td>6500.67</td><td>C = 6500.67</td></tr>
</table>
*The Trustee reserves the right to change the terms and conditions of this facility at a larger date on a prospective basis. The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw the OptiSIP facility. All other terms and conditions of SIP facilities will remain unchanged.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Taurus Opti STP (Under Systematic Transfer Plan)</td><td>This will work on the usual principle of first choosing a Source & a Transfer scheme. It will allow investors a chance to define a minimum and maximum transfer installmentamount and based on a simple formula*, a variable installment amount will get calculated as per the frequency chosen by the investor. The OptiSTP installment will be calculated based on the portfolio value as on the transfer installment date. Irrespective of the formula* amount, the maximum and minimum investment will be limited by the maximum & minimum installment amounts as chosen by the investor initially.

ii) Taurus OptiSTP Formula* -
A = Fixed Minimum Installment amount
B = Fixed Maximum Installment amount
C = [(A * Current no. of installment) - Account value of investments via OptiSTP as on the transfer installment date]

iii)Taurus OptiSTP Installment amount = C, provided it is not less than A or more than B, else it will be A or B respectively. The following tabular example will further clarify the above
<table>
<tr><th>Scenario</th><th>A (Fixed Minimum Installment Amount)</th><th>B (Fixed Maximum Installment Amount)</th><th>C (Opti STP Formula Value)</th><th>Opti STP Installment Amount</th></tr>
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<tr><td>3</td><td>5000</td><td>7000</td><td>6500.67</td><td>C = 6500.67</td></tr>
</table>
*The Trustee reserves the right to change the terms and conditions of this facility at a larger date on a prospective basis. The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw the OptiSTP facility. All other terms and conditions of STP facilities will remain unchanged.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Who Can Invest</td><td>Prospective investors are advised to satisfy themselves that they are not prohibited by any law governing them and any Indian law from investing in the Scheme and are authorized to purchase units of mutual funds as per their respective constitutions, charter documents, corporate / other authorizations and relevant statutory provisions.
The following is an indicative list of persons who are generally eligible and may apply for subscription to the Units of the Scheme and the indicative list could also include</td></tr>
</table>

persons not mentioned below**:**

- Resident adult individuals either singly or jointly
- Minor through parent/lawful guardian
- Companies, Bodies Corporate, Public Sector Undertakings, association of persons or bodies of individuals whether incorporated or not and societies registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860 (so long as the purchase of units is permitted under the respective constitutions).

- Trustee(s) of Religious and Charitable and Private Trusts under the provision of Section 11(5) (xii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 read with Rule 17C of Income Tax Rules, 1962 (subject to receipt of necessary approvals as "Public Securities" where required)
- The Trustee of Private Trusts authorised to invest in mutual fund Schemes under their trust deed.
- Partner(s) of Partnership Firms.
- Karta of Hindu Undivided Family (HUF).
- Banks (including Co-operative Banks and Regional Rural Banks), Financial Institutions and Investment Institutions.
- Non-resident Indians/Persons of Indian origin residing abroad (NRIs) on full repatriation basis or on non-repatriation basis.
- Foreign Institutional Investors (FIIs) and sub-accounts registered with SEBI on full repatriation basis via the route of FPI (Foreign Portfolio Investors).
- Army, Air Force, Navy and other para-military funds.
- Scientific and Industrial Research Organizations.
- Mutual fund Schemes.
- Provident/Pension/Gratuity and such other Funds as and when permitted to invest.
- International Multilateral Agencies approved by the Government of India.
- Others who are permitted to invest in the Scheme as per their respective constitutions
- Other Schemes of Taurus Mutual Fund subject to the conditions and limits prescribed in SEBI Regulations and/or by the Trustee, AMC or sponsor may subscribe to the units under this Scheme.
- The AMC (no fees shall be charged on such investments)
- Insurance Company registered with the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority;
- Qualified Foreign Investors (QFIs) * (subject to compliance with norms specified in SEBI Circular No. CIR/IMD/DF/14/2011 dated August 09, 2011) via the route of FPI (Foreign Portfolio Investors).
- Such other individuals/institutions/body corporate etc., as may be decided by the AMC from time to time, so long as wherever applicable they are in conformity with SEBI Regulations.

*Qualified Foreign Investor (QFI) shall mean a person resident in a country that is compliant with Financial Action Task Force (FATF) standards and that is a signatory to International Organization of Securities Commission's (IOSCO's) Multilateral Memorandum of Understanding. Such person should not be resident in India and such person should not be registered with SEBI as Foreign Institutional Investor or Sub-account.

Explanation- For the purpose of above clause:

1. the term "Person" shall carry the same meaning as under Section 2(31) of the Income Tax Act, 1961
2. the phrase "resident in India" shall carry the same meaning as in the Income Tax Act,1961
3. "resident" in a country, other than India, shall mean resident as per the direct tax laws of that country.

The Fund reserves the right to include/exclude new/existing categories of investors to invest in this Scheme from time to time, subject to regulatory requirements, if any.

This is an indicative list and investors are requested to consult their financial advisor to

	ascertain whether the scheme is suitable to their risk profile. **Note: 1. Minor Unit Holder** on becoming major may inform the Registrar about attaining majority and provide his specimen signature duly authenticated by his banker or by the Parent/Guardian whose signature is registered in our records against the folio of the minor unit holder) as well as his details of bank account and a certified true copy of the PAN card as mentioned under the paragraph "Anti Money Laundering and Know Your Customer" to enable the Registrar to update their records and allow him to operate the Account in his own right. **Note: 2. Applicants under Power of Attorney:** An applicant willing to transact through a power of attorney must lodge the photocopy of the Power of Attorney (PoA) attested by a Notary Public or the original PoA (which will be returned after verification) within 5 business days of submitting the Application Form / Transaction Slip at a Designated Collection Centre. Applications are liable to be rejected if the power of attorney is not submitted within the aforesaid period. Subject to the Regulations, any application for Units may be accepted or rejected in the sole and absolute discretion of the Trustee. For example, the Trustee may reject any application for the Purchase of Units if the application is invalid or incomplete or if, in its opinion, increasing the size of any or all of the Scheme's Unit capital is not in the general interest of the Unit Holders, or if the Trustee for any other reason does not believe that it would be in the best interest of the Scheme or its Unit Holders to accept such an application. **The AMC / Trustee may need to obtain from the investor verification of identity or such other details relating to a subscription for Units as may be required under any applicable law, which may result in delay in processing the application.** It is mandatory for every applicant to provide the name of the bank, branch, address, account type and number as per SEBI requirements and any Application Form without these details will be treated as incomplete. Such incomplete applications will be rejected. The Registrar / AMC may ask the investor to provide a blank cancelled cheque or its photocopy for the purpose of verifying the bank account number. On account of limitations / restrictions imposed by the jurisdictional laws / regulations with respect to marketing or offering of units of the Schemes of the Fund, the persons stated under the below provision titled '**Who Cannot Invest**' shall not be eligible to invest in the Schemes of the Fund. The following persons/ entities **cannot invest**^^in the Schemes: • United States Person (U.S. Person*) as defined under the extant laws of the United States of America; • Residents of Canada; • NRIs residing in any Financial Action Task Force (FATF) declared non-compliant country or territory. *The term "U.S.Person" means any person that is a U.S. Person within the meaning of Regulations under the Securities Act of 1933 of U.S. or as defined by theU.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission or as per such further amended definitions, interpretations, legislations, rules etc., as may be in force from time to time.* *^^US Person & Residents of Canada will not be able to access "Taurus Online" (to view/transact via our website) but can only invest in offline mode when they visit any Karvy ISC/Taurus AMC branch in person in India and submit all the required documents along with NRI - US-Canada Declaration form.*
Account of Minor, Account Status Change, Minor	A] New Account / Folio is opened on behalf of a Minor • The minor shall be the first and the sole holder in an account. No Joint holders are

attaining Majority and Change of Guardian.	allowed. • Guardian in the account / folio on behalf of the minor should be either a natural guardian (i.e. father or mother) or a court appointed legal guardian. Further, the minor's Date of Birth (DOB) too should be mentioned on the application form. Documents supporting the DOB of the minor and also the relationshipof the Guardian & the Minor have to be enclosed. B] Minor attaining Majority - Status change • On the Minor becoming a Major, the status of the same needs to be incorporated in the folio. For this, the Investor has to submit KYC acknowledgement, mobile no. & email id, details of bank account wherein the Major has operating powers as well as signature of the Major, suitably attested. The request letter should have the signature of existing guardian also. • In case of non receipt of request for change of status along with relevant documents, minor folio/account will be frozen, for operation by guardian, fromthe date of minor attaining the status of majority as per the records. C] Change in Guardian • In case of a change in guardian, the new guardian must either be a natural guardian (i.e. Father or mother) or a court appointed legal guardian andsuch guardian shall mandatorily submit the supporting documents showing the relationship with the minor, KYC acknowledgement, Bank attestationof signature of the new guardian in a bank account of the minor where the new guardian is registered as the guardian, etc.
Updation of Records by Investors	i) All existing investors are advised to update the records with their updated information, not limited, to latest bank account details, FATCA, CKYC, NOMINEE, mobile & email ID. Investors holding Unit Certificates are advised to surrender the certificate and collect the updated statement of account. ii) Where still not updated in the folio, investors are requested to provide their PAN/PEKRN number at the earliest. iii) Email Id & Mobile no. as provided in the application will be updated. In absence of this, the details available in KYC data may be updated by the AMC/RTA. Note: The email id & mobile no. provided by the investor should belong either to the first holder only. It should not belong to any other third party (including advisors or distributor's). If a breach is found, AMC/RTA reserve the right to delete such information. As a general rule, the email address of one investor is not allowed to be updated against multiple folios, unless a specific written request (with proper reasons) is received in this regard duly signed by all investors, OR if the investors in such folios belong to the same family (self, spouse, dependant parents & dependant children). This should be treated as a mandatory and important requirement to not only ensure speedy & efficient communication between the investor(s) & AMC/RTA but also to prevent any fraudulent transactions.
Nomination Facility	The AMC provides an option to the Unit holders to nominate (in the manner prescribed under SEBI regulation), a person (s) in whom the units held by him shall vest in the event of his death. Nomination can be made only by individuals on their own behalf, either singly or jointly. If the Units are held jointly, all joint Unitholders must sign the nomination form. Non-individuals including society, trust, body corporate, partnership firm, Karta of HUF, holder of POA cannot nominate. Only the following categories of Indian residents can be nominated: (a) individuals; (b) minors through parent/legal guardian (whose name and address must be provided); (c) religious or charitable trusts; and (d) Central Government, State Government, a local authority or any person designated by virtue of his office. Nomination can be made for a maximum of 3 nominees. In case of multiple nominees, the percentage of allocation, share in favour of each of the nominees should be indicated against their name and such allocation / share should be in whole numbers without any decimals making a total of 100 percent. In the event of Unitholders not indicating the

	percentage of allocation / share for each of the nominees, the Mutual Fund/ the AMC, by invoking the default option shall settle the claim equally amongst all the nominees.
Nomination mandatory where mode of holding is single	Nomination is mandatory for all the folios/accounts, where the mode of holding is single or the folio/account is opened by individual without any joint holding. • In case investor does not wish to nominate for specific folio / account, he should fill the specific field by writing "Nomination not required" and sign on the application form. Application forms which have neither a nominee nor the request for "no nomination" will be rejected. • Nomination will not be allowed for the folios/accounts opened by minors.

Transmission of Units	Transmission of units is required, on the death of unit holder/s, to their nominees, etc. Transmission could be to surviving unit holders, nominees or to the legal heirs of the unit holder. A request for transmission should be sent separately. If a redemption request accompanies the transmission request, the redemption request will be rejected. Depending upon the facts and circumstances of each case, various information and documents are required to be submitted for transmission of units. Please contact any of the offices of Taurus Asset Management Co. Ltd. or its Registrar & Transfer Agent for further details.
Pledge of Units	The Units under the respective Scheme(s) (subject to completion of lock-in period, if any) may be offered as security by way of a pledge / charge in favour of scheduled banks, financial institutions, non-banking finance companies (NBFCs'), or any other body. The AMC / R&T will note and record such Pledged Units. The Unitholder may request for the requisite form from the AMC / R&T. The AMC / R&T shall mark a lien only upon receiving the duly completed form and documents as it may require. Disbursement of such loans will be at the entire discretion of the bank / financial institution / NBFC or any other body concerned and the Mutual Fund assumes no responsibility thereof. The Pledgor will not be able to redeem Units that are pledged until the entity to which the Units are pledged provides written authorization to the Mutual Fund that the pledge / lien charge may be removed. As long as Units are pledged, the Pledgee will have complete authority to redeem such units.
Accounts Statements	**For normal transactions (other than SIP/STP) during ongoing sales and repurchase:** • The AMC shall issue to the investor whose application (other than SIP/STP) has been accepted, an account statement specifying the number of units allotted within 5 working days from the date of clearance of cheque/draft For those unitholders who have provided an e-mail address, the AMC will send the account statement by e-mail. The unitholder may request for a physical account statement by ticking the appropriate column in the application form, writing/calling the AMC/ISC/R&T. **For SIP / STP transactions;** • Account Statement for SIP and STP will be dispatched once every quarter ending March, June, September and December within 10 working days of the end of the respective quarter. • A soft copy of the Account Statement shall be mailed to the investors under SIP/STP to their e-mail address on a monthly basis, if so mandated. • However, the first Account Statement under SIP/STP shall be issued within 10 working days of the initial investment/transfer. **Annual Account Statement:** • The Mutual Funds shall provide the Account Statement to the Unitholders who have not transacted during the last six months prior to the date of generation of account statements. The Account Statement shall reflect the latest closing balance and value of the Units prior to the date of generation of the account statement. • The account statements in such cases may be generated and issued along with the Portfolio Statement or Annual Report of the Scheme. • Alternately, soft copy of the account statements shall be mailed to the investors' e-mail address, instead of physical statement, if so mandated.
Consolidated Account Statement (CAS)	Common Account Statement for each calendar month would be sent to the investor/s those who have transacted during the month. The investor whose transaction** has been accepted by the AMC/Mutual Fund shall receive the following: (i) On acceptance of the application for subscription, an allotment confirmation specifying the number of units allotted by way of email and/or SMS within 5 Business Days from the date of receipt of transaction request will be sent to the Unit holders registered e-mail address and/or mobile number. (ii) Thereafter, a consolidated account statement (CAS)^ for each calendar month to

the Unit holder(s) in whose folio(s) transaction**(s) has/have taken place during the month on or before 10th of the succeeding month shall be sent by mail/e-mail.

^Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) shall contain details relating to all the transactions** carried out by the investor across all schemes of all mutual funds during the month and holding at the end of the month including transaction charges paid to the distributor.

**The word 'transaction' shall include purchase, redemption, switch, dividend payout, dividend reinvestment, systematic investment plan, systematic withdrawal plan, systematic transfer plan and bonus transactions.

(iii) For the purpose of sending CAS, common investors across mutual funds shall be identified by their Permanent Account Number (PAN).

(iv) In case of a specific request received from the Unit holders, the AMC/Fund will provide the account statement to the investors within 5 Business Days from the receipt of such request.

(v) In the event the account has more than one registered holder, the first named Unit holder shall receive the CAS/account statement.

(vi) The CAS shall not be received by the Unit holders for the folio(s) not updated with PAN details. The Unit holders are therefore requested to ensure that the folio(s) are updated with their PAN.

Further, the CAS detailing holding across all schemes of all mutual funds at the end of every six months (i.e. September/ March), shall be sent by mail/e-mail on or before 10th day of succeeding month, to all such Unit holders in whose folios no transaction has taken place during that period. The half yearly consolidated account statement will be sent by e-mail to the Unit holders whose e-mail address is available, unless a specific request is made to receive in physical.

The statement of holding of the beneficiary account holder for units held in demat will be sent by the respective DPs periodically.

Investors are requested to note the following (effective from 02/07/2012):

(a) The Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) for each calendar month will be issued on or before 10th day of succeeding month to the investors who have provided valid PAN. Physical account statements will not be sent to the investors after every financial transaction including systematic transaction. Further CAS will be sent via e-mail where any of the folios consolidated has an e-mail id or to the e-mail id of the first unit holder as per KYC records.

(b) For folios not included in CAS, the AMC shall henceforth issue Account Statement to the investors on a monthly basis, pursuant to any financial transaction in such folios on or before 10th day of succeeding month. In case of a New Fund Offer (NFO), the AMC shall send confirmation specifying the number of units allotted to the applicant by way of a physical statement (SOA) or an e-mail/and/or SMS's to the investor's registered address and/or mobile number not later than 5 business days from the date of closure of the NFO.

(c)In case of a specific request received from the unit holder, the AMC shall provide the account statement to the investor within 5 business days from the receipt of such request

Applicable for unit holders having a Demat Account

With a view to create one record for all financial assets of every individual, SEBI vide its Circular no. CIR/MRD/DP/31/2014 dated November 12, 2014 enabled a single consolidated view of the investments of an investor in Mutual Funds (MF) and securities held in demat form with the Depositories.

In accordance with the above, the following shall be applicable for unit holders having a Demat Account:

- Investors having Mutual Fund investments and holding securities in demat account shall receive a single Consolidated Account Statement from the Depository.
- Consolidation of account statement shall be done on the basis of PAN. In case of multiple holding, it shall be the PAN of the first holder and pattern of holding. The CAS shall be generated on a monthly basis.
- If there is any transaction in any of the demat accounts of the investor or in any of

	his mutual fund folios, depositories shall send the CAS within ten days from the month end. In case there is no transaction in any of demat accounts or mutual fund folios then CAS with holding details shall be sent to the investor on half yearly basis. The unit holders who do not have Demat Account shall continue to receive the Consolidated Account Statements (CAS) as per the existing practice. Half-yearly CAS shall be issued to all scheme investors, excluding those investors who do not have any holdings in Fund schemes and where no commission against their investment has been paid to distributors, during the concerned half-year period. **Pursuant to SEBI vide its Circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2016/89 dated September 20, 2016, (modified via Circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2018/137 dated Oct 22, 2018), the following additional disclosures will be provided in the CAS issued to investors:** 1. Total purchase value / cost of investment in each scheme. 2. The amount of actual commission paid by AMCs/ Fund to distributors during the half-year period 3. The scheme's average Total Expense Ratio (in percentage terms along with the break-up between Investment & Advisory Fees) & Other expenses, for the half-year period for each scheme's applicable plan (regular or direct or both) where the concerned investor has actually invested in.
Dividend	Under the Dividend Plan of the schemes, it is proposed to declare dividends subject to availability of distributable profits, as computed in accordance with SEBI Regulations. Dividends, if declared, will be paid (subject to deduction of tax at source, if any) to those Unitholders whose names appear in the Register of Unitholders on the notified record date. However, it must be distinctly understood that the actual declaration of dividend and the frequency thereof will inter-alia, depend on the availability of distributable profits as computed in accordance with SEBI Regulations. The decision of the Trustee in this regard shall be final. There is no assurance or guarantee to Unitholders as to the rate of dividend distribution nor will that dividends be paid regularly. In order to be a Unitholder, an Investor has to be allotted units against receipt of clear funds by the Scheme. On payment of dividends, the NAV will stand reduced by the amount of dividend and dividend tax (if applicable) paid. If the Fund declares dividend under a Scheme: • The dividend warrants shall be dispatched to the Unit holders within 30 days of the date of declaration of the dividend. • The dividend proceeds will be paid by way of ECS / EFT / NEFT / RTGS /Direct credits / any other electronic manner if sufficient banking account details of the investor are available with Mutual Fund • In case of specific request for dividend by warrants or unavailability of sufficient details with the Mutual Fund, the dividend will be paid by warrant and payments will be made in favour of the Unit holder (registered holder of the Units or, if there are more than one registered holder, only to the first registered holder) with bank account number furnished to the Mutual Fund. **Declaration of Dividend in Daily Dividend Option of Taurus Liquid Fund:** With effect from October 22, 2011, Dividends in the daily dividend option of Taurus Liquid Fund will be declared on all calendar days. **Reinvestment of Dividend Below the Threshold Amount (Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap), Taurus Largecap Equity Fund, Taurus Discovery (Midcap) Fund, Taurus Ethical Fund, Taurus Infrastructure Fund, Taurus Nifty Index Fund and Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund):** If the dividend amount payable to the unit holders under the dividend payout option of

	the aforesaid Schemes/Plans is less than the threshold limit of Rs.250, then such amount will be compulsorily and automatically reinvested in the respective Schemes/Plans,. The dividend distributed (net of tax deducted at source, whenever applicable) for an amount equal to or less than the threshold limit will be reinvested in the Scheme/ Plan by issuing additional Units of the Scheme at the prevailing ex-dividend Net Asset Value o the record date. There shall be no exit load on the dividend so invested. The dividend so reinvested shall constitute a constructive payment of dividend to the Unitholders and a constructive receipt of the same amount from each Unit Holder for reinvestment in Units. **Taurus Liquid Fund** With effect from 01.11.2012, any dividend, in the Retail & Institutional Plan of Taurus Liquid Fund (Discontinued Plans) – Daily or Weekly Dividend Reinvestment will not be paid out to the unitholders. Instead, these dividends will be compulsorily reinvested in the respective options- Daily Dividend Reinvestment or Weekly Dividend Reinvestment –of the ongoing Super Institutional plan of this scheme. For the above dividend re-investments, the minimum application amount criteria for purchases/switches under the ongoing Super Institutional Plan shall not apply. However, the minimum redemption amount/units criteria under the Super Institutional Plan shall apply.
Redemption	The redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be dispatched to the unitholders within 10 working days from the date of redemption or repurchase. **Payment of Redemption Proceeds** i. For Unit holders having a bank account with certain banks with whom the AMC may have an arrangement from time to time: The redemption proceeds shall be directly credited to their account by way of EFT/ NEFT / RTGS / Direct credits / any other electronic manner if sufficient banking account details of the investor are available with Mutual Fund. ii. For any Change of Bank/Multiple Bank Registration request in a folio with or without old bank details, if the new bank is not part of the existing Registered bank list, the up-dation of new bank details will take 10 calendar days from the date of receipt a valid request. If in this case, a redemption request is made before the up-dation of the new bank details, then the proceeds will be credited into the existing/old bank account. In case there are no existing bank details, then the proceeds will only be credited to the new bank after the records are updated in 10 calendar days, as described above. iii. For other Unit holders not covered by (i) or (ii) above and Unit holders covered by (i) or (ii), but have given specific request for Cheque/Demand Draft: Redemption proceeds will be paid by cheque and payments will be made in favour of the Unit holder with bank account number furnished to the Mutual Fund (please note that it is mandatory for the Unit holders to provide the Bank account details as per the directives of SEBI). Redemption cheques will be sent to the Unitholder's address. All Redemption payments will be made in favour of the registered holder of the Units or, if there is more than one registered holder, only to the first registered holder.
Delay in payment of redemption / repurchase proceeds	In the event of delay/failure to dispatch the redemption/repurchase proceeds within the aforesaid 10 working days, the Asset Management Company shall be liable to pay interest to the unitholders at such rate as may be specified by SEBI for the period of such delay (presently @ 15% per annum).
Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of units being offered.	**Right to Limit Purchase & Redemptions** The Trustee may, in the general interest of the Unit Holders of the Scheme and when considered appropriate to do so based on unforeseen circumstances / unusual market conditions, limit the total number of Units which may be redeemed on any Business Day to 5% of the total number of Units then in issue, under the Scheme and option(s) thereof, or such other percentage as the Trustee may determine. Any Units which consequently are not redeemed on a particular Business Day, will be carried forward for Redemption to the next Business Day, in order of receipt. Redemptions so carried forward will be priced on the basis of the Applicable NAV (subject to the prevailing Load) of the Business Day on which Redemption is made. Under such circumstances, to the extent multiple Redemption requests are received at the same time on a single Business Day,

	redemptions will be made on a pro-rata basis, based on the size of each Redemption request, the balance amount being carried forward for Redemption to the next Business Day. Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2016/57 dated May 31, 2016 the redemption/ purchase may be restricted under any Schemes of Taurus Mutual Fund only after the approval of Board of Taurus Asset Management Company Limited (TAMCO) and the Board of Taurus Investment Trust Company Limited (TITCO) when there are circumstances leading to a systemic crisis or event that severely constricts market liquidity or the effective functioning of markets such as: **i. Liquidity issues** - when market at large becomes illiquid affecting almost all securities rather than any issuer specific security. **ii. Market failures, exchange closures** - when markets are affected by unexpected events which impact the functioning of exchanges or the regular course of transactions. Such unexpected events could also be related to political, economic, military, monetary or other emergencies. **iii. Operational issues** - when exceptional circumstances are caused by force majeure, unpredictable operational problems and technical failures (e.g. a black out). Such cases can only be considered if they are reasonably unpredictable and occur in spite of appropriate diligence of third parties, adequate and effective disaster recovery procedures and systems. Restriction on redemption may be imposed for a specified period of time not exceeding 10 working days in any 90 days period. The following procedure shall be followed when restriction on redemption is imposed: i. No restriction would be imposed on redemption requests upto INR 2 lakhs ii. Where redemption requests are above INR 2 lakhs, TAMCO shall redeem the first INR 2 lakh without such restriction and the remaining part over and above INR 2 lakhs would be subject to the restriction imposed.
Option to hold units in demat form	Investors/Unit Holders are provided with an option to hold their Units in DEMAT form while subscribing to the Units of the above schemes of TMF. Such Unit Holders are required to have a beneficiary account with a Depository Participant (DP) registered with NSDL/CDSL. The DP can process only Redemption request of units held in demat form. In case, the unitholder desires to hold the units in DEMAT or Re-materialized (REMAT) mode at a later date, the request for conversion of units held in non-DEMAT into DEMAT mode or vice-versa should be submitted along with a DEMAT/REMAT Request Form to their DP. During the de-materialisation and re-materialisation process, NO financial and non-financial transactionsare allowed. The facility of holding units in de-mat form is available for Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) transactions. Further, units for SIP transactions will be allotted based on the applicable NAV and will be credited to investors de-mat account on a weekly basis after the realisation of funds. The facility to hold units in Demat form is not available to Daily, Weekly & Fortnightly Dividend option of Taurus Liquid Fund.
Transaction through electronic mode	The AMC may from time to time offer various facilities to the unit holders through electronic mode such as internet (online transaction facility), mobile phones, Kiosk, etc. to facilitate transactions in units of the scheme. The AMC may enter into such arrangements/ agreements as it may deem fit to give effect to the above. However, investors intending to take benefit of these facilities should note that they should use these services at their own risk. The Fund, the AMC, the Trustee, along with its directors, employees and representatives shall not be liable for any damages or injuries arising out of or in connection with the use of internet, mobile phones, Kiosk, etc or its non-use including, without limitation, non-availability or failure of performance, loss or corruption of data, loss of or damage to property (including profit and goodwill), work stoppage, computer failure or malfunctioning, or interruption of business; error, omission, interruption, deletion, defect, delay in operation or transmission, computer virus, communication line failure, unauthorized access or use of information.

Trading in units through stock exchange mechanism & MFU	SEBI vide its circular no. CIR/MRD/DSA/32/2013 dated October 04, 2013 had permitted Mutual Fund Distributors to use recognised stock exchanges' infrastructure to purchase and redeem mutual fund units directly from Mutual Fund / Asset Management Companies on behalf of their clients. Further SEBI vide its circular no. CIR/MRD/DSA/33/2014 dated December 09, 2014 has permitted non demat transactions also in the Mutual fund through stock exchange platform. Accordingly, it has been decided to make the following changes for Trading in units through stock exchange mechanism: 1. Mutual Fund Distributor (MF distributor) registered with Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) and permitted by the concerned recognized stock exchange shall be eligible to use recognized stock exchanges' infrastructure to purchase and redeem mutual fund units on behalf of their clients directly from Taurus Mutual Fund (' Fund') 2. The MF distributor shall not handle payout and pay in of funds as well as units on behalf of investor. Pay in will be directly received by recognized clearing corporation and payout will be directly made to investor account. In the same manner, units shall be credited and debited directly from the demat account of investors. 3. Non- demat transactions are also permitted through stock exchange platform. 4. In addition to the existing facility of purchase and redemption of units of the eligible units of the eligible Schemes/Plans of the Fund on Stock Exchange Infrastructure viz. BSE StAR MF Platform, the facility for Switching of units among the eligible Schemes/Plans of the Fund is also being made available to the investors. Investors can give a request for Switch only in number of units. 5. The switch transaction facility will be made available through other Stock Exchange Infrastructure as and when such a facility is made available by the concerned Stock Exchange. 6. The facility of transacting in mutual fund schemes including switch transaction facility through Stock Exchange(s) infrastructure will be in accordance with the procedures and guidelines, terms & conditions as prescribed by the respective Stock Exchange(s) from time to time. **Mutual Fund Utility (MFU)** MF Utilities India Private Limited (MFUI) shall be an official point of acceptance for all financial and non- financial transactions. The updated list of POS of MFUI is available on www.mfuindia.com. The online transaction portal of MFU is www.mfuonline.com. Further, Investors can also subscribe units of the Scheme during the NFO Period by availing the platforms/facilities made available by the Stock Exchanges
Transact Online – Transactions through website	For the convenience of investors, the Mutual Fund provides the facility of transacting online through its website – Transact Online. A new/first time investor OR an existing investor can use this facility to make an online Purchase, iSIP, Opti-iSIP or other applicable transactions. To use this facility, a Unit Holder needs to have a secured TPIN. Investors (who have a valid email & mobile registered in their folio) can instantly generate TPIN online or via the Toll Free number – 1800 108 1111. To further enhance the investor's online security, log-in happens only after clicking on the relevant link to generate, receive & use an OTP (one-time-password) sent via SMS on investor's registered email Id & mobile. A new purchase, redemption & switch transactions are also OTP enabled. Validity of OTP is for 20 minutes; after which the investor will have to re-generate the same. Please DO NOT share your OTP with any un-authorised person.It is essential that for old folios (where full investor details are not updated), the original Unit Certificate (if held by the investors, as applicable) are returned back along with mandatory updation (but not limited to) of Bank details, KYC, PAN, FATCA, Email ID & Mobile no. in the folio to enable Online access.Only those investors with a valid folio with mode of holding as "Joint" will be required to submit a physical TPIN Agreement form by filling up and signing the relevant portions in the TPIN Agreement that can be downloaded from the website of the Mutual Fund www.taurusmutualfund.com. By signing & submitting the relevant form, the Unit holder/s expressly agrees to have read and understood the terms and conditions related to PIN issuance by the AMC/ Registrar

<table>
<tr><td></td><td>and PIN usage by the Unit holder.For more details on conditions & process of TPIN issuance, also read the “Transact Online FAQs” on the website. iSIP & Opti-iSIP is available via “Transact Online” (Taurus MF Website) to enable investors to invest in Taurus Mutual Fund Schemes via Online SIP.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Call Centre</td><td>A Toll Free number facility has been provided for all existing as well as prospective investors & distributors. The number is 1800 108 1111. Overseas investors & others can also reach our customer care on 040 - 6722 5100 (charges, as applicable). A customer care executive will be available to answer your queries between 9 am - 7 pm from Monday to Saturday (excluding Sundays and all Public holidays).
Investors can access NAV, Dividend information, latest statement of account via email, portfolio value, last 5 transactions, and status of complaint/request, Generation and modification of a 5-digit TPIN etc.
Distributors too can access NAV, Dividend information, latest statement of account of their investors, portfolio value, last 5 transactions, Generation of 5-digit TIN for accessing their investor's investment details, status of complaint/request etc.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Transaction Charge</td><td>TAMCO shall deduct a "Transaction charge" (TC) on all Purchases/ SIP amount, received from first time mutual fund investors (New*) and existing mutual fund investors through our empanelled distributor/agent (who has chosen for "Opt-in"), and units will be allotted for the balance amount. The TC will be as follows:
<table>
<tr><th>Description</th><th>New Investor</th><th>Existing Investor</th></tr>
<tr><td>Lumpsum investment of Rs 10000 and above</td><td>TC = Rs 150</td><td>TC = Rs 100</td></tr>
<tr><td>SIP/ Micro SIP/ Opti SIP Purchase where total commitment (installment amount x No of installment) is Rs 10000 & above</td><td>TC = Rs 150</td><td>TC = Rs 100</td></tr>
</table>
There shall be no transaction charge on subscription below Rs10,000/-.
In case of SIPs, the transaction charge shall be applicable only if the total commitment through SIPs amount to Rs 10,000/- and above. In such cases the transaction charge shall be recovered in 3-4 installments.
Distributors shall have the option to either opt in or opt out of levying transaction charge based on type of the product. Accordingly, the transaction charges would be deducted from the subscription amounts, as applicable.</td></tr>
</table>

C. PERIODIC DISCLOSURES

Net Asset Value This is the value per unit of the scheme on a particular day. You can ascertain the value of your investments by multiplying the NAV with your unit balance.	The NAV will be calculated on all Business Days. The AMC will prominently disclose the NAVs under a separate head on the website of the Fund (www.taurusmutualfund.com) and on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI). Investor may write to AMC on customercare@taurusmutualfund.com for availing facility of receiving the latest NAVs through SMS. Further it shall endeavour to update the NAV of the Scheme on the website www.amfiindia.com of Association of Mutual Funds in India by 9 p.m. on the same day. Delay beyond 9 p.m. shall be explained in writing to AMFI and SEBI and shall also be reported in the CTR in terms of number of days of non adherence of time limit for uploading NAV on AMFI's website and the reasons for the same. Corrective steps taken by AMC to reduce the number of occurrences shall also be disclosed. In case the NAVs are not available before the commencement of business hours on the following day due to any reason, AMC shall issue a press release giving reasons for the delay and explain when they would be able to publish the NAVs.
Monthly AAUM	Monthly Average Assets Under Management (AAUM) of all schemes, as on the last day of the month will be disclosed on the website of the Fund (www.taurusmutualfund.com) on or before 7 working days of the following month.
Monthly / Half -Yearly Portfolio Disclosures (This is a list of securities where the corpus of the scheme is currently invested.	The AMC shall disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) in a user friendly & downloadable spreadsheet format, as on the last day of the month/half year for the scheme(s) on its website www.taurusmutualfund.com and on the website of AMFI www,amfiindia.com within 10 days from the close of each month/half year. In case of unitholders whose email addresses are registered with Taurus Mutual Fund, the

<table>
<tr><td>The market value of these investments is also stated in portfolio disclosures.)</td><td>AMC shall send via email both the monthly and half yearly statement of scheme portfolio within 10 days from the close of each month/half year respectively.

The AMC shall publish an advertisement every half-year, in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi, disclosing the hosting of the half yearly statement of the schemes portfolio on the AMCs website www.taurusmutualfund.com and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com). The AMC shall provide physical copy of the statement of scheme portfolio without any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Half -Yearly Results</td><td>The Fund and Asset Management Company shall before the expiry of one month from the close of each half year that is on 31st March and on 30th September upload the unaudited half yearly financial results on the website of the Fund (www.taurusmutualfund.com). A notice announcing the availability of the same on the website will be published in one national English daily newspaper and in a regional newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the mutual fund is situated.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Annual Report</td><td>The Scheme wise annual report or abridged summary thereof shall be provided to all Unitholders not later than four months (or such other period as may be specified by SEBI from time to time) from the dateof closure of the relevant accounting year (i.e. 31 st March each year). Scheme wise annual report shall be displayed on the website of the AMC (www.taurusmutualfund.com) and Association of Mutual Funds in India (www.amfiindia.com). Investor who has not registered their email id will have an option of receiving a physical copy of the Annual Report or Abridge Summary theirof. Taurus Mutual Fund will provide physical copy of the abridge summay without charging any cost on specific request receive from a unit holder . Physical caopy of report will also available to the unit hoders at registered office at all time.

The AMC shall publish an advertisement every year, in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi., disclosing the hosting of the scheme wise annual report on the AMC website (www.taurusmutualfund.com) and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com).</td></tr>
<tr><td>Associate Transactions</td><td>Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI).</td></tr>
<tr><td>Taxation

The information is provided for general information only. However, in view of the individual nature of the implications, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax advisors/authorized dealers with respect to the specific amount of tax and other implications arising out of his or her participation in the schemes.</td><td><u>For all Schemes</u>

In the hands of Investors

<table><tr><th>Particulars</th><th>Resident Investors</th><th>Mutual Fund</th></tr><tr><td>Tax on Dividend</td><td>Nil</td><td>Nil</td></tr></table>
<u>Securities Transaction Tax (STT)</u>
Equity schemes will also attract securities transaction tax (STT) at applicable rates at the time of redemption / switch to other fund or plan.

Sale of units of equity oriented mutual fund schemes to the Mutual Fund or where the transaction is entered into in recognized stock exchange and the contract for sale is settled by the actual deliver would be liable to Securities Transaction Tax (STT). STT would be payable at the rate of 0.001% on the redemption value.
Mutual Fund would also pay STT wherever applicable.</td></tr>
</table>

Dividend Distribution Tax

For Equity Schemes

For Individual/HUF/Domestic Co. and NRI = 10%*

For Debt/Liquid Schemes

For Individual/HUF/NRI = 25%*
For Other Resident Investors = 30%*

*Above mentioned Tax rate shall increase by surcharge (12%) and Cess (4%)
With effect from 1 October 2014, as per Finance (No.2) Act, 2014, DDT would apply on gross dividend instead of net dividend making the actual and effective rate same.

Tax on Capital Gains

For Equity Schemes

	Resident Investors
Long Term # $	10% **
Short Term	15% **

For Debt/Liquid Schemes

	Resident Investors
Long Term #	**20% with Cost Inflation Index benefit
Short Term	**Income Tax rate applicable to the unitholders as per their income slabs

#On or after 11 July 2014, Capital gains arising on transfer or redemption of such units would be regarded as long-term capital gains if such units are held for a period of more than 36 Months for Debt/Liquid Schemes and for more than 12 months or more for Equity Schemes immediately preceding the date of transfer.

$As per finance act 2018, levy of income tax @ of 10% (without indexation benefit) on long term capital gains exceeding Rs. 1 lakh provided transfer of such units is subject to security transaction Tax. (STT)

** Above mentioned Tax rate shall increase by Surcharge (as applicable) + Health and education cess of 4%
Surcharge at the rate of 10% is to be levied in case of individual, HUF, AOP, BOI, Artificial juridical person Unitholders where their income exceeds Rs 50 lakhs but not does not exceed Rs 1 crore and at the rate of 15% in cases where their income exceeds Rs 1 crore.
Surcharge at the rate of 7% in case of domestic companies unit holders if the income exceeds Rs 1 cr but less than Rs 10 crs and at the rate of 12% if the income exceeds Rs 10 crs.

	If the total income of a resident investor (being individual or HUF) [without considering such Long-term capital Gains / short term capital gains] is less than the basic exemption limit, then such Long-term capital gains/short-term capital gains should be first adjusted towards basic exemption limit and only excess should be chargeable to tax. Non-resident investors may be subject to a separate of tax regime / eligible to benefits under Tax Treaties, depending upon the facts of the case. The same has not been captured above. TDS equivalent to short term/ long term capital gain tax along with applicable surcharge and Health and Education Cess will be deducted at the time of redemption of units in case of NRI investors only. A rebate of up to Rs. 12,500 is available for resident individuals whose total income does not exceed Rs. 5,00,000. Taurus Mutual Fund is a Mutual Fund registered with the Securities & Exchange Board of India and hence the entire income of the Mutual Fund will be exempt from Income Tax in accordance with the provisions of Section 10 (23D) of the Income Tax Act, 1961. ***Note:*** *The tax provisions described above are as per the present tax laws. In case of any change/variation in the aforesaid tax laws by the Government, the changed provisions will apply accordingly.* *The information given herein is as per the prevailing tax laws. For further details on taxation, please refer to the Section on Taxation on investing in Mutual Funds in Statement of Additional Information {SAI}. Investors should be aware that the fiscal rules/ tax laws may change and there can be no guarantee that the current tax position may continue indefinitely. In view of the individual nature of tax implications, investors are advised to consult their professional tax advisor*.
Investor services	**Mr. Yashpal Sharma (Head - Customer Services & Incharge of PR)** Taurus Asset Management Company Limited Ground Floor, AML Centre-1, 8 Mahal Industrial Estate, Mahakali Caves Road, Andheri (East), Mumbai – 400093. Phone : 022-66242700 Fax : 022-66242777 Email: customercare@taurusmutualfund.com **Registrar** Karvy Fintech Private Ltd. (Formerly known as Karvy Computershare Pvt. Ltd.) Unit: Taurus Mutual Fund 1st Floor, Karvy Selenium Tower B, Plot No 31 & 32, Gachibowli, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Serilingampally, Hyderabad – 500008. Phone: 040 - 3321 1500 Ext: 5297 Email: customercare@taurusmutualfund.com For any grievances with respect to transactions through stock exchangemechanism, Unit Holders must approach either their stock broker or the investor grievance cell of the respective stock exchange.

D. COMPUTATION OF NAV

The Net Asset Value per unit shall be calculated by dividing the Net Assets of the Scheme by the total number of units outstanding under the scheme on the valuation date. The Mutual Fund will value its investments according to the valuation norms, as specified in Schedule VII of the SEBI Regulations or such norms as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.

NAV of the units of the scheme shall be calculated as shown below:

NAV Rs. Per unit = Market or Fair value of Scheme's investments + Current Assets-Current Liabilities and Provisions / No. of units outstanding under the scheme

In respect of equity schemes, Net Asset Value will be rounded off upto two decimal points (upto four decimal points in respect of Taurus Nifty Index Fund) and in respect of debt/income schemes, Net Asset Value will be rounded off upto four decimal points.

The NAV will be calculated on all Business Days. . The AMC will prominently disclose the NAVs under a separate head on the website of the Fund www.taurusmutualfund.com. and on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI). Investor may write to AMC on customercare@taurusmutualfund.com for availing facility of receiving the latest NAVs through SMS.

IV. FEES AND EXPENSES

This section outlines the expenses that will be charged to the schemes.

A. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO) EXPENSES

All the schemes included in this Common Scheme Information Document are ongoing schemes and as such this section is not applicable.

B. ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES

These are the fees and expenses for operating the scheme. These expenses include Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents' fee, marketing and selling costs, listing fees etc.The AMC has estimated that the following percentage p.a. of the daily net assets of the Scheme will be charged to the Scheme as expenses.

For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to the website of the mutual fund. The mutual fund would update the current expense ratios on the website at least three working days prior to the effective date of the change.

Investor can refer https://www.taurusmutualfund.com/scheme_list.html for Total Expense Ratio (TER) details.

1) Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap) Fund, Taurus Discovery (Midcap) Fund, Taurus Largecap Equity Fund, Taurus Infrastructure Fund, Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund, Taurus Ethical Fund & Taurus Tax Shield

Expense Head	Estimated Expense % p.a. of Daily Net Assets
Investment Management and Advisory Fees	Upto 2.25 %
Trustee Fee	
Audit Fees	
Custodian Fees	
RTA Fees	
Marketing & Selling Expense incl Agent Commission	
Cost related to Investor communication	
Cost of fund transfer from location to location	
Cost of providing account statements and dividend redemption cheques & warrants	
Cost of statutory advertisements	
Cost towards investor education and awareness (at least 2bps)	
Brokerage & Transaction cost over and above 12bps and 5bps for cash and derivative market trades resp	
Service tax / GST on expenses other than investment and advisory fees	
Service tax / GST on brokerage and transaction cost	
Other expenses	
Maximum Total Expense Ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 52 (6) (c) (i) and (6) (a)	Upto 2.25 %
Additional expenses under Regulation 52 (6A) (c)*@	Upto 0.05%*
Additional expenses for Gross new inflows from specified cities*	Upto 0.30%

@ Not applicable to Taurus Tax Shield Fund as there is no exit load applicable to Scheme.

2) Taurus Nifty Index Fund

Expense Head	Estimated Expense % p.a. of Daily Net Assets
Investment Management and Advisory Fees	Upto 1.00%
Trustee Fee	
Audit Fees	
Custodian Fees	
RTA Fees	
Marketing & Selling Expense incl Agent Commission	

Cost related to Investor communication	
Cost of fund transfer from location to location	
Cost of providing account statements and dividend redemption cheques & warrants	
Cost of statutory advertisements	
Cost towards investor education and awareness (at least 2bps)	
Brokerage & Transaction cost over and above 12bps and 5bps for cash and derivative market trades resp	
Service tax / GSTon expenses other than investment and advisory fees	
Service tax / GST on brokerage and transaction cost	
Other expenses	
Maximum Total Expense Ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 52 (6) (c) (i) and (6) (a)	Upto 1.00%
Additional expenses under Regulation 52 (6A) (c)*	Upto 0.05%
Additional expenses for Gross new inflows from specified cities*	Upto 0.30%

3) Taurus Liquid Fund

Expense Head	**Estimated Expense % p.a. of Daily Net Assets**
Investment Management and Advisory Fees	Upto 2.00%
Trustee Fee	
Audit Fees	
Custodian Fees	
RTA Fees	
Marketing & Selling Expense incl Agent Commission	
Cost related to Investor communication	
Cost of fund transfer from location to location	
Cost of providing account statements and dividend redemption cheques & warrants	
Cost of statutory advertisements	
Cost towards investor education and awareness (at least 2bps)	
Brokerage & Transaction cost over and above 12bps and 5bps for cash and derivative market trades resp	
Service tax / GST on expenses other than investment and advisory fees	
Service tax / GSTon brokerage and transaction cost	
Other expenses	
Maximum Total Expense Ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 52 (6) (c) (i) and (6) (a)	Upto 2.00%
Additional expenses under Regulation 52 (6A) (c)*	Upto 0.05%
Additional expenses for Gross new inflows from specified cities*	Upto 0.30%

*As permitted under the Regulation 52 of SEBI (MF) Regulations, 1996 and pursuant to SEBI circulars no. CIR/IMD/DF/21/2012 dated September 13, 2012, SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2018/16 dated February 02, 2018, SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2018/137 dated October 22, 2018 and SEBI (Mutual Funds) Second Amendment Regulations, 2012.

The purpose of the above table is to assist the investor in understanding the various costs and expenses that an investor in the Scheme will bear.

All fees and expenses charged in a Direct Plan (in percentage terms) under various heads including the investment and advisory fee shall not exceed the fees and expenses charged under such heads in other than Direct Plan. **The TER of the Direct Plan will be lower to the extent of the distribution expenses / commission**

The recurring expenses of the Scheme (including investment and advisory fees) will be subject to the following maximum limits (as a percentage p.a. of daily Net Assets) as per Regulation 52(6). Expenses over and above the permitted limit under the applicable Regulations will be borne by the AMC.

Daily Net Assets (Rs.)	Total ExpenseRatio Limit for Equity Oriented Schemes	**Total Expense Ratio Limit for other than equity oriented schemes**	**Additional Expenses under Regulation 52 (6A) (c) ***	**Additional Expenses for Gross new inflows from specified cities ****
First 500 crores	2.250%	2.00%	Upto 0.05%	Upto 0.30%
Next 250 crores	2.00%	1.75%	Upto 0. 05%	Upto 0.30%
Next 1250 crores	1.75%	1.50%	Upto 0. 05%	Upto 0.30%
Next 3000 Crores	1.60%	1.35%	Upto 0. 05%	Upto 0.30%
On next 5000 Crores	1.50%	1.25%	Upto 0. 05%	Upto 0.30%
On next 40000 Crores	Total Expense ratio reduction of 0.05% for every increase of Rs. 5000 crores of daily net asset or part thereof.		Upto 0. 05%	Upto 0.30%
On Balance Asset	1.05%	0.80%	Upto 0. 05%	Upto 0.30%

Applicable for Taurus Nifty Index Fund

Daily Net Assets (Rs.)		**Additional Expenses under Regulation 52 (6A) (c) ***	**Additional Expenses for Gross new inflows from specified cities ****
Any amount	1.00%	Upto 0. 05%	Upto 0.30%

Pursuant to SEBI circulars no. CIR/IMD/DF/21/2012 dated September 13, 2012, SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2018/16 dated February 02, 2018, SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2018/137 dated October 22, 2018 and SEBI (Mutual Funds) Second Amendment Regulations, 2012, in addition to the limits specified, the following cost or expenses may be charged to the scheme:

* (a) In terms of SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2018/91dated June 05, 2018; Additional expenses up to 0.05% of daily net assets of the Scheme, incurred towards the different heads mentioned under Regulation 52(2) and 52(4) of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 may be charged by the AMC. However, such additional expenses will not be charged if exit load is not levied /not applicable to the Scheme. *Incase of any change/variation in the aforesaid Additional expenses by SEBI, the changed provisions will apply accordingly.*

**(b)

**30 bps for gross new inflows from retail investors from specified cities.

Expenses not exceeding of 0.30 per cent of daily net assets, if the new inflows from retail investors from B30 cities as specified by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, from time to time are at least –

(i)30 per cent of the gross new inflows from retail investors into the scheme, or;

(ii)15 per cent of the average assets under management (year to date) of the scheme,

whichever is higher;

Provided that if inflows from retail investors from B30 cities are less than the higher of the above, such expenses on daily net assets of the scheme shall be charged on proportionate basis;

Provided further that expenses charged under this clause shall be utilised for distribution expenses incurred for bringing inflows from retail investors from B30 cities;

Provided further that amount incurred as expense on account of inflows from retail investors from B30 cities shall be credited back to the scheme in case the said inflows are redeemed within a period of one year from the date of investment.

For the above purposes, B30 cities" shall be beyond Top 30 cities as at the end of the previous financial year as communicated by AMFI.(c) GST on investment and advisory fees charged on the daily net assets of the schemes.

(d) Brokerage and Transaction costs incurred for purpose of execution of trade and included in the cost of investment not exceeding 0.12 per cent in case of cash market transaction and 0.05 percent in case of derivative transaction..

GST on other than investment and advisory fees, if any, shall be borne by the scheme within the maximum limit of TER as per the regulation 52 of the Regulations.

With Effect from October 22, vide SEBI circular SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2018/137, in terms of Regulation 52(1),all Scheme related expense including commission paid to distributors, by whatever name it may be called and whatever manner it may be paid, shall necessarily be paid from the scheme only within the regulatory limits and not from the books of the Asset Management Companies (AMC), its asscociate, sponsor,trustee or any other entitiy through any route.

AMC shall annually set apart at least 2 basis points on daily net assets within the maximum limit of expenses for investor education and awareness initiatives.

In terms of SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2018/18 and SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2018/91 dated February 05, 2018 and June 05, 2018 respectively, AMCs shall prominently disclose on a daily basis, the TER (schemewise, date-wise) of all schemes under a separate head – "Total Expense Ratio of Mutual Fund Schemes" on its website (www.taurusmutualfund.com) and on the website of AMFI. Investors can refer - **https://www.taurusmutualfund.com/scheme_list.html -** for Total Expense Ratio (TER) details.

In terms of SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2018/137 dated October 22, 2018 , AMCs shall disclose the performance of all schemes on the website of AMFI and Mutual Fund website on daily basisi.

Any change in the base TER (i.e. TER excluding additional expenses provided in Regulation 52(6A)(b), 52(6A)(c) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and Goods and Services Tax on investment and advisory fees) in comparison to previous base TER charged to any scheme/plan shall be communicated to investors of the scheme/plan through notice via email or SMS at least three working days prior to effecting such c
hange. (For example, if changed TER is to be effective from January 8, 2018, then notice shall be given latest by January 2, 2018, considering at least three working days prior to effective date). Further, the notice of change in base TER shall be updated in the aforesaid section of website at least three working days prior to effecting such change.

Provided that any decrease / increased in TER in a mutual fund scheme due to various regulatory requirements, would not require issuance of any prior notice to the investors.'
The above change in the base TER in comparison to previous base TER charged to the scheme shall be intimated to the Board of Directors of AMC along with the rationale recorded in writing. The changes in TER shall also be placed before the Trustees on quarterly basis along with rationale for such changes.

Illustration of Impact of expense ratio on scheme's returns

To see how expense ratios can affect the investments over time, let's compare the returns of several hypothetical investments that differ only in expense ratio. The following table depicts the returns on Rs10, 000 initial investment, assuming an average annualized gain of 10%, with different expense ratios (0.50%, 1%, 1.50%, 2% and 2.2 0%):

		Expenses Ratio			
Year	**10% Gain (Rs)**	**0.50%**	**1.00%**	**1.50%**	**2.00%**
0	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
1	11000.00	10950.00	10900.00	10850.00	10800.00
2	12100.00	11990.50	11881.50	11773.00	11668.00
3	13310.00	13129.00	12951.92	12775.33	12610.00
4	14641.00	14375.00	14116.00	13874.00	13632.00
5	16105.10	15739.00	15386.00	15064.00	14742.00
	Less Received	366.1	719.1	1041.1	1363.1
	Less (Percentage)	2.27	4.47	6.46	8.46

If an investor had invested Rs10,000 in the scheme with a.2. 0% expense ratio, the value of the investment would be Rs 14742 after 5 years. Whereas, if the investor had invested Rs 10,000 in a scheme with 0.50% expense ratio, the investment would be worth Rs 15739 after 5 years.

C. LOAD STRUCTURE

Load is an amount which is paid by the investor to subscribe to the units or to redeem from the scheme. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time.

Equity Schemes

I) Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap) Fund, Taurus Discovery (Midcap) Fund and Taurus Ethical Fund Taurus Infrastructure Fund, Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund and Taurus Largecap Equity Fund ,Taurus Nifty Index Fund :

Investment Amount	Entry Load	Exit Load
Any amount (Including SIP Application)	Nil	1% if exited on or before365 days, Nil if exited after 365 days

Switch : Switch to any other scheme (Debt/Equity) - As applicable in Switch Out (From) Scheme

II) Taurus Tax Shield :

Investment Amount	Entry Load	Exit Load
Any Amount (Including SIP Application)	Nil	Not Applicable (3 years Lockin period)

Switch : Switch to any other scheme (Debt/Equity) after 3yrs- As applicable in Switch Out (From) Scheme

Liquid Scheme

III) Taurus Liquid Fund (Super Institutional) :

Investment Amount	Entry Load	Exit Load
Any amount (Including SIP Application)	Nil	Nil

Switch : Switch to any other scheme (Debt/Equity) - As applicable in Switch Out (From) Scheme

i) W.e.f. May 1, 2019 – The exit load applicability for all Switch transactions has been modified and as such, the Exit load will be applicable for all Switch Out transactions as applicable in the Switch Out (From) scheme

ii) A Switch-Out/Withdrawal under SWP will also attract an exit load like any redemption.

iii) In case of SIP / STP, the above criteria for Exit Load will be applicable for each installment.

iv) Exit load is applicable for all the Plans/Options under the Scheme by applying First in First Out basis

In terms of **SEBI Circular No SEBI/IMD/CIR No.4/168230/09 dated June 30, 2009**, no entry load will be charged with respect to applications for purchase / additional purchase / switch-in accepted by the Fund. Similarly, no entry load will be charged with respect to applications for registrations under systematic investment plans (SIP) / systematic transfer plans (STP) accepted by the Fund.

In terms of **SEBI Circular No. CIR/HO/DF2/CIR/P/2018/137 dated 22.10.2018,** MF/AMC will pay full trail commission in all schemes,

In terms of **SEBI Circular No. CIR/IMD/DF/21/2012 dated 13.09.2012,** with effect from October 01,2012, Exit Load, if any charged to the investor will be credited to the Scheme, net of GST.

In accordance with **SEBI Circular No SEBI/IMD/CIR No.6/172445/2009 dated August 7, 2009** to bring about parity among all class of unit holders, no distinction among unit holders would be made based on the amount of subscription while charging exit loads.

Further in terms of **SEBI Circular No. SEBI/IMD/CIR No.7/173650/2009 dated August 17, 2009**, it shall be ensured that (a) The principle laid down in the SEBI Circular No. SEBI/IMD/CIR No.5/126096/08 dated May 23, 2008 (clause 16 of the standard observation) that "any imposition or enhancement in the load shall be applicable on prospective investments only" shall be followed. (b) The parity among all classes of unit holders in terms of charging exit load shall be made applicable at the portfolio level.

As per **SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 14/120784/08 dated March 18, 2008,** no entry or exit load would be charged on Bonus units and on units allotted on reinvestment of Dividend.

The investor is requested to check the prevailing load structure of the scheme before investing.

For any change in load structure AMC will issue an addendum and display it on the website/Investor Service Centres.

Repurchase Price
The Mutual Fund shall ensure that the repurchase price shall not be lower than 93% of the NAV and the sale price shall not be higher than 107% of the NAV and the difference between the repurchase price and sale price of the units shall not exceed 7% calculated on the sale price as provided under SEBI (MF) Regulations.
The Trustee reserves the right to modify/alter the load structure with prospective effect, subject to the maximum limits as prescribed under the SEBI Regulations. In case of an exit load it may be linked to the period of holding.

At the time of changing the load structure, the AMC shall take the following steps:

Any imposition or enhancement in the load shall be applicable on prospective investments only. However, AMC shall not charge any load on issue of bonus units and units allotted on reinvestment of dividend for existing as well as prospective investors. At the time of changing the load structure, the mutual funds may consider the following measures to avoid complaints from investors about investment in the schemes without knowing the loads:
•The addendum detailing the changes shall be attached to Scheme Information Documents and Key Information Memoranda. The addendum will be circulated to all the distributors/brokers so that the same can be attached to all Scheme Information Documents and Key Information Memoranda already in stock.

•Arrangements shall be made to display the changes/modifications in the Scheme Information Document in the form of a notice in all the ISCs or the AMC.

•The introduction of the exit load/ CDSC along with the details shall be stamped in the acknowledgement slip issued to the investors on submission of the application form and may also be disclosed in the statement of accounts issued after the introduction of such load/CDSC.

•Also be disclosed in the statement of accounts issued after the introduction of such load/CDSC.

- A public notice shall be given in respect of such changes in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated.
- Any other measure which the Fund may feel necessary.

The investor is requested to check the prevailing load structure of the Scheme before investing.

D. WAIVER OF LOAD FOR DIRECT APPLICATIONS:

Pursuant to SEBI Circular no. SEBI/IMD/CIR No.4/168230/09 dated June 30, 2009 no entry load shall be charged for all mutual fund schemes. Therefore, the procedure for waiver of load for direct applications is no longer applicable.

Disclosure of Aggregate Investments in the schemes of Taurus Mutual Fund (as on March 31, 2019)

i. **AMC's Board of Directors –**

Name of Schemes	Amount Invested (Rs)
Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap) Fund	Nil
Taurus Largecap Equity Fund	Nil
Taurus Discovery (Midcap) Fund	39211.49
Taurus Ethical Fund	Nil
Taurus Infrastructure Fund	Nil
Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund	Nil
Taurus Nifty Index Fund	Nil
Taurus Tax Shield Fund	Nil
Taurus Liquid Fund	Nil

ii. Scheme's Fund Managers – NIL

iii. Other Key Managerial Personnel of AMC

Name of Schemes	Amount Invested (Rs)
Taurus Starshare (Multi Cap) Fund	20,690.51
Taurus Largecap Equity Fund	17,631.46
Taurus Discovery (Midcap) Fund	1,30,522.65
Taurus Ethical Fund	39,555.92
Taurus Infrastructure Fund	1,35,894.69
Taurus Banking & Financial Services Fund	2,07,767.78
Taurus Nifty Index Fund	19,561.10
Taurus Tax Shield Fund	21,151.48
Taurus Liquid Fund	NIL-

V. RIGHTS OF UNITHOLDERS

Please refer to SAI for details.

PENALTIES, PENDING LITIGATIONS OR PROCEEDINGS, FINDINGS OF INSPECTIONS OR INVESTIGATIONS FOR WHICH ACTION MAY HAVE BEEN TAKEN OR IN THE PROCESS OF BEING TAKEN BY ANY REGULATORY AUTHORITY

1) All disclosures regarding penalties and action(s) taken against foreign Sponsor(s) may be limited to the jurisdiction of the country where the principal activities (in terms of income / revenue) of the Sponsor(s) are carried out or where the headquarters of the Sponsor(s) is situated. Further, only top 10 monetary penalties during the last three years shall be disclosed. - **Not Applicable**

2) In case of Indian Sponsor(s), details of all monetary penalties imposed and/ or action taken during the last three years or pending with any financial regulatory body or governmental authority, against Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company; for irregularities or for violations in the financial services sector, or for defaults with respect to share holders or debenture holders and depositors, or for economic offences, or for violation of securities law. Details of settlement, if any, arrived at with the aforesaid authorities during the last three years shall also be disclosed. - **None**

3) Details of all enforcement actions taken by SEBI in the last three years and/ or pending with SEBI for the violation of SEBI Act, 1992 and Rules and Regulations framed there under including debarment and/ or suspension and/ or cancellation and/ or imposition of monetary penalty/adjudication/enquiry proceedings, if any, to which the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel (especially the fund managers) of the AMC and Trustee Company were/ are a party. The details of the violation shall also be disclosed. - **None**

4) Any pending material civil or criminal litigation incidental to the business of the Mutual Fund to which the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel are a party should also be disclosed separately.

- ✓ Taurus Investment Trust Company Limited (TITCO) filed litigation at Ahmedabad High Court for recovery of principal amount of Rs.8 crores against M/s. Rinki Petrochemicals & Motorol India Limited, Baroda and its promoters. Accordingly, the Official Liquidator(OL) was appointed by the Ahmedabad High Court for sale of Company's property for recovery and to make payment to various creditors including TITCO.

  At present, Fund has already received major amount, partly from the OL and partly from the promoters of Rinki Petrochemicals & Motorol India Limited. The balance amount of Rs.5.16 lacs is to be recovered from the OL for which matter is being regularly followed up.

5) Any deficiency in the systems and operations of the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees/Trustee Company which SEBI has specifically advised to be disclosed in the SID, or which has been notified by any other regulatory agency, shall be disclosed. - **No such case exists**

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the Guidelines there under shall be applicable.

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of
Taurus Asset Management Company Limited

Sd/-
Waqar Naqvi
Chief Executive Officer

Place: Mumbai
Date: 29/06/2019

OFFICIAL POINTS OF TRANSACTIONS
OFFICES OF TAURUS ASSET MANAGEMENT CO. LTD

• **CHENNAI**: Shop No.1H, First Floor, east Coast Chambers, 92, G.N. Chetty Road, T Nagar, Chennai 600017, Tel: 044-42634538 • **DELHI:** Upper ground floor, Kanchenjunga Building, 18, Barakhamba Road, New Delhi - 110 001. Tel: 011-23321756-631/23717593 • **KOLKATA:** Landmark Building,3B, 3rd Floor, 228A, A.J.C. Bose Road, Kolkata 700 020 Tel: 033-46036132 • **MUMBAI:** AML Center 1, Gr. floor, Mahakali Caves Road, Andheri (E),Mumbai 400 093Tel: 022 - 66242700 • **PUNE:** Shrinath Plaza, Office No 90, 4th Floor, DnyaneshwarPadukaChowk, FC Road, Shivajinagar, Pune - 411004.Pune – 411004 Tel: +91 20-66215712/13

Email: customercare@taurusmutualfund.com • **Website:** www.taurusmutualfund.com
Toll Free No. 1800 108 1111

INVESTOR SERVICE CENTRES OF
Register & Transfer Agent – Karvy Fintech Pvt. Ltd

Agra: Karvy Fintech Private Limited, 1st Floor, Deepak Wasan Plaza, Opp Meghdoot Furniture, Sanjay place Agra 282002. **Ahmedabad:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, 201-202, Shail Building,2nd Floor, Opp Madhusudhan House, Nr. Navrangpura Telephone Exchange, Navrangpura, Ahmedabad - 380 006. **Ajmer:** Karvy Fintech Pvt. Ltd. 302, 3rd Floor, Ajmer Auto Building, Opposite City Power House, Jaipur Road Ajmer - 305 001, Tel. : 0145 - 5120725 **Akola:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited Shop No-30, Ground Floor, Yamuna Tarang Complex, shop No 30, N.H. No.- 06, Murtizapur Road, Akola-444004 Tel: 0724-2451874. **Allahabad:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, RSA Towers, 2nd Floor, Above Sony TV Showroom,57, S P Marg, Civil Lines, Allahabad – 211001. **Ambala:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, 6349, Nicholson Road, Adjacent Kos Hospital, Ambala Cantt, Ambala – 133001. **Amravati:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, Shop No. 21, Gulshan Tower, Near Panchsheel Talkies, Jaistambh Square, Amaravthi - 444601 Tel: 0721-3291081. **Amritsar:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, 72-A, Taylor's Road, Aga Heritage Gandhi Ground, Amritsar – 143001. **Anand:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, B-42 Vaibhav Commercial Center Nr Tvs Down Town Show Room Grid Char Rasta Anand -38. **Asansol:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited,114/71 G T Road Near Sony Center ,Bhanga Pachil Asansol – 713303**. Aurangabad:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, Ramkunj Niwas Railway Station Road Near Osmanpur Circle Aurangabad 431005, **Bangalore:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, No :59 ,Skanda Puttanna Road Basavanagudi Bangalore -560004. **Bareilly:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, 1st Floor, 165, Civil Lines, Opp. Hotel Bareilly Palace, Near Rly Station Road, Bareilly - 243 001, Gujarat, **Baroda:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, 203, Corner Point, Jetalpur Road, Baroda - 390007. **Belgaum:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited CTS No 3939/A2 A1 Above Raymond Show Room beside Harsha Appliances, Club Road, Belgaum – 590001. **Bellary:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, No.1 Khb Colony, Gandhinagar, Bellary - 583101 Tel: 08392-254750. **Bharuch:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, Shop No 147 -148 Aditya complex, Near Kasak Circle, Bharuch – 392001. **Bhavnagar:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, 303, Sterling Point, Waghawadi Road, Bhavnagar -364001,Tel:0278-3003149 . **Bhilai:** Karvy Fintech Private Shop No 1 First Floor Plot No.1 Commercial Complex Nehru Nagar - East Bhillai- 490020, **Bhopal:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, Kay Kay Business Centre,133 Zone I M P Nagar, Bhopal-462021, **Bhubaneswar:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, -A/181 Back side Of shivam Honda Show Room Saheed Nagar Bhubaneshwar - 751007, **Bokaro:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, B-1, 1st Floor, Near Sona Chandi Jewellers, City Centre, Sector - 4, Bokaro Steel City - 827 004 (Jharkhand) Tel: 06542 - 233331/32/30 **Calicut:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, IInd Floor, Sowbhagya Shoping Complex, Mavoor Road, Calicut - 673 004,**Chandigarh:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, Sco-2423-2424, Sector 22 - C,Chandigarh - 160022, **Chennai (Egmore):** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, Flat No F11, First Floor, Akshya Plaza (Erstwhile Harris Road), Opp. Chief City Metropolitan Court,# 108,Adhithanar Salai, Egmore, Chennai - 600 002. **Chennai (TNagar):** No. 22, G 1 Swathi Court, Vijayaraghava Road, T Nagar, Chennai – 600017, Telephone: 044 – 28151034. **Cochin:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, Building Nos.39, Ali Arcade ,1st floor, Near Atlantis Junction, Kizhvana Road, Panampili Nagar, Cochin - 682 036, Tel: 0484-4025059 **Coimbatore:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, 1057/1058, Jaya Enclave, Avanashi Road, Coimbatore - 641018, Tel: 0422 - 438 4770, **Cuttack:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, PO Buxi Opp. Dargha Bazar Police Station, Buxibazar, Cuttack - 753001, **Dehradun:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, Kaulagarh Road, Near Sirmaur Marg, Above Reliance Webworld, Dehradun - 248 001, **Dhanbad:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, 208, New Market, 2Nd Floor, Katras Road, Bank More, Dhanbad - 826001, **Durgapur:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, MWAV-16 Bengal Ambuja, 2nd Floor City Centre, 16 DT Burdwan Durgapur - 713216, **Faridabad:** Karvy Fintech Pvt. Ltd. A-2B, 1st Floor, Nehru Ground, Neelam Bata Road, Nit, Faridabad - 121 001 **Ghaziabad:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, 1st Floor, C-7, Lohia Nagar, Ghaziabad - 201 001, **Gorakpur:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, Above V.I.P. House, Adjacent A.D. Girls Inter College, Bank Road, Gorakpur - 273 001 **Gurgaon:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, Shop No. 18, Ground Floor, Sector - 14, Opp. AKD Tower, Near Huda Office, Gurgaon - 122001,**Guwahati:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, 1st Floor, Bajrangbali Building, Near Bora Service Station, GS Road, Guwahati – 781007 Tel. : 088110 36746, **Gwalior:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, 2nd Floor, Rajeev Plaza, Jayendra Ganj, Lashkar, Gwalior - 474009 Tel: 9300004262 **Hissar:** Karvy Fintech Pvt. Ltd. SCO 71, 1st Floor, Red Square Market, Hissar - 125001 **Hubli:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, 22nd & 23rd , 3rd Floor, Eureka Junction, Travellers Bunglow, Hubli - 580029 Tel: 0836-2252444,**Hyderabad:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, Karvy Centre, 8-2-609 / K, Avenue 4, Street No.1, Banjara Hills Hyderabad - 500 034Tel: 040 - 6740 6120 / 040-6740 6121. **Hyderabad (Telangana):** Karvy Selenium. Plot No. 31 & 32, Tower B, survey No. 115/22,115/24 & 115/25, Financial District, Gachibowli, Nanakramguda, Serilingampally Mandal, Hyderabad 500032, Ranga Reddy District, Telangana, Tel: 040-33215121/22/23. **Indore:**Karvy Fintech Pvt. Ltd. 2nd floor, 203-205 Balaji Corporates, Above ICICI bank, 19/1 New Palasia, NearCurewell Hospital, Janjeerwala Square, Indore - 452001 Tel: 0731-4266828, **Jabalpur:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited,Grover Chamber, 3rd Floor, R.R. Tower, 5 Lajpatkunj, Near Tayabali Petrol Pump, Jabalpur (M.P.) - 482002 Tel: 0761-4923301 **Jaipur:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, S-16 A, 3rd Floor, Land Mark, Opposite Jaipur Club, Mahavir Marg, C- Scheme, Jaipur - 302 001**, Jalandhar:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, 1st Floor, Shanti Towers, Sco No. 37, Puda Complex, Opposite Tehsil Complex, Jalandhar –144001 Tel: 0181 - 5094410**, Jamshedpur:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, 2nd Floor, R R Square, SB Shop Area, Near Reliance Foot Print & Hotel- Bs Park Plaza, Main Road, Bistupur, Jamshedpur -831001 Tel: 0657-6655000 **Jammu:** Karvy Fintech Pvt. Ltd. Gupta's Tower, 2nd Floor, CB-12, Rail Head Complex, Jammu - 180012 **Jaunpur:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, R N Complex, 1-1-9-G (In Front of Pathak Honda), Ummarpur, Jaunpur-222 002, **Jodhpur:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, 203, Modi Arcade, Chupasni Road, Jodhpur - 342 001, **Kanpur:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited,15/46, Opp Muir Mills, Civil Lines, Kanpur - 208001, **Karnal:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited 18/369, Char Chaman Kunjpura Road Behind Miglani Hospital Karnal- 132001Tel :- 0184-2252524. **Kolhapur:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, 605/1/4 E ward, Shahupari,2nd Lane Laxmi Niwas Near Sultan chambers Kolhapur -416001 **Kolkata:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, Apeejay House (Beside Park Hotel), 15 Park Street, C Block, 3rd Floor, Kolkata-700016, Tel: 033-66285900, **Kota:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited H.No. 29, First Floor, Near Lala Lajpat Rai Circle Shopping Centre, Kota, Rajasthan - 324007 Tel: 0744-2366145 **Kottayam:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, 1stFloor Csiascens square Railway station Collectorate Kottayam - 686 002,**Lucknow:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, 1st Floor, A A Complex, Thaper House, 5 Park Road, Hazratganj, Lucknow –226001 Tel: 93699 18600, **Ludhiana:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited,Sco-136, Bawa Building, Feroze Gandhi Market, Ludhiana - 141001, **Madurai:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, Rakesh Towers, 30-C, Bye Pass Road, 1st Floor, Opp Nagappa Motors, Madurai - 625010 **Mallapuram:** First Floor Cholakkal Building, Near A U P School, Up Hill, Malappuram Kerala - 676505 Tel: 0483-2731480 **Mangalore:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited,

Mahendra Arcade Opp Court Road Karangal Padi Mangalore - 575 003**, Margao:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, 2nd Floor, Dalal Commercial Complex, Opp Hari Mandir, Pajifond, Margao - Goa -403601**, Mathura:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, Ambey Crown, IInd Floor, In Front of BSA College, Gaushala Road, Mathura - 281001, Tel: +91 93699 18618, **Meerut:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, 1st Floor, Medi Centre Complex, Opp. ICICI Bank, Hapur Road, Meerut - 250 002 **Mehsana:** Ul - 47, Appolo Enclave, Opp Simandhar Temple, Modhera Char Rasta, Highway, Mehsana -384002 Tel: 2762 242950 **Moradabad:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, Om Arcade, Parker Road, Above Syndicate Bank, Tari Khana Chowk, Moradabad - 244 001, **Mumbai:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, Office No.: 01/04, 24/B, Raja Bahadur Compound, Ambalal Doshi Marg, Behind Bombay Stock Exchange, Fort, Mumbai - 400001 Tel: +91 022 – 66235353; Karvy Fintech Pvt Ltd, 104, Sangam Arcade , V P Road, Opp Railway Staion, Above Axis Bank ATM, Vile Parle (West) Mumbai 400056 , **Muzaffarpur:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, First Floor, Shukla Complex, Near ICICI Bank, Civil Court Branch, Company Bagh, Muzaffarpur-842001, **Mysore:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, L - 350 , Silver Tower , Clock Tower, Ashoka Road, Mysore - 570 001, **Nagpur:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, Plot No.2/1, House No. 102/1, Mangaldeep Apartment, Mata Mandir Road, Opp. Khandelwal Jewellers, Dharampeth, Nagpur -440010, Tel: 0712-6610513/ 09371160726, **Nasik:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, S-12, Second Floor, Suyojit Sankul, Sharanpur Road, Nasik - 422 002, **Navsari:** 1st Floor, Chinmay Arcade, Opp. Sattapir, Tower Road, Navsari - 396 445 Tel: 02637-280367 **New Delhi:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, -305 New Delhi House 27 Barakhamba Road ,New Delhi -110001 **Noida:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, 405,4th Floor, Vishal Chamber, Plot No. 1,Sector-18, Noida –201301 (U.P.) Tel: 093104 48805, **Palghat:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited 12/310, (No.20 & 21), Metro Complex, Head Post Office Road, Sultanpet, Palghat - 678001 Tel: 491 6061110. **Panaji (Panjim):**Karvy Fintech Private Limited, Flat No. 1-A, H. No. 13/70, Timotio Bldg, Heliodoro Salgado Road, Next to Navhind Bhavan (Market Area), Panaji, Goa-403001Tel No:- 0832-2426873/74. **Panipat:** JAVA Complex, 1st Floor, Above Vijaya Bank, G T Road, Panipat - 132103, Tel: 9315017304. **Patiala:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, Sco 27 D, Chhoti Baradari, Patiala - 147 001, **Patna:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited,3A 3rd Floor Anand Tower Exhibition Road Opp ICICI Bank Patna - 800001. **Pondicherry:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, First Floor, No.7, Thiayagaraja Street, Pondicherry - 605 001, **Pune:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, Mozaic Bldg, CTS No.1216/1, Final Plot No.576/1 TP, Scheme No.1, F C Road, Bhamburda, Shivaji Nagar, Pune - 411004 Tel: 020-66496700 / 020-66496701. **Raipur:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, Shop No.31 Third Floor, Millennium Plaza Above Indian House, Behind Indian Coffee House, Road, Raipur - 492 001, **Rajkot:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited,104, Siddhi Vinayak Complex, Dr Yagnik Road, Opp Ramkrishna Ashram, Rajkot - 360 001, **Ranchi:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, Commerce Towers, 3Rd Floor, Room No. 307,Beside Mahabir Towers, Main Road, Ranchi - 834 001, **Renukeet:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, Shop No. 18, Near Complex, Birla Market, Renukeet - 231217 **Rohtak:** 1st Floor, Ashoka Plaza, Delhi Road, Rohtak - 124001 , Tel: 9315017305 **Rourkela:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited,1st Floor, Sandhu Complex, Kanchery Road, Udit Nagar, Rourkela - 769 012, **Salem:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, NO 3/250 "F" Brindvan Road 6th Cross,Perumal kovil backside Fairland's, Salem – 636016. **Shimla:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited**,** Triveni Building By Pas Chowk, Khallini, Shimla - 171 002, Tel: 9318644501 Siliguri: Karvy Fintech Private Limited, Nanak Complex, Near Church Road,Sevoke Road, Siliguri - 734001, **Surat:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, G-5 Empire State Building, Nr Udhna Darwaja, Ring Road, Surat-395009, **Tirupati:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, H.No:10-13-425, 1st Floor, Tilak Road, Opp: Sridevi Complex, Tirupati - 517501 Tel: 0877 - 6544567 **Trichur:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, 2nd Floor, Brother's Complex, Near Dhana Laxmi Bank Head Office, Naikkanal Junction, Trichur - 680 001, **Trichy:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited,60 Srikrishna Arcade, 1st Floor, Thennur High Road, Trichy - 621 017, **Trivandrum:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, 2nd Floor, Akshaya Towers, Sasthamangalam, Trivandrum - 695 010, **Udaipur:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited,201-202, Madhav Chambers, Opp. G.P.O, Chetak Circle, Madhuban, Udaipur-313001, **Valsad:** Shop No 2, Phiroza Corner, Opp Next Showroom, Tithal Road Valsad - 396001 Tel: 02632-258481 **Vapi:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited Shop No-12 Ground Floor Sheetal Apartment Near K P Tower Vapi -396195 **Varanasi:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, D-64/132,KA 1st Floor, Anant Complex, Sigra, Varanasi - 221 010, **Vellore:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, No. 6 Nexus Towers, 2nd Floor, Officer's Line, Above Peter England & Bata Showroom, Opp. To Vorhees School, Vellore - 632001, **Vijayawada:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited, 39-10-7 Opp Municipal Water Tank, Labbipet, Vijayawada - 520 010, **Visakhapatnam:** Karvy Fintech Private Limited,47-14-5/1 Eswar Paradise, Dwaraka Nagar, Main Road, Visakhapatnam - 530 016 **Yamuna Nagar:** Jagdhari Road, Above UCO Bank, Near D.A.V. Girls College , Yamuna Nagar - 135 001 Tel: 9315017306

In addition to the existing Official Point of Acceptance of transactions, authorized Points of Service (POS) of MF Utilities India Private Limited (MFUI) shall be an official point of acceptance for all financial and non- financial transactions. The updated list of POS of MFUI is available on www.mfuindia.com. The online transaction portal of MFU is www.mfuonline.com. Further, Investors can also subscribe units of the Scheme during the NFO Period by availing the platforms/facilities made available by the Stock Exchanges

Mutual Fund Investments are subject to market risks, read all Scheme related Documents carefully.

TAURUS
Mutual Fund

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CIN: U67190MH1993PLC073154

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